# **DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS**

# Installation and Parts & Service Manual RW-1013 & RW-1013HD



February 2009

# NOTE:

Please refer to the serial numbers when ordering parts or inquiring about warranty items.

DMF • 665 Pylant Street • Atlanta, Georgia 30306
Parts (404) 607-1684• Parts Fax (404) 879-7888• parts@dmfatlanta.com
Service Department (404) 879-7882• service@dmfatlanta.com
Phone (404) 875-1512 • Fax (404) 875-4835• info@dmfatlanta.com
http://www.dmfatlanta.com

# **PREFACE**

# Message from DMF

Thank you for choosing DMF Railgear. We make every effort to provide quality, safe and rugged products for the railroad. We hope you'll find our gear to be satisfactory in every way. We take product support very seriously, so if you have any questions, please contact us.

Manuals, service bulletins and general information are available on our website listed below.

Contact:

Diversified Metal Fabricators 665 Pylant St. NE Atlanta, GA 30306 (404) 875-1512 (404) 875-4835 Fax (404) 607-1684 Parts www.dmfatlanta.com info@dmfatlanta.com

Ship to:

668 Drewry St. NE Atlanta, GA 30306

#### How to use this manual

Please read this manual carefully. If you are an operator, you need to concentrate on the operation & maintenance section. Installers and Up-fitters should become familiar with the entire manual, paying special attention to the "Installation Sheet" that corresponds to your specific chassis. The current installation sheets are found in 5.1.

If you are reading this to learn more about our railgear, you'll want to start with the section on Specifying a Truck, Operations and then look through the remaining material.

If you find anything missing, incorrect or unclear in this manual, please contact us. We are always trying to improve our manuals.

We reserve the right to update our manuals without notice. You can download a current manual at our website listed above.

# 1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1.0 General Information

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#### 1.1 General Description

DMF RW-1013 Railgear is designed for vehicles in the 6400 to 9900 GVWR range. It is applicable to many Pick-up Trucks, Cab & Chassis, and SUV's in this range. It is not intended for vehicles with dual rear wheels.

RW-1013 Railgear does not provide braking or drive power. Unlike most of our larger models, RW-1013 does not lift the steering axle. All vehicle tires are in contact with the rail. Many vehicles require alternate wheels and tires to properly track the rail. DMF provides Wheel Modification Kits for use on standard gage rail where necessary for supported chassis. These kits can include rims, wheel adapters, wheel spacers, steering stops, steering wheel locks and wheel hardware.

The railgear is hydraulically actuated and is over-center when in the rail position. This prevents a hydraulic leak from allowing the gear to collapse. In the highway position, the railgear prevented from falling from the highway position as a result of a hydraulic leak by hydraulic locking valves integrated into the actuator. The system includes a hand pump to allow the gear to be stowed in the case of an electrical or hydraulic failure.

RW-1013 Railgear incorporates independent rubber torsion suspensions to provide a smooth ride and rail guidance over uneven track surfaces. We offer both steel and rubber treaded guide wheels.

RW-1013HD is a variant intended for vehicles with GVWR of 9900 to 11,500 lbs. RW-1013 make use of a heavier torsion suspension and uses a cylinder in the rear in place of the rear rotary actuator.



Figure 1: '03 GM/Chevy C25HD w/ RW-1013 Installed

# 1.2 Currently Approved Chassis

#### 1.2.1 Chevy/GM

C2500HD Pick-up (preferred to C2500)
C25HD Cab & Chassis
C3500 (Single Rear Wheels Only)
C2500
C2500 Suburban

#### 1.2.2 Ford

'99-'04	F2/350 Pick-up (Single Rear Wheels only)
'99-'04	F350 Cab & Chassis (Single Rear Wheels only)
'05-'08	F2/350 Pick-up (Single Rear Wheels only)
'05-'08	F350 Cab & Chassis (Single Rear Wheels only)

#### 1.2.3 Dodge

'98-'03	Durango* (4x4 recommended**)
'04-'08	Durango* (4x4 recommended**)
'97-'05	Dakota* (4x4 recommended**)
'05-'08	Dakota* (4x4 recommended**)

<sup>\*</sup> Does not require a Wheel Modification Kit

<sup>\*\* 4</sup>x2 models have marginal ground clearance

#### 1.3 Specification Considerations

There are many things to consider when specifying a vehicle for use with railgear. Attention to these factors during specification will prevent confusion, delay and expense during the install. It also will often result in a better truck for the operator.

#### 1.3.1 Rail Gage / Wheel Track

Probably the biggest factor determining the suitability of a chassis for use on the rail is the vehicle's track relative to the rail gage. Wheel track is defined as the center-to-center distance between the tires on the same axle on steering and single wheel rear axles. Full-sized Pickups and SUVs nearly always require a Wheel Modification Kit to narrow the vehicle track to fit on the rail. Some vehicles, like the '98-'03 Durango/Dakota are just right from the factory and do not require a Wheel Modification Kit. We provide Wheel Modification Kits as required for approved chassis for standard gage (56.5"). If you require a wide gage (or other) solution, please contact us.

#### 1.3.2 Body Requirements

If a body is to be mounted, look at the body clearance diagram in the install section. Most chassis require replacement or modification of the factory front bumper. Occasionally modifications to the rear wheelhouse are required.

#### 1.3.3 Rail Curvature

RW-1013 Railgear has excellent curvature performance due to the close spacing of the guide-wheels to the vehicle tires. All curves should be taken at reduced speed. Curves in excess of 18 degrees (<320' Radius) should be taken at a further reduced speed. We recommend Steel Wheels for customers with curves in excess of 24 degrees (<240' Radius). Customers with curvature under 120' Radius should contact us for curvature analysis and special instructions.

#### 1.3.4 Rail Clearance

Any special clearance requirements such as third rail clearance, catenary clearance, and platform clearance should be investigated before ordering the chassis or railgear. Obtain a static and dynamic clearance envelope drawing for your rail. You need to know the limiting curvature for your rail.

#### 1.3.5 Equipment

The weight, stability requirements and location of any additional truck equipment must be accounted for. This allows the suspension settings and alignment to be done more accurately. If equipment is to be added later, provide the installer with the weight and location to allow for proper set up. After any change in equipment or operating payload the vehicle should have the rail pressure checked and re-set prior to use.

#### 1.3.6 Railgear Weight

The installed weight of the rail gear must be considered.

Typical installed weights are:

Front: 293 lbs Rear: 354 lbs (RW-1013)

#### 1.3.7 Railgear Options

You need to know what options you require such as:

Rail Sweeps (typical)

In-Cab controls (typical)

Steel vs. Rubber Rail Wheels
Locking Valves

# 1.4 Questions Installers Should Ask

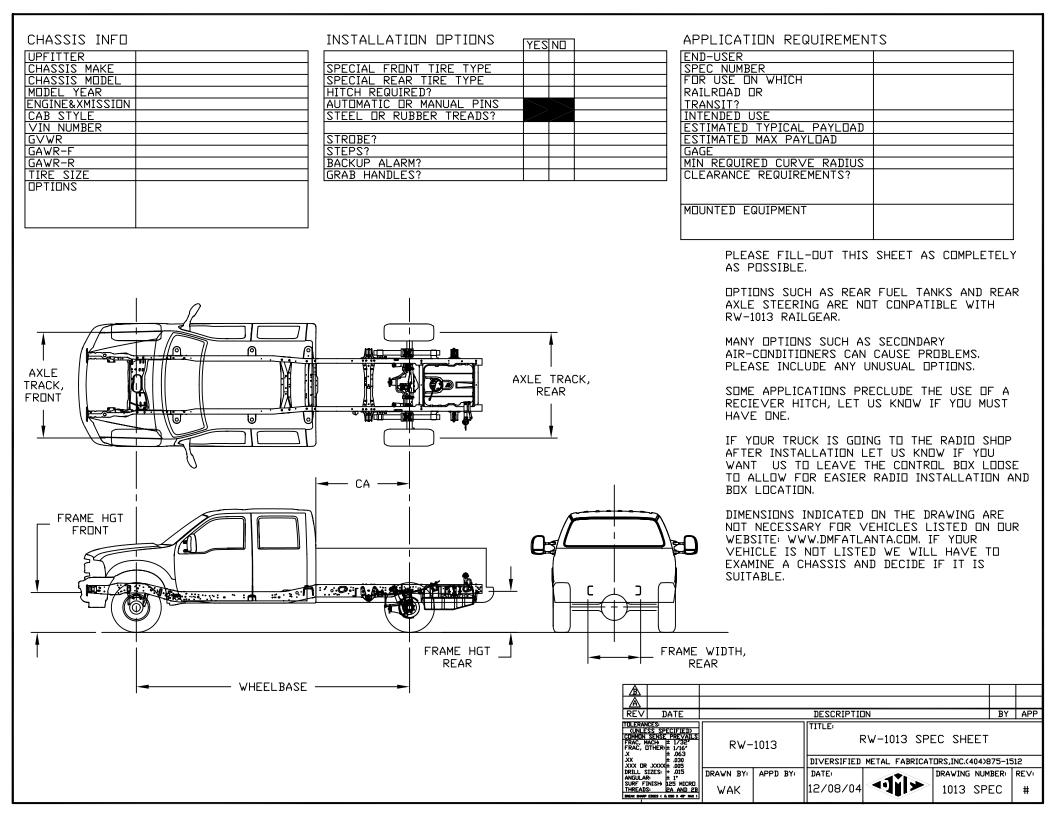
- What is this vehicle to be used for?
- What types of tires are required? Highway fronts, Mud & Snow on rear?
- Does the customer specify a particular brand of tires?
- Is any equipment to be added to the truck after railgear installation?
  - o Where is it going and how much does it weigh?
- Are there any restrictions on the location of the switchbox in the cab?
- Is the installer responsible for exhaust modifications?
- Is the installer responsible for a spare tire carrier?

# 1.5 Chassis Spec Sheets

Please complete the following Chassis Spec Sheet and include with any orders.

# 1.6 Drawings and Illustrations

1.6.1 RW-1013 Chassis Spec Sheet



# 2.0 OPERATIONS

#### 2.0 OPERATIONS

- 2.1 Familiarize yourself with the railgear
- 2.2 Operation on the Road
  - 2.2.1 Highway Locking System
  - 2.2.2 Reduced Turning Radius
  - 2.2.3 Clearances & Approach Angles
  - 2.2.4 Highway Speeds
- 2.3 Operation on the Rail
  - 2.3.1 Getting on the Rail
  - 2.3.2 On the Track
  - 2.3.3 Getting off the Rail
- 2.4 Attached Drawings
  - 2.4.1 501737 Emergency Pump Operations Single Pump Manifold (2008 to present)
  - 2.4.2 Emergency Pump Operations Dual Pump (pre 2008)

# 2.1 Familiarize yourself with the railgear

You should read the entire Operation section. You should know where the following item/parts are:

- Emergency Pump
- Emergency Pump Fittings
- Cab Switches

- Exterior/Bumper Switches
- Hydraulic Reservoir

# 2.2 Operation on the Road

If you operate a vehicle modified for on-track use, you need to keep in mind several factors:

#### 2.2.1 Highway Locking System

DMF now offers a pilot-operated check valve locking system to restrain the railgear in the highway position. This system will reduce maintenance and improve reliability. The locking valves are integrated in to the rotary actuator on 2008 units and located on the lift port of the hydraulically tight rotary actuator on older systems.

The original pin-off system is still offered to those who require it. The pin-off system prevents hydraulic leak-down or a leaky connection or hose from allowing you gear to move from the stowed position. The operator should verify that the railgear is pinned off properly before driving on the road.

If you have a problem with your locking valves or pin-off system, chain or strap the gear in the stowed position in order to move the vehicle on the road. You should have the vehicle serviced as soon as possible.

#### 2.2.2 Reduced Turning Radius

Vehicles with Wheel Modification Kits typically have reduced steering angles. Operator should familiarize themselves with the turning limitations.

Any noise occurring when the wheel is turned to the limit may indicate a problem with your steering stops. Have them checked if necessary.

#### 2.2.3 Clearances & Approach Angles

The installation of railgear typically reduces the ground clearance & approach angle in the front and back. In some installations, the guide-wheels extend slightly beyond the corners of the front bumper.

#### 2.2.4 Highway Speeds

Vehicles with Wheel Modification Kits should not exceed the wheel or tire ratings. Current wheel kits provided by DMF are rated for 70 or 65 mph. The operator is responsible for maintaining lug nut torque. Lug nut torque must be checked according to section 3.2 (Wheel Modification Kit – Inspection & Maintenance). Operators should have or have access to a torque wrench.

# 2.3 Operation on the Rail

#### 2.3.1 Getting on the Rail

- 1. At the track crossing, drive past the track and then back the vehicle onto the rails, centering rear tires on the track.
- 2. Enable "Guidewheel Power Switch" in cab.
- 3. Engage the truck's parking brake to prevent the truck from rolling.
- 4. Retract and lock front and rear manual pin-offs. Electric pin-offs retract automatically (if equipped with pins).

#### Lower Rear Guidewheels first:

(Note: Front/Rear Guidewheels cannot be actuated simultaneously)

- 5. Raise or "top-out" rear railgear to free pins (if equipped with pins).
- 6. Using electric switch at rear bumper, lower Guidewheels within 2-3 inches of railhead.
- 7. Verify alignment with rail, move truck to adjust if necessary.
- 8. Using electric switch at rear bumper, deploy rear wheels fully and properly engage the rail. The Guidewheels are an over center design and do not require pin-offs in the rail position.

#### Engage Guidewheels:

(Note: Front/Rear Guidewheels cannot be actuated simultaneously)

- 9. Raise or "top-out" rear railgear to free pins (if equipped with pins).
- 10. Using electric switch at rear bumper, lower Guidewheels within 2-3 inches of railhead.
- 11. Verify alignment with rail, move truck to adjust if necessary.
- 12. Using electric switch at rear bumper, deploy rear wheels fully and properly engage the rail. The Guidewheels are an over-center design and do not require pin-offs in the rail position.
- 13. Double check all flanges to assure that they are properly engaged with the rail.
- 14. Engage steering wheel lock and verify its proper function.
- 15. Turn off "Guidewheel Power" switch in cab.
- 16. Drive back and forth to assure flange engagement.

#### 2.3.2 On the Track

- 1. Recommendations given here are for welded rail in good condition. Jointed rail or rail in poor condition, require further reductions in speed and additional caution.
- 2. Do not exceed 40 MPH while on the track.
- 3. All railroad speed rules should be observed.
- 4. Operator is responsible for determining Safe speed.
- 5. Be aware that RW-1013 rail gear is typically insulated, and may not operate the crossing gate circuits unless it is equipped with a shunt kit. DMF can provide supplementary insulation kits if more stringent insulation methods are required.
- 6. Reduce speed at all crossings, curves, switches and frogs.
- 7. Spring frogs should be taken at walking speed or less. If a passenger is available, it is advisable to have someone monitor progress of guide-wheel through the spring frog.
- 8. Tight curves (>18deg or <320' R) should be taken at less than 15 mph.
- 9. Extremely tight curves should be taken at walking speed with a person monitoring guide-wheel progress and vehicle tire coverage.
- 10. Braking distance is increased on the track. Do not slide tires or guide-wheels on the tracks. Braking distance is further reduced in wet or icy conditions.
- 11. Monitor track condition and look for obstacles on, above and near the track. Even small obstacles should be removed before proceeding.

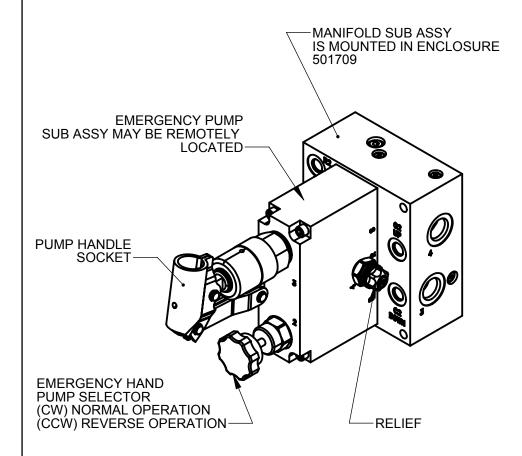
- 12. Monitor the engine temperature gage when reversing for long distances. Extended operation in reverse may cause overheating.
- 13. Do not exceed the maximum rated capacity of the equipment.
- 14. Do not attach tow straps or other equipment to the railgear.

#### 2.3.3 Getting off the Rail

- 1. Drive vehicle to road crossing.
- 2. Enable "Guidewheel Power Switch" in cab.
- 3. Either front or rear wheels may be actuated first. (Note: Front/Rear Guide wheels cannot be actuated simultaneously)
- 4. Front Guidewheels:
  - a. Retract front rail wheels completely using switch in cab or at front bumper.
  - b. Once retracted, engage and lock manual pin-offs. Electric pin-offs engage automatically.
- 5. Rear Guidewheels:
  - a. Retract front rail wheels completely using switch in cab or at rear bumper.
  - b. Once retracted, engage and lock manual pin-offs. Electric pin-offs engage automatically.
- 6. Disengage Steering Wheel Lock.
- 7. Drive vehicle off of crossing onto road surface.
- 8. Verify proper Pin-off operation.

# 2.4 Attached Drawings

- 2.4.1 501737 Emergency Pump Operations Single Pump Manifold (2008 to present)
- 2.4.2 Emergency Pump Operations Dual Pump (pre 2008)



501737 RW-1013 MANIFOLD & EMERGENCY PUMP ASSY

#### **EMERGENCY HAND PUMP OPERATION**

#### TO RAISE GEAR

- 1. TURN OFF RAILGEAR SYSTEM AT CAB POWER SWITCH
- LOCATE HAND PUMP

#### MAY BE MOUNTED:

- IN CROSS BODY TOOL BOX
- IN SERVICE BODY CABINETS
- REMOTELY MOUNTED ON OR BEHIND BUMPER
- 3. DO NOT INSERT HANDLE INTO SOCKET UNTIL STEP 7
  HANDLE MAY MOVE DURING STEP 6
- 4. TURN SELECTOR FULLY CLOCKWISE (CW)
- 5. OPEN RELIEF (CCW) TO EQUALIZE CIRCUÍT
- 6. CLOSE RELIEF (CW)
- INSERT HANDLÈ
- B. PUMP HANDLE (PUMPS ON UP AND DOWN STROKE)

# FRONT AND REAR RAILGEAR MAY NOT MOVE TOGETHER, PUMP UNTIL BOTH UNITS ARE STOWED

- 9. WHEN RAIL GEAR IS RAISED COMPLETELY RESTRAIN WITH CHAINS OR CARGO STRAPS TO MOVE ON HIGHWAY
- TAKE VEHICLE IN FOR SERVICE

#### NOTE:

HAND PUMP IS INTENDED ONLY TO ALLOW A MALFUNCTIONING VEHICLE TO BE REMOVED FROM THE RAIL. PLEASE TAKE VEHICLE IN FOR SERVICE IF HAND PUMP OPERATION IS REQUIRED.

B								
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REV	DATE			DESCRIPTION			BY	APP
FRAC, MACH FRAC, OTHER .X .XX	± 1/32* ± 1/16" ± .063 ± .030	RW-	1013	EMERGENCY HAND PUMP INSTRUC 2008 to present			CTION	IS
.XXX DRILL SIZES: ANGULAR: SURF FINISH: THREADS:	± .005 + .015 ± 1° 125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE: 9/04/08		DRAWING NUMBI 501737	ER:	REV:

# 2.4.2 Emergency Hand Pump Instructions – 2 Pump systems

The emergency pump is provided to allow a malfunctioning vehicle to be removed from the rail in the event of an electrical fault or pump failure.

#### **Safety Notes**

- When raising gear and holding the pins, careful of pinch points!
- If pump relief opened while gear is raised, the gear will fall. Do not get between rail gear and ground!
- Do not drive vehicle at normal highway speeds if rail gear is not restrained by the safety pins or chained up!
- If railgear is chained up, and not fully stowed, be aware of your ground clearance!

#### Clearing the rail in the event of an electrical failure

- 1. Proceed to a level crossing.
- 2. Place vehicle in park w/ parking brake on, railgear power off.
- 3. Get emergency pump (usually in tool box or behind seat).
- 4. Open relief on pump (thumbscrew).

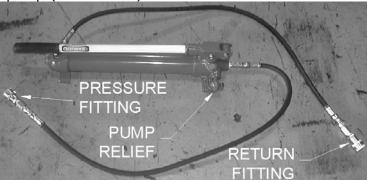


Figure 1: Emergency Pump

- 5. Screw both pump hoses into quick-connect fittings at front railgear. The pump's pressure side should go into the fitting on the right.
- 6. Close pump relief (thumbscrew).
- 7. Operate hand pump until rail wheels are well clear of rail but do not raise gear to stowed position. This can damage the automatic safety pins.
- 8. Stow & restrain railgear.
  - a. If automatic safety pins are functional, use bumper switch to retract pins while hand pumping railgear to stops (turn on rail gear power).
  - b. If automatic safety pins are not working, use a tool (screw driver or hammer handle etc.) to hold back pin while pumping gear to stops (be careful of pinch points).
  - c. If automatic safety pins are not working or pins are damaged, chain or tie gear up.
- 9. Disconnect pump at quick connect fittings.
- 10. Repeat for rear railgear.
- 11. Once retracted and retrained vehicle can be moved for service.

# 3.0 Maintenance & Inspection

#### 3.0 Maintenance & Inspection

- 3.1 Recommended Maintenance & Inspection Frequency
  - 3.1.1 Daily Maintenance
  - 3.1.2 Weekly Maintenance
  - 3.1.3 Bi-Annually Maintenance or as required
  - 3.1.4 Annual Maintenance or as required
  - 3.1.5 Lubricant & Fluids Specs
- 3.2 Wheel Modification Kit Inspection & Maintenance
  - 3.2.1 Wheel Mod Kits
  - 3.2.2 General Maintenance Requirements: (superseded by Wheel Kit Manuals)
  - 3.2.3 Warnings!
  - 3.2.4 Balance & Rotation
- 3.3 Derailment
  - 3.3.1 Troubleshooting On-track Problems
- 3.4 Rail Pressure
  - 3.4.1 When to check your rail pressure
  - 3.4.2 Adjustments
  - 3.4.3 Checking Rail pressure
  - 3.4.4 Setting Pressure by Scale or Jack
- 3.5 Alignment
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  - 3.5.2 Alignment Method #1
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  - 3.5.4 Rail Test after Alignment
  - 3.5.5 Alignment Diagram Method #1
  - 3.5.6 Alignment Diagram Method #2
  - 3.5.7 Alignment Troubleshooting

#### 3.1 Recommended Maintenance & Inspection Frequency

If your hi-rail vehicle is high-use or operated under extreme conditions, such as material handlers or weed-spraying vehicles, or such as operating in mountainous regions or extreme temperatures, the levels of inspections listed below may need to be performed more frequently than stated.

The following are instructions for routine inspections recommended by Diversified Metal Fabricators. In some circumstances, government or corporate regulations may require additional inspections be performed. Please ensure that you are aware of any inspection requirements that pertain to your rail gear and that you abide by all local and national laws regarding rail gear maintenance and safety.

#### 3.1.1 Daily Maintenance

- Visually inspect for hydraulic leaks.
- Verify that railgear has not leaked down from highway position.
- Check hydraulic fluid level under the hood.
- Verify that all threaded fasteners are secure.
- Spin all four guide-wheels, noting and bearing noise or resistance.
- Inspect the general condition of guide-wheels.
- Inspect the condition of tires and rims.
- Check air pressure in tire and inflate to max tire rating.

#### 3.1.2 Weekly Maintenance

In addition to the items listed in 3.1.1 Daily Maintenance perform the following:

- Lubricate front & rear pin-off assemblies with a light lubricant (WD-40, Tri-Flow etc.).
- Inspect guide-wheel flange wear. Uneven or excessive wear may indicate alignment or rail pressure problem. (See Alignment section on pg. 9 or the Rail Pressure section on pg. 5.)
- Inspect condition of rubber or steel guide-wheel treads.
- Visually inspect wheels & tires. (See the Wheel Modification Kit Inspection & Maintenance section on page 3.)
- Verify that ABS sensor wires and brake lines are restrained and not contacting the rims.

#### 3.1.3 Bi-Annually Maintenance or as required

In addition to the items listed in 3.1.1 Daily Maintenance and 3.1.2 Weekly Maintenance perform the following:

• Inspect bearing grease and replenish as necessary. Repack if bearing grease has deteriorated. Replace hubcap with a bead of silicone gasket material. If parts appear worn or damaged, replace and repack as shown in Section 5 (5.2.4 & 5.2.5)

#### 3.1.4 Annual Maintenance or as required

In addition to the items listed in 3.1.1 Daily Maintenance, 3.1.2 Weekly Maintenance and 3.1.3 Bi-annual Maintenance perform the following:

• Disassemble, inspect repack and reassemble Rail Wheel Bearings as shown in Section 5 (5.2.4 & 5.2.5).

#### 3.1.5 Lubricant & Fluids Specs

Pin-off lubricant: Light Lubricant (WD-40, Tri-Flow etc.)

Hydraulic Fluid: DEXRON III ATF (or equal)

Rail wheel Bearing Grease: Quaker State Lithium EP#2 (or equal)

# 3.2 Wheel Modification Kit - Inspection & Maintenance

#### 3.2.1 Wheel Mod Kits

DMF offers wheel kits match to specific vehicles. Wheel kits are supplied with instructions for installation and service.

There are two main categories of wheel kits:

#### Custom Wheels Kits:

Wheels specifically designed to adapt a specific chassis for on-rail use.

#### Adapter Wheels Kits:

Adapters allow specific aftermarket wheels to adapt a specific chassis for on-rail use.

#### 3.2.2 General Maintenance Requirements: (superseded by Wheel Kit Manuals)

- Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.).
- After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months.

#### 3.2.3 Warnings!

- Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications. Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatigue and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

#### 3.2.4 Balance & Rotation

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer. Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions. Rims provided by DMF are "low point marked" which can be useful for customers who can get run-out marked tires (National Accounts/OEM).

# 3.3 Derailment

In the case of a derailment, the cause of the derailment should be determined and corrective steps taken. The vehicle should be inspected to determine if repairs or adjustments are required. Severe derailments can bend suspension arms and shift the suspensions requiring a complete alignment. (See the Alignment section on page 9.)

If there is no apparent cause for derailment, the vehicle probably has an alignment problem or rail-pressure problem. (See the Rail Pressure section on page 5 and the Alignment section on page 9.)

#### 3.3.1 Troubleshooting On-track Problems

Symptom	Possible Cause	Diagnostic Step	Corrective Action
Rail wheel vibration/ noise	Rubber tread run-out	Inspect treads	Turn or replace tread
	Damaged Tread	Inspect treads	
	Patterned Wear on Tread Suspension Arm Loose	Inspect Bearings & Suspension Inspect Arm and	Tighten, adjust or replace Tighten and/or replace
		Splined Shaft	arm or suspension body
	Loose Wheel	Inspect Suspension, Bearing and Spindle	Tighten, adjust or replace
Vehicle tracking to one side, wandering	Misalignment	Check Alignment	Adjust Alignment
	Overload or load imbalance	Visually inspect, scale vehicle	Unload and/or redistribute load
	Un-Even Rail Pressure/ Vehicle Load	Weigh Vehicle and Check Rail Pressure	Adjust Load Distribution and Re-set Rail pressure
Insufficient Traction or Braking	Rail pressure set too low		Set rail pressure
	Tires worn	Inspect Tires	Replace tires
Insufficient Traction or Braking in the wet	Sweeps not set properly	Inspect sweeps	Adjust sweeps

**Table 1: Troubleshooting On-track Problems** 

#### 3.4 Rail Pressure

It is important the rail pressure is set within the limit of safe operation. Too little rail pressure can lead to derailing. Too much rail pressure can cause premature tread wear and suspension wear, prevent the railgear from deploying and affect traction and braking.

Rail Pressure can be set by two methods, Preload and by Scale. A bottle jack with a pressure gage can be used as a scale.

#### 3.4.1 When to check your rail pressure

- Once a year
- If you have changed the minimum weight of your truck by adding or subtracting fixed equipment or tools
- If you suspect low rail pressure is the cause of a derailment
- If you are getting premature tread wear

#### 3.4.2 Adjustments

#### Rear Bracket Channel Height

The Rear Bracket Channel can be positioned vertically by loosening the bolts. Take care to preserve the horizontal position of the gear. It is useful to scribe marks on the brackets to indicate the original position before adjusting the channel position.

#### Suspension Arm Angle

The angle of the suspension arms can be changed by moving it on the splined shaft. The shaft has a 60-tooth spline giving 6 degree adjustments which gives about  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of vertical adjustment. Keep in mind that changing the suspension angle may require adjustment to up-stops to clear bodywork.

The Flexi-Ride suspension will not provide a proper ride stiffness if set at angles exceeding 45 degrees below horizontal. The optimum angle for an empty vehicle is 25 degrees below horizontal, but some vehicles require deviation from this. It is useful to scribe marks on the splined shaft and arm when making angle adjustments.

#### **Spacers**

Spacers can be added between the suspension and the swinging frame. This is a more difficult way of adjusting the pressure and should only be used in the following cases:

- If the suspension arms are at the maximum downward angle of 35 degrees below horizontal
- If the required adjustment is too fine to be made by adjusting the suspension arms.
- If the rear channel is at the bottom of the slots on the rear bracket.

Keep in mind that the addition of spacers may require adjustment to up-stops to clear bodywork.

#### Travel Stops

Adjusting the travel stops is an easy way to make small adjustments. You can increase preload & pressure by running the travel stop bolts out and decrease preload & pressure by running the stop bolts in. Always verify that there is sufficient thread engagement in the lug and that the jamb nut is tightened. Adjustment may require a longer or shorter bolt.

#### 3.4.3 Checking Rail pressure

The rail pressure is best checked on rail (simulated or actual), but can be done a flat concrete surface. If performed on a concrete surface the procedures outline below require an additional 1" of shims under the vehicle tires to account for the guide wheel flange. The rail pressure is set by pre-loading the suspension. By placing the truck on shims and setting the guidewheels to contact the rail, the pre-load is set. The empty vehicle (with driver) is set for ¾" of pre-load. This amount of pre-load corresponds to the required load of 350 lbs. of rail pressure per wheel.

#### To check for proper minimum rail pressure:

- Make sure the truck is in the lightest condition that it will be used on rail. This is best done with a person in the driver's seat.
- Place vehicle on rail with the vehicle tires on 3/4" shims.
- Verify that the guide wheels are in contact with the rail. The contact should be light. Using both hands you should be able to slide the wheel against the rail. If you cannot slide the wheel, you may have the rail pressure too high.
- If the guide wheels are not in contact, you rail pressure is too low. Measure the gap between the rail wheel and the rail.

#### If the rail pressure is too high:

- Shim the truck up another ½".
- If the guide wheels are still in contact with the rail, you can adjust the angle of the suspension arms upwards by one 6-degree spline. See the Adjustments Section for details. Adjustments can also be made to the rear bracket height.
- You can continue to add ½" shims to determine how many 6-degree adjustment you can make.
- If the guide wheels are no longer in contact, your rail pressure is close and should be adjusted with the travel stops.

#### If the rail pressure is too low:

- If the gap is greater that ½" you should adjust the suspension arm downwards by one 6-degree spine pre ½. You should round up to ensure adequate rail pressure.
- If the gap is less than ½" you should try adjusting the travel stops.

#### If your rail pressure is different from right-to-left:

Sometime the pressures are not even from right-to-left. Make sure the load in the vehicle is not the cause before adjusting the railgear.

- Spacers under the suspensions can be used to address problems with asymmetrical rail pressure.
- Moving the rear bracket's channel can also address this condition.
- If the difference is on the order of ½" you can use the suspension arm adjustments to correct this condition.
- Make sure the travel stops are set so that both side are in contact. This can cause the rail pressure to differ from right-to-left.

#### After rail pressure adjustments:

- Check the rail pressure from the beginning to verify that you adjustment did not affect the pressure on the other end or other side. Adjustment to one wheel can affect those of the others.
- Verify the alignment of the railgear. Refer to the Alignment section on page 9.

<u>If after checking initial (unloaded) railgear pressure, the railgear cannot lift vehicle into rail position:</u>

RW-1013 has been successfully applied to all the chassis listed in the Section 1.2. If you are set properly for an empty condition, the railgear should be able to lift your full payload capacity. If you cannot, you are probably overloading you vehicle.

- Weigh your truck, getting the axle weights and preferable the individual tire loads.
- Verify that there are no hydraulic leaks or damage to the hydraulic system.
- Inspect the railgear and make sure there is no damage.

If you vehicle is properly set for initial rail pressure and still cannot lift at max GVWR your option are as follows:

- Reduce payload.
- Set railgear for higher load and restrict operation at lower weights (operator/railroad must approve).
- Stiffen truck suspension (re-springing, Timbren springs). (We recommend this for cab & chassis, spray trucks, trucks with cranes and other high payload vehicles.)

#### 3.4.4 Setting Pressure by Scale or Jack

Rail gear may also be set by use of a jack with a pressure gauge. The rail wheel load (each wheel) is:

Rail Wheel	Minimum Rail Load (each)	Max Rail Load (each)
Front Railgear	450	700
Rear Railgear	350	700

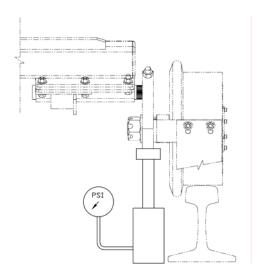


Figure 1: Measuring Wheel load with bottle jack

			Jack E	Bore Diame	ter (in)				
Jack						,	,	,	
Pressure	7/8	15/16	1	1-1/16	1-1/8	1-3/16	1-1/4	1-5/16	1-3/8
(psi)	0.88	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.13	1.19	1.25	1.31	1.38
300	180	207	236	266	298	332	368	406	445
320	192	116	116	284	318	354	393	433	475
340	204	123	123	301	338	376	417	460	505
360	216	130	130	319	358	399	442	487	534
380	228	137	137	337	378	421	466	514	564
400	240	144	144	354	397	443	491	541	594
420	252	152	152	372	417	465	515	568	623
440	264	159	159	390	437	487	540	595	653
460	276	166	166	408	457	509	564	622	683
480	288	173	173	425	477	531	589	649	712
500	301	181	181	443	497	553	613	676	742
520	313	188	188	461	517	576	638	703	772
540	325	195	195	479	536	598	662	730	801
560	337	202	202	496	556	620	687	757	831
580	349	210	210	514	576	642	711	784	861
600	361	217	217	532	596	664	736	811	890
620	373	224	224	549	616	686	760	838	920
640	385	231	231	567	636	708	785	865	950
660	397	238	238	585	656	731	810	893	980
680	409	246	246	603	676	753	834	920	1009
700	421	253	253	620	695	775	859	947	1039
720	433	260	260	638	715	797	883	974	1069
740	445	267	267	656	735	819	908	1001	1098
760	457	275	275	674	755	841	932	1028	1128
780	469	282	282	691	775	863	957	1055	1158
800	481	289	289	709	795	886	981	1082	1187
820	493	296	296	727	815	908	1006	1109	1217
840	505	303	303	744	835	930	1030	1136	1247
860	517	311	311	762	854	952	1055	1163	1276
880	529	318	318	780	874	974	1079	1190	1306
900	541	325	325	798	894	996	1104	1217	1336
				Dail M/					
				Rail Whee	el Load (II	of)			

Figure 2: Load chart for Bottle Jack

# 3.5 Alignment

Over time your railgear may require adjustment to ensure safe operation and prevent excessive wear. If your railgear is running on the flanges excessively or derailing, it needs to have the alignment checked. Refer to Figure 2: **Alignment Diagram** on pages 12.

There are two methods of alignment, **Alignment Method #1** is known as "string lining" and is preferred where possible. **Alignment Method #2** may be more suitable for checking in the field but produces good results when done carefully.

#### 3.5.1 Alignment Adjustments

#### (4) Suspensions/Wheel Units

The suspension/wheel units can be aligned by loosening the (6) bolts attaching the suspension and tapping the suspension into alignment. It is sometimes useful to leave one bolt tight to force the unit to pivot about that point. The unit should have both wheels running parallel and at the specified gage.

#### Rear Bracket Channel

The rear bracket can be shifted right and left to center the gear on the vehicle. Center the bracket relative to the rear axle not the body.

#### (2) Pilot Plates/Bracket

The individual units can be pivoted on the front and rear brackets. This is done to align the rear gear to the vehicle's rear axle and aligning the front gear to the rear gear. The (5 or 6) bolt that clamps these parts together can be loosened and the unit tapped into position. As with the suspensions, it can be useful to leave one bolt tight to force the unit to pivot about that point.

#### (4) Travel Stops

The Travel Stops can affect alignment if they are not properly adjusted. Verify that the stops are set according to the

#### 3.5.2 Alignment Method #1

Set up a string line on an actual or simulated rail. It is critical that the lines be aligned to the vehicle and parallel. Refer to Figure 1: **Alignment Method #1**.

#### 3.5.3 Alignment Method #2

#### Align Individual Units

This is the aligning of the individual wheels on a front or rear railgear unit. The unit must be aligned so that the wheels run parallel and at the appropriate gage. Refer to Figure 2: **Alignment Diagram** on page 12 for measurements and tolerances. Set the following dimensions:

- Gage, Lead & Gage, Trail (measure with a straight edge on the back side of wheels)
- D1 & D2 (measure with a straight edge on the back side of wheels)

Adjust suspension positions to align wheels and set gage.

#### Align Rear Railgear to Rear Axle

The following measurements should be taken:

- X1 & X2 (measure from symmetrical reference on axle to end of spindle)
- D3 & D4 (measure from symmetrical reference on axle to end of spindle)

Adjust rear unit by pivoting on bracket or shifting the rear bracket channel.

#### Align Front Railgear to Rear Railgear

The following measurements should be taken:

- WB1 & WB2 (measure from ends of spindles)
- D5 & D6 (measure from ends of spindles)

Adjust front unit by pivoting on bracket. The front bracket is usually pulled as far forward as possible without allowing the Guidewheels to contact the front tires.

#### 3.5.4 Rail Test after Alignment

After alignment paint wheels and track test on straight rail. Observe marking on wheel is even if not adjust alignment as necessary.

#### 3.5.5 Alignment Diagram Method #1

LIGHT CABLE, FISHLINE, TWINE  $\leq$ 4, RAILS (OR SIMULATED RAIL) SHOULD BE POSITIONED AT GAGE AND TRUCK CENTERED RAIL 2, LINE MUST BE TIGHT ENDUGH TO PERMIT ACURATE MEASUREMENT STRAIGHT MEASURED 3. STEERING WHEELS SHOULD BE AHEAD ALINGMENT: STRINGLINE METHOD ±1/32 ±1/32 1/16 1/16 1/16 SPEC SQUARE LINES TO TRUCK AXLES RAILWHEELS RAILWHEEL BE LINE MAY R SIMILAR IGN FRONT | E = F G = H GN REAR 11 11 11 س ی س ∢ ∪

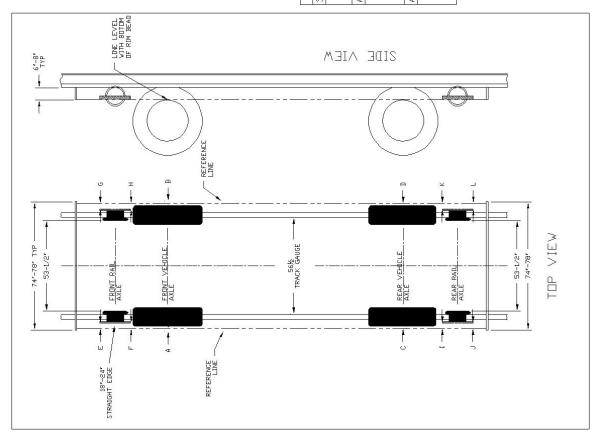
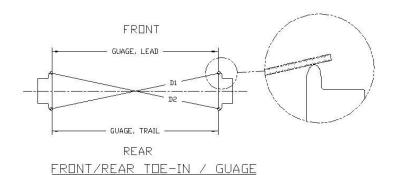
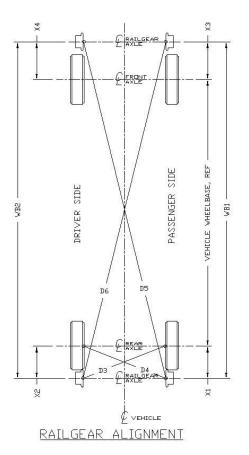


Figure 1: Alignment Method #1

#### 3.5.6 Alignment Diagram Method #2





	E4		
MEASUREMENT	SPEC	MEA	ASURED/CALC'D
#1 SET TOE-IN/GUAGE			
FRONT GUAGE, TRAIL	53½‡%		
- FRONT GUAGE, LEAD	53½‡%	1.00	
= TOE-IN, FRONT	1/8	=	
REAR GUAGE, TRAIL	53½‡%		
- REAR GUAGE, LEAD	53½4%	1800	20
= TOE-IN, REAR	0	=	
#2 VERIFY DIAGONALS		-	,
FRONT DIAGONAL, D1			
– FRONT DIAGONAL, D2	$\sim$	_	
= D1 - D2	0 +1/16	=	15t
REAR DIAGONAL, D1			
REAR DIAGONAL, D2_	$\rightarrow$	-	
= D1 - D2	0 +1/16	=	
#3 ALIGN REAR GEAR TO REAR	AXLE		
RAIL WHL TO AXLE PS, X1	VARIES		
- RAIL WHL TO AXLE DS, X2		-	7
= X1 - X2	0 +1/16	=	
DIAG⊡NAL, D3	VARIES		
- DIAG⊡NAL, D4	VARIES		
= X1 - X2	0 +1/16	=	2 <del></del>
#3 ALIGN FRONT GEAR TO REAF	100 The second of the second o		
RAILGEAR WHEELBASE, WB1	VARIES		
- RAILGEAR WHEELBASE, WB2	VARIES	_	
= WB1 - WB2	0 +1/8	=	
DIAGONAL, D5	VARIES		
- DIAGONAL, D6	VARIES	_	
= X1 - X2	0 +1/4	=	

Figure 2: Alignment Diagram Method #2

#### 3.5.7 Alignment Troubleshooting

Sometimes alignment problems will be combinations of angle and offset. It is often helpful to draw a sketch similar to the examples shown in below.

#### Tips for Alignment

- If a truck's chassis is out of alignment it can make it difficult and sometime impossible to align the railgear. Inquire about the vehicles behavior on the highway. Occasionally new trucks have to be sent back for alignment to get the rear axle square with the chassis.
- Make sure the travel stops are properly adjusted before attempting to align the railgear.
- You must verify that the wheels on the individual unit are parallel and to gage before attempting to align the rear or front units.
- It is very important to get the rear alignment correct before attempting to align the front
- Often alignment problems are confined to one wheel (as a result of contact) and can easily be addressed.

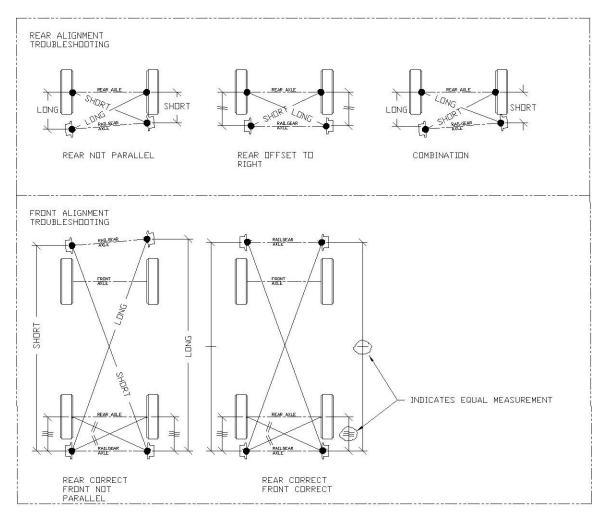


Figure 3: Alignment Troubleshooting

# 4.0 INSTALLATION

# 4.1 Installation Checklist

#### 4.0 Installation

- 4.1 Installation Checklist
- 4.2 Pre-Install
  - 4.2.1 Safety Statements
  - 4.2.2 Installation Order
  - 4.2.3 Installation Sheets
  - 4.2.4 Receiving
  - 4.2.5 Required Tools & Materials
- 4.3 Chassis Prep
  - 4.3.1 Vehicle Condition
  - 4.3.2 Alignment
  - 4.3.3 Mount and Balance Tires
  - 4.3.4 Tire Pressure Monitoring (TPMS)
  - 4.3.5 Speedometer Recalibration
  - 4.3.6 Re-Springing
  - 4.3.7 Timbren Springs
  - 4.3.8 Exhaust Modifications
  - 4.3.9 Tire Carrier
- 4.4 Install Wheel Modification Kit
  - 4.4.1 Safety Statement
  - 4.4.2 Wheel Adapters
  - 4.4.3 Spacers
  - 4.4.4 Studs
  - 4.4.5 Install Steering Stops
  - 4.4.6 Wheelhouse/Body Modifications
- 4.5 Steering Wheel Lock Installation
- 4.6 Install Rear Bracket
  - 4.6.1 Remove Rear Bumper (optional)
  - 4.6.2 Remove Receiver Hitch
  - 4.6.3 Install Rear Bracket
- 4.7 Install Electrical System
  - 4.7.1 Locate Components
  - 4.7.2 Route Wires
  - 4.7.3 Electrical Insulation
- 4.8 Install Hydraulic System
  - 4.8.1 Route Hydraulic Hoses

- 4.8.2 Install Pump Enclosure
- 4.8.3 Install Reservoir
- 4.9 Install Rear Railgear
  - 4.9.1 Install Rear Gear
  - 4.9.2 Set Rail Pressure & Rear Bracket Height
  - 4.9.3 Install Hydraulic Lines
  - 4.9.4 Set Travel Stops
- 4.9.5 Align Rear Gear to Vehicle Rear Axle
- 4.9.6 Set Rear Up-Stop Blocks
- 4.9.7 Set Rail Sweeps
- 4.9.8 Exhaust Modifications
- 4.10 Install Front Railgear
  - 4.10.1 Remove Front Bumper
  - 4.10.2 Install Front Bracket
  - 4.10.3 Install Front Gear
  - 4.10.4 Hook up Hydraulics
  - 4.10.5 Set Travel Stops
  - 4.10.6 Set Rail Pressure
  - 4.10.7 Align Rear Gear to Vehicle Rear Axle
  - 4.10.8 Bumper Installation /

Modification & Up-Stop Installation

- 4.10.9 Set Rail Sweeps
- 4.11 Verify & Adjust Rail Pressure & Alignment
- 4.12 Rail Test
- 4.13 Final Weld-out
- 4.14 Install Decals
- 4.15 Inspection & Function Test
  - 4.15.1 General Inspection
  - 4.15.2 Function Test
- 4.16 Road Test
- 4.17 Final Inspection

#### 4.2 Pre-Install

#### 4.2.1 Safety Statements

- Always block up gear before getting underneath
- Always use jack stands when jacking up vehicle
- Use personal protective equipment and clothing

#### 4.2.2 Installation Order

We've presented the installation information in the order that we find to work best. Your shop, tools, personnel or other factors may dictate a different order. This is acceptable as long as the Inspection, Rail Test, Road Test and Final Inspection are performed at the end. You should pay attention to the warnings in the Chassis Modifications and Wheel Modification Kits sections.

#### 4.2.3 Installation Sheets

Refer to the installation sheet for your specific chassis located in 5.1 Installation Guides. Study this sheet before proceeding through the general instructions.

#### 4.2.4 Receiving

#### **General Supplied Parts Checklist**

PARTS	QTY
Manual	1
Front RW-1013 Unit	1
Rear RW-1013 Unit	1
Front Mounting Bracket Assembly	1
Rear Mounting Bracket Assembly	1
Hydraulic Power Unit and Bracket	1
Wiring Harness Assembly	1
In-Cab Switch Box	1
Wheel Modification Kit: (if required, see appendix for details)	Varies
Wheels	
Adapters/Spacers	
Lug nuts	
Steering Wheel Stops Assembly	
Steering Wheel Lock Assembly	

#### 4.2.5 Required Tools & Materials

Aside from general shop tools and safety equipment the following tools will be required:

- Arc or MIG Welder
- Surge Protector (Protects ECM from damage from welding)
- Cutting Torch
- Hand Grinder
- Frame Drill
- Air Saw
- Angle Finder
- Test Rail ((4) TS3x2x36" or actual rail)
- Shims for weight setting (HRFB3/4x3x12-18"L) or Jack w/ gauge
- ATF Fluid DEXRON III
- Electrical Terminal Insulation (Spray-on or Brush-on)
- Wire ties, wire loom and electrical tape

#### Additionally the following tools are recommended:

- Transmission Jack, Motorcycle Lift, Pallet Jack or Forklift
- Overhead Crane
- Work Lights
- Work Area
- Minimum Requirement
- Level Floor
- Sufficient Lighting
- Wheel Dolly

#### 4.3 Chassis Prep

#### 4.3.1 Vehicle Condition

The vehicle's suspension and frame should be in good condition. If the vehicle's stock wheels and tires are to be used, they should be inspected and inflated to the maximum rated pressure.

#### 4.3.2 Alignment

It is important for Guidewheel alignment that the rear axle of the vehicle is square to the truck frame. It is recommended that all (even new vehicles) be laser aligned before railgear installation. Some alignment equipment can't accept a truck after the installation of railgear. The vehicle should be aligned for a zero thrust angle. Factory alignment specifications are set to account for the crown of the road so is specific.

#### 4.3.3 Mount and Balance Tires

If your vehicle requires a wheel modification kit (refer to 5.1 Installation Drawings) you should have the tires mounted before installation. The early stages on install can be done without the modified wheels but they must be installed before rail pressures are set. Make sure your tire installer understands how to orient a new tire to a wheel to minimize run out and required balance weights. Surprisingly, many do not. Tire should be inflated to the maximum rated pressure. Rims should be mounted using a torque wrench and not air tools. Torque values are listed in the Technical Details Section for your chassis.

#### 4.3.4 Tire Pressure Monitoring (TPMS)

The TREAD act has made TPMS mandatory on passenger vehicle under 10k GVWR. Typically this is done with RF transmitter located in the tire or the valve stem. If the wheels are replaced as a part of the upfit, these systems must be installed and calibrated to the higher pressure appropriate for these tires (typically 225/70R19.5 or 245/70R19.5 at 75-95psi). The recalibration is usually performed by a dealer. Please refer to the TPMS information in the appendix. Provide this information to the dealer when having the re-calibration done.

#### 4.3.5 Speedometer Recalibration

If your truck requires a wheel modification kit, it is typically going from a 16 or 17-inch rims and tires to 19.5-inch rims and tires. This changes the rolling radius of the tires significantly, requiring the speedometer to be recalibrated. Dealerships are able to perform this work at a moderate cost. There are tools available to allow an installer to perform the calibration but they are expensive and often model-specific. Speedometer re-calibration is usually done at the same time as the TPMS re-calibration. Please check the appendix for information specific to your chassis.

#### 4.3.6 Re-Springing

Some vehicles need to be re-sprung in order to improve ground clearance, to stiffen the vehicle to stabilize mounted equipment or stiffen the truck to allow better rail operation near max GVWR. Re-springing is often recommended for Cab & Chassis applications.

If re-springing a vehicle is necessary, it should be done before railgear installation. If not, the rail wheel loads will have to be checked and adjusted. Re-springing asymmetrically for cranes or other equipment is not recommended. It can lead to uneven rail wheel wear and difficult in aligning and setting the suspensions.

#### 4.3.7 Timbren Springs

Some installers use Timbren load springs in place of re-springing. We only recommend them for Pick-ups and SUV's intended primarily for patrol work and not for trucks intended to operate near max GVWR continuously.

#### 4.3.8 Exhaust Modifications

Some vehicles require the exhaust to be modified to clear the rail gear. Usually, the installer cuts the exhaust and has a muffler shop complete the work after the gear is installed. If multiple identical vehicles are being worked on, you may want to have the exhaust modification done before the railgear installation. Flexible exhaust pipes can be used temporarily during the install but is not recommended as a permanent exhaust pipe.

In general, EPA'07 diesel exhausts should only be modified aft of the after-treatment device. Every attempt should be made to preserve the back pressure so that the required pressure sensors are not affected. This can be done using an equivalent length method. Many systems use a diffuser tip to lower the exhaust temperature to safe levels. Diffusers should be retained if modifications are necessary. Please refer to the chassis vendor's body builder's information on exhaust modifications.

#### 4.3.9 Tire Carrier

Often the vehicle's spare is located in the area to be occupied by the rear railgear. Installers are often expected to provide a tire carrier in the bed for pickups or on the lift gate for SUV's.

#### 4.4 Install Wheel Modification Kit

In order for the tires to rest on the rail many vehicles will require replacement wheels with a greater inset (negative offset). These wheels are usually very heavy and a wheel dolly is recommended. Some vehicles will also require spacers to get both the wheels over the rail. These can be on one or both axles. Some vehicles will also require stud replacement to allow for an unusually thick set of spacers. As with spacers, this can be on one or both axles.

#### 4.4.1 Safety Statement

Brake lines and ABS Sensor Wires usually need to be tied back in order to clear the new wheels. Zip-ties and springs are useful for this purpose. Ensure that Brake/ABS wires and lines don not come in contact with the wheel/tire or suspension in any position. Make sure there is sufficient slack to allow the line to reach in any suspension position. Refer to Section 5.5 Chassis/Wheel Modifications to determine which of the following applies to your installation:

#### 4.4.2 Wheel Adapters

Some vehicles will use wheel adapter to allow the use of a stock 19.5 rim. These adapters will bolt to the vehicle hub and the rime will then bolt to the adapter.

#### 4.4.3 Spacers

If required, spacers are easily installed by slipping them on the studs before installing a wheel/tire. Care should be taken to prevent thin spacers from binding and being bent or crushed. Refer to 5.5 Chassis/Wheel Modifications to determine if and where spacers are required. IF YOUR KIT CAME WITH WHEEL **SPACERS**, **USE THEM!** If you don't, you can damage brake lines, ABS Sensor wires, tires and/or suspension parts.

#### 4.4.4 Studs

Some kits require stud replacement to accommodate longer/larger studs. This should be completed before installation. See 5.5 Chassis/Wheel Modifications for details.

If required, studs should be changed before any installation work begins. Stud installations that require machining will have a detail drawing on the Installation Sheet. Most stud changes are simple push out, replace and push in jobs. If your shop is not equipped to do this, have a qualified mechanic do the work.

#### 4.4.5 Install Steering Stops

#### **Cautions**

- STEERING WHEEL STOPS MUST BE VERIFIED BEFORE A VEHICLE IS OPERATED ON THE HIGHWAY! CHECK THIS ON EVERY VEHICLE! Incorrectly installed Steering Stops can cause serious tire damage and create a hazard for anyone operating the vehicle.
- INSTALL STEERING STOPS BEFORE MOVING THE VEHICLE! If you don't, you can cause serious tire damage and create a hazard for anyone operating the vehicle.

#### **Installation**

- Install Stops. Refer to 5.5 Chassis/Wheel Modifications for the details on your specific steering stops.
- Verify that the steering stops limit the wheels or tires from any contact with frame, sway bar, wheelhouse, suspension etc. DMF recommends at least 1/8" clearance from any fixed obstruction to the wheel or tire in any suspension position.

- To check clearance in the normal suspension position, jack the vehicle under the axle, suspension or upright until the tire clears the ground.
- To check clearance in the drooped position, jack the vehicle under the frame, cross-member or body jack point until the tire clears the ground.
- Check the steering clearance on both sides. Many suspensions are not entirely symmetrical. (Ford Twin I-beam)

#### <u>Adjustments</u>

- Due to variables and tolerances in the vehicle construction, the provided steering wheels stops may need adjusting to properly limit steering.
- If there is excessive clearance, stops may be ground down to improve the turning performance of the vehicle. Before you do this, re-check that everything clears. Don't forget to check clearance to the upright and suspension parts inside the wheel. Grind a little at a time and watch anything and everything that could contact the wheel/tire. If you go to far, the entire block can be replaced.
- If there is contact, the steering stops will need to be shimmed up or modified. Experiment with different thickness shim by holding them with pliers while someone turns the wheel. When the required thickness is found, weld the shims in place. You can also cut and replace the entire stop block.

#### 4.4.6 Wheelhouse/Body Modifications

Occasionally a vehicle will require modification to the wheelhouse. If your vehicle requires wheelhouse modifications they will be explained in 5.1 Installation Sheets.

# 4.5 Steering Wheel Lock Installation

#### **DMF Velcro Steering Wheel Lock Operation**

The DMF Velcro steering wheel lock consists of two 2" wide adhesive backed "hook" strips and a 4" wide piece of "loop" fabric. A piece of adhesive backed hook is placed on the steering wheel column and a second piece placed on the top flat of the steering wheel hub. The 4" wide piece of loop fabric can then be applied to bridge the gap between column and wheel preventing the front tires from accidentally being turned while on the rail. However, in the event of an emergency, the steering wheel can be forcibly turned and the Velcro fasteners will separate allowing the driver to steer the vehicle.

#### <u>DMF Velcro Steering Wheel Lock Installation</u>

- 1. Clean the areas where the self-adhesive 2" wide "hook" strips will be applied on the steering column and wheel with rubbing alcohol and a clean cloth.
- 2. Allow the column and wheel to dry.
- 3. Remove the adhesive backing from the "hook" strips and apply them to the top of the steering wheel hub and the column as close to the wheel-column gap as possible. NOTE: Trim the strips to fit around obstructions such as hazard light switches.



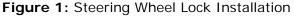




Figure 2: Steering Wheel Lock In Use

- 4. Allow the adhesive to cure for 24 hours prior to attaching the 4" loop fabric.
- 5. When putting the truck on the rail, position the 4" loop fabric to bridge the gap between the hooks on both the column and wheel as shown below and press firmly.
- 6. To remove the lock simply pull on the D-ring and store the piece of Velcro

# 4.6 Install Rear Bracket

Refer to 5.1 installation Drawings for specifics on the position and hardware used in mounting the rear bracket. Be careful to note the orientation of each part. Refer to the Parts manual for assembly drawings detailing the parts and hardware for your bracket. Be careful to note the orientation of each part.

#### 4.6.1 Remove Rear Bumper (optional)

If desired, remove and save the rear bumper. Many installers think the time spent doing this is worth the access gained at the rear of the truck.

#### 4.6.2 Remove Receiver Hitch

We recommend that unless specifically directed to keep the factory receiver hitch, you remove the hitch. Some installations allow a factory receiver hitch to be kept. Usually this will result in lower ground clearance in the rear. Poor ground clearance can result in difficulty for the operator and increase the chance for damage to the railgear. If the vehicle's spare is under the bed, remove and set aside. The spare bracket and/or retraction equipment may need to be removed to allow for the installation

#### 4.6.3 Install Rear Bracket

Refer to 5.1 Installation Drawings for illustrations. Rear Brackets are typically made up of two side brackets that attach to either side the frame and a slotted channel that spans between them. The channel can be adjusted up or down and side-to-side to set the proper position for the railgear.

Wherever possible, secure rear brackets using existing holes in the frame to avoid drilling. Some rear bracket s will require match drilling to bolt to the frame.

After installing the side brackets on the frame, assemble the channel using the provided hardware. Leave the bolts that hold the channel loose to allow later adjustment. The vertical position of the rear bracket will set later

# 4.7 Install Electrical System

Refer to 5.4 Electrical Schematics

#### 4.7.1 Locate Components

- Determine location under the hood for he terminal strip. It should be accessible and protected from road spray. High on the firewall, along the inside of the fender and attached to the battery box are typical locations.
- Determine the location of the pumps & solenoids. DMF recommends locating them in following locations in order of preference:
  - o Inside tool cabinet or cross body tool box.
  - o Under cross body tool box.
  - o Underbody and attached to front of rear railgear.

If placed in a toolbox or cabinet covers should be made to protect pumps and solenoids. Covers must be easily removed for service.

- Determine switchbox location. Consider safety and convenience when selecting the position for the switch box. Pickup Trucks usually provide several options but SUV's can be more difficult. Typically the box is located as shown in
- Figure 3: In-Cab Switchbox **Locations**. When in doubt, check with your customer for their preferences.



Figure 3: In-Cab Switchbox Locations

- Determine the bumper switch locations. Refer to Error! Reference source not found. and Error! Reference source not found..
- If using Solenoid Pin-offs, determine the Pin-Off Module locations front and rear. Front Pin-Off Modules should be mounted behind the front bumper or grill. Rear Pin-Off Modules should be mounted to the rear frame, frame cross-members or the rail gear itself.

#### 4.7.2 Route Wires

- Route the electrical harness according to 5.4 Electrical Schematics. Observe the following guidelines:
  - o We recommend running the wires in split loom.
  - o Route wires away from the drive train, exhaust, and any moving parts.
  - o Ensure that wires do not interfere with railgear motion.
  - Wires can be routed inside the frame.
  - Support and restrain wires with wire ties or wire clips
  - o Tie up Pin-Off Solenoid and bumper switches until they are mounted.

- All electrical terminations should be protected with liquid electrical tape or other means.
- Heat shrink terminals are provided and should be used wherever possible.
- Pay attention to Bumper switch route and orientation
- Run wires from chassis locations (bumpers, cab, pumps, pin-offs) to the terminal strip under the hood.
- All bulkhead or firewall penetrations must be protected with grommets.
- Attach wires to the terminal strip as shown in 5.4 Electrical Schematics
- Attach the (2) Battery Source leads and the (1) Ignition Source Lead. The ignition source is made using the provided mini-ATO fuse tap.
- Where possible attach grounds to the battery posts or remote ground provided.

#### 4.7.3 Electrical Insulation

All Electrical terminations should be protected with a spray or brush-on electrical insulation product. This includes the bumper switches, the pin-off grounds, pump grounds, solenoid connections, terminal strip connections and the terminal strip ground. Failure to adequately protect the electrical components can lead to corrosion and system malfunction. The manufacturer does not warranty the installation of a third party installer. This is the installer's responsibility.

# 4.8 Install Hydraulic System

Refer to 5.3 Hydraulic Schematics

#### 4.8.1 Route Hydraulic Hoses

- Use supplied hydraulic hoses. Take care to use the indicated lengths where shown. Route all hydraulic hoses according to the Hydraulic Schematic. Observe the following guidelines:
- Route all hoses away from the drive train, exhaust, and any moving parts.
- Ensure that hoses do not interfere with railgear motion
- Hoses can be routed inside the frame.
- Support and restrain hoses with wire ties or wire clips
- Hoses should be marked and capped before routing through the frame to prevent collecting debris.

#### 4.8.2 Install Pump Enclosure

• Install pump enclosure in truck bed, tool box, or cargo area (SUVs). Be careful to allow access to the Emergency Pump. The emergency pump can be remotely located for convenience.

#### 4.8.3 Install Reservoir

- Mount reservoir under the hood in an accessible location. On some vehicle it will require
  the fabrication of a bracket and on others the reservoir can be attached to the sheet
  metal with tech-screws.
- If pumps are located in tool box or under tool box, install reservoir in box. Be careful to remain clear of lid, trays and locate in an accessible location.



Figure 4: Typical Reservoir Installation

# 4.9 Install Rear Railgear

#### **Safety Statements**

If the gear is in a raised position and not pinned off (you haven't installed the pin-offs yet!) it can drop if any of the fittings are opened or leaky. The gear is heavy enough to hurt you badly! Block up the gear before you crawl under it!

Refer to 5.1 Installation Guides

#### 4.9.1 Install Rear Gear

Use a forklift, pallet jack or floor jack, position the rear railgear under the rear bracket and attach with the provided hardware and plate washers. (See the Parts Manual and Installation Sheet.) Draw the gear up snug but not tight to allow later alignment.

#### 4.9.2 Set Rail Pressure & Rear Bracket Height

Set rail pressure using the procedure outlined in the 3.3 Rail Pressure. Use setup weight is necessary to simulate any uninstalled fixed equipment or load.

### 4.9.3 Install Hydraulic Lines

Attach hydraulic lines to rear actuator as shown in 5.3 Hydraulic Schematics.

#### 4.9.4 Set Travel Stops

Set the travel stop bolts to provide the proper amount of over-center travel. The over-center dimension is the horizontal distance between the center of the guidewheel and the pivot point (center of actuator shaft). The recommended over-center dimension is 3" - 4" in the rear. This ensures that a hydraulic failure will not cause the gear to collapse.

#### 4.9.5 Align Rear Gear to Vehicle Rear Axle

Refer to the 3.4 Alignment. Secure rear railgear with air wrench.

#### 4.9.6 Set Rear Up-Stop Blocks

The rear up-stop blocks are welded in place to stop the gear in the stowed position. They must be positioned and sized to prevent the railgear from contacting the bodywork of the vehicle. The up-stop blocks are shown in **Error! Reference source not found.**.

#### 4.9.7 Set Rail Sweeps

The angle of the rail sweeps should be set to allow the sweep rubber to contact the rail when adjusted to the top of the slots. This allows adjustment when the rubber wears. The rail sweep arm should be tacked to the suspensions arms as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** 

#### 4.9.8 Exhaust Modifications

Some vehicles require exhaust modifications to clear the railgear. Exhaust pipes can be cut as required and re-routed after the rail gear is installed. Flexible exhaust pipe can be used as a temporary solution during the installation. Flexible pipe is not recommended as a permanent exhaust pipe.

# 4.10 Install Front Railgear

#### **Safety Statements**

If the gear is in a raised position and not pinned off (you haven't installed the pin-offs yet!) it can drop if any of the fittings are opened or leaky. The gear is heavy enough to hurt you badly! Block up the gear before you crawl under it!

Refer to 5.1 Installation Guides

#### 4.10.1 Remove Front Bumper

See manufacturers manual for instructions on how to remove trucks bumper. Be careful to retain all hardware. Unless your Installation Sheet directs otherwise, you can discard any underbody plastic parts. Protect the radiator to prevent damage with cardboard.

#### 4.10.2 Install Front Bracket

The Front Bracket mounts to the frame underneath or ahead of the radiator. On some vehicles, the oil cooler needs to be relocated to clear the front bracket. Refer to 5.1 Installation Guides for specific model information.

Front brackets typically use existing holes in the frame and/or cross members. Install with the provided hardware. In some case, hardware saved when removing the factory bumper is used to install the front bracket. Align and square the front bracket to the frame and tighten the fasteners.

#### 4.10.3 Install Front Gear

Use a forklift, pallet jack or floor jack, position the front railgear under the installed front bracket and attach with the provided hardware and plate washers. Draw the gear up snug but not tight to allow later alignment. Refer to Refer to 5.1 Installation Guides.

#### 4.10.4 Hook up Hydraulics

Attach hydraulic lines to front actuator per as shown in 5.3 Hydraulic Schematics.

#### 4.10.5 Set Travel Stops

Set the travel stop bolts to provide the proper amount of over-center travel. The over-center dimension is the horizontal distance between the center of the guidewheel and the pivot point (center of actuator shaft). The recommended over-center dimension is  $\frac{3}{4}" - 2"$  in the front. This ensures that a hydraulic failure will not cause the gear to collapse.

#### 4.10.6 Set Rail Pressure

Refer to 3.3 Rail Pressure.

#### 4.10.7 Align Rear Gear to Vehicle Rear Axle

Refer to 3.4 Alignment. Align the front railgear to the rear railgear per the Alignment sheet. Secure rear gear with air wrench.

### 4.10.8 Bumper Installation / Modification & Up-Stop Installation

Refer to 5.1 Installation guides on modifying and installing the bumper. Pickups and Suburban's typically only require modification to the front bumper. The Durango requires modification to the rear bumper also. The front up-stop blocks are welded in place to stop the gear in the stowed position. They must be positioned and sized to prevent the railgear from contacting the bodywork of the vehicle. The up-stop blocks are shown in

#### 4.10.9 Set Rail Sweeps

The angle of the rail sweeps should be set to allow the sweep rubber to contact the rail when adjusted to the top of the slots. This allows adjustment when the rubber wears. The rail sweep arm should be tacked to the suspensions arms as shown in 5.1 Installation Guides

# 4.11 Verify & Adjust Rail Pressure & Alignment

• Verify and adjust the rail pressure. Refer to the 3.3 & 3.4. Verify and adjust the alignment.

### 4.12 Rail Test

- Run vehicle forwards and backwards on rail.
- If available run the vehicle through curves and switches.
- Verify alignment by observing the wear pattern on the wheel and the behavior of the vehicle. If adjustment is required refer to 3.4 Alignment.

## 4.13 Final Weld-out

- Weld the plate washers on the slotted plates on the front a rear to fix the alignment of the unit. Weld as indicated on 5.1 Installation Guides.
- Weld the rear plate washers to fix the position of the rear bracket. Weld as indicated on 5.1 Installation Guides.

# 4.14 Install Decals

- Label the reservoir "RAILGEAR RESERVIOR DEXRON ATF III ONLY".
- Label the vehicles according to the diagram on the back of the decal sheet in 5.6. Refer to the decal placement diagram on the back of the decal sheet.

# 4.15 Inspection & Function Test

#### 4.15.1 General Inspection

- Check that all fasteners are tight.
- Check that all hoses and wire are routed properly.
- Verify that the area is clear.
- Verify that all electrical terminations are insulated and protected.

#### 4.15.2 Function Test

- Verify the battery is charged and hydraulic fluid is full.
- Verify the power indication on the power switch in the cab.
- Verify the function of the front and rear pin-offs. They should pull in and hold as long as the corresponding switch is held. Check from bumper initially and have another watch as you check from the cab.
- Verify that the rear switches (bumper & in-cab) actuate the rear railgear, and the front switches (bumper & in-cab) actuate the front railgear, and that the switches are oriented properly.
- Verify that the railgear does not operate with the power switch in the off position.
- Follow 2.4 or 2.5 to verify emergency pump function.
- Load test vehicle to GVWR and verify railgear function.

**Note:** If there is any cross functionality (such as front controls operating rear), a wiring error should be suspected. Typically this is at the terminal strip or the solenoids.

# 4.16 Road Test

- Before road testing inspect steering stops, wheel and tires. Verify that the lug nuts have been torqued to the value on the Installation Sheet.
- Verify that all bodywork is replaced and secure.
- In a parking lot or open area, verify that the steering stops prevent the tire or rim from contacting the frame, suspension or other items.
- Inspect brake lines and ABS sensor lines to verify clearance from rim.
- Check for any rattles and vibration.
- Verify speedometer calibration by timing a distance, GPS or from another vehicle. (This may not be necessary for every install.)

# 4.17 Final Inspection

- Verify that the hydraulic fluid is full.
- Verify that the reservoir is labeled.
- Touch up paint as necessary.
- Lubricate Pin-off pins with a light lubricant.
- · Verify decals are installed on wheels.
- Verify that the decals are installed at bumper switches.
- Verify that the decals are installed in cab.
- Verify that the manual is in the cab.
- Verify that the emergency pump in the cab, tool box or bed.
- Check the tire inflation.
- Verify that all bodywork is replaced and secure.
- Verify lug nut torque.

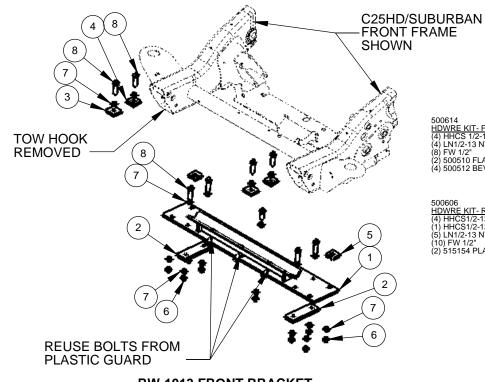
# 5.0 TECHNICAL DETAILS

5.1 Inst	tallation Drawings	
5.1.1	513101/102	'08 GM/Chevrolet 2008 2500HD/Suburban/3500SRW
5.1.2	513201/202	'08 Ford F250/F350 SRW
5.1.3	513301,2,3,4	'08 Dodge Durango/Dakota
5.2 Rail	gear Assemblies	
5.2.1	502020/21	RW-1013 Front/Rear Railgear Assy. (2008 to present)
5.2.2	502031/502032	RW-1013HD Front/Rear Railgear Assy. (2008 to present)
5.2.3	505000/502002	RW-1013 Front/Rear Railgear Assy. (2000-2007)
5.2.4	500072/76	RW-1013 Wheel Assembly (2008 to present)
5.2.5	500160/64	RW-1013 Wheel Assembly (2000-2007)
5.3 Hyd	raulic Schematics	
5.3.1	501740	RW-1013 Hydraulic System (2008 to present)
5.3.2	513081HYD	RW-1013HD Hydraulic System Retrofit (2008 to present)
5.3.3	500701	RW-1013 Hydraulic System (2002-2007)
5.3.4	501737	RW-1013 Manifold Details (2008 to present)
5.4 Elec	trical Schematics	
5.4.1	501801	RW-1013 Electrical - Single Pump (2008 to present)
5.4.2	501750	RW-1013 Electrical - Double Pump (2002 to present)
5.5 Cha	ssis/Wheel Modificat	ions
5.5.1	509009	GM C/K25HD ('00 to '10) and GM 2500 Suburban ('00 to present) Wheel Adapter Kit
5.5.2	509010	Ford 2/350 Wheel Adapter Kit ('05 to present)
5.5.3	509033	GM C/K25HD ('11) Wheel Adapter Kit

# 5.6 Installer/Service Tear Sheets

ITEM NO.	exploded /QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
1	1	500441	WELDMENT,FT BKT,08C25HD/SUB	
2	2	515154	DET,PLATE,SLOT ADJ,4-1/2	
3	2	500510	DET, SLOT FLAT BAR, 5/8	
4	2	500512	WASHER, BEVEL,5/8	
5	2	500513	WASHER, BEVEL,5/8	
6	9	LN 1/2-13 NYLOCK		
7	21	FW 1/2	FLAT WASHER	
8	8	HHCS1/2-13x2 GR8		
9	1	HHCS1/2-13x1 5 GR8		

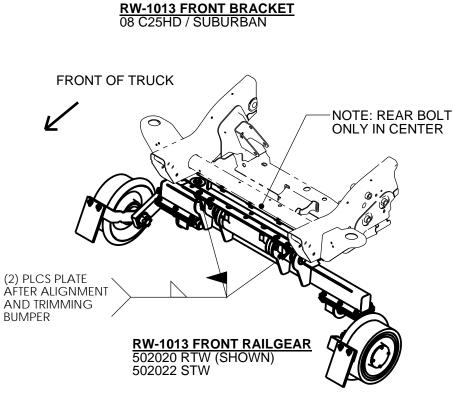
ITEM NO.	explod ed/QT Y.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	500520	BRACKET,SIDE, FORMED,GM25HD
2	1	500508	DET,REAR CHANNEL 34-3/4
3	4	500498	PLATE, SLOT ADJUSTMENT, 2"
4	10	500510	DET, SLOT FLAT BAR, 5/8
5	4	500512	WASHER, BEVEL,5/8
6	4	HHCS1/2-13x2" GR8	
7	4	LN5/8-11 NYLOCK	
8	14	LN1/2-13 NYLOCK	
10	14	HHCS1/2X2 GR8	
11	20	FW 1/2"	

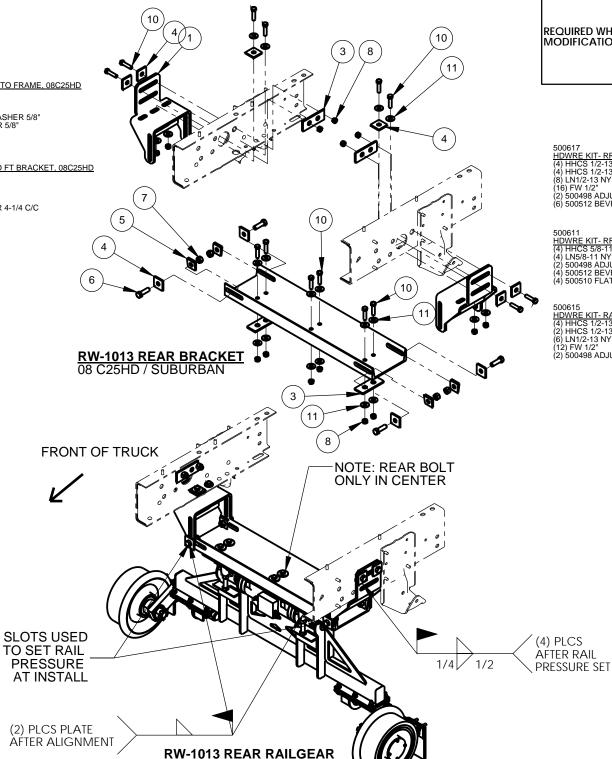


# оио614 HDWRE KIT- FT BRACKET TO FRAME, 08C25HD (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2" GR8 (4) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (8) FW 1/2"

(8) FW 1/2" (2) 500510 FLAT PLATE WASHER 5/8" (4) 500512 BEVEL WASHER 5/8"

500606 HDWRE KIT- RAILGEAR TO FT BRACKET, 08C25HD (4) HHCS1/2-13x2" (1) HHCS1/2-13x1-1/2" (5) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (10) FW 1/2" (2) 515154 PLATE WASHER 4-1/4 C/C





502021 RTW (SHOWN)

502023 STW

APPLICATION SUMMARY APPLICABLE CHASSIS '08 GM C25HD / 2500 SUBURBAN MAX GVWR: XXXX -NO RESTRICTIONS REGARDING: WHEELBASE, AXLES, CAB OR BED - BOTH 4X2 & 4X4 APPROVED (4X4 MAY REQUIRE ADDT'L SUSPENSION CHASSIS NOTES & RESTRICTIONS -USE OF TOWING HITCH MAY REQUIRE MODIFICATION OF HITCH AND SOME LOSS OF GROUND CLEARANCE -RESPRINGING RECOMMENDED FOR VEHICLES WITH LARGE PAYLOAD VARIANCES -FRONT BUMPERS REQUIRE TRIMMING TO CLEAR STOWED RAILWHEELS REQUIRED CHASSIS -REQUIRES WHEEL & TIRE CHANGES TO MATCH STANDARD GAGE -TIRES TO BE CHANGED TO 245/70r19.5 (GY G124, GY647, MICH XDE M/S OR EQUAL WITH A TREAD WIDTH <=8.5" (NOT OVERALL WIDTH) -REQUIRES SPACERS (3/16" THK) ON REAR
-REQUIRES STEERING STOPS TO PREVENT TIRE DAMAGE
-BRAKE LINES AND ABS WIRES MUST BE RESTRAINED TO PREVENT REQUIRED WHEEL MODIFICATIONS DAMAGE -REFER TO WHEEL KIT MANUALS FOR DETAILS

HDWRE KIT- RR BRACKET TO FRAME, 08C25HD (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2-1/2' GR8 (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2-1/2' GR8 (8) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (16) FW 1/2' (2) 500498 ADJUST SLOT FLAT BAR DET (6) 500512 BEVEL WASHER 5/8"

500611 HDWRE KIT- RR BRACKET TO CHANNEL, 08C25HD (4) HHCS 5/8-11x2-1/4" GR8 (4) LN5/8-11 NYLOCK (2) 500498 ADJUST SLOT FLAT BAR DET (4) 500512 BEVEL WASHER 5/8" (4) 500510 FLAT PLATE WASHER 5/8

500615 <u>HDWRE KIT- RAILGEAR TO CHANNEL, 08C25HD</u> (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2" GR8 (2) HHCS 1/2-13x1-1/2" GR8 (6) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (12) FW 1/2" (2) 500498 ADJUST SLOT FLAT BAR DET

<u>A</u> 11/19/08 HARDWARE GROUPS UPDATED WAK REV DATE DESCRIPTION INSTALLATION, RW-1013, 08C25HD / SUBURBAN RTW & STW RW-1013 DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS.INC.(404)875-1512

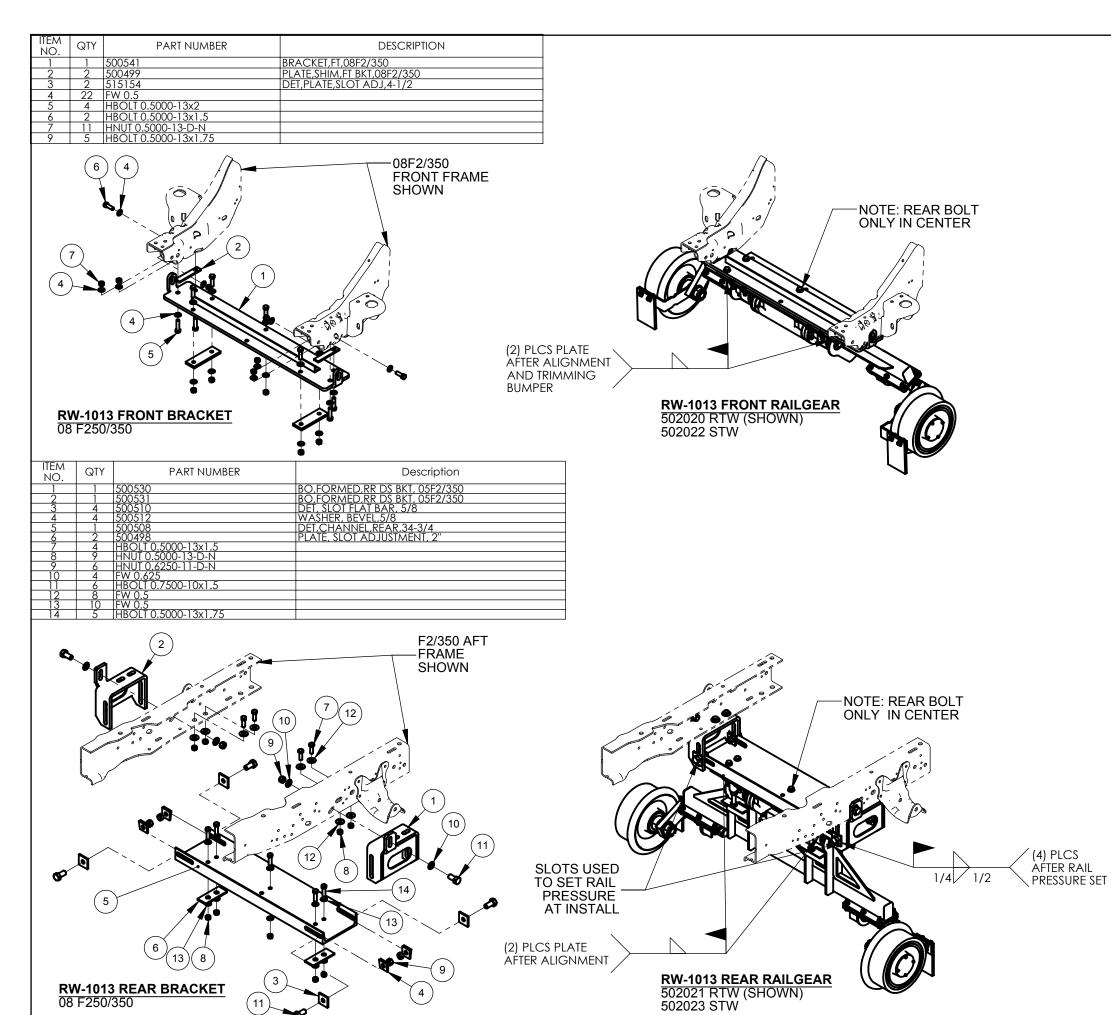
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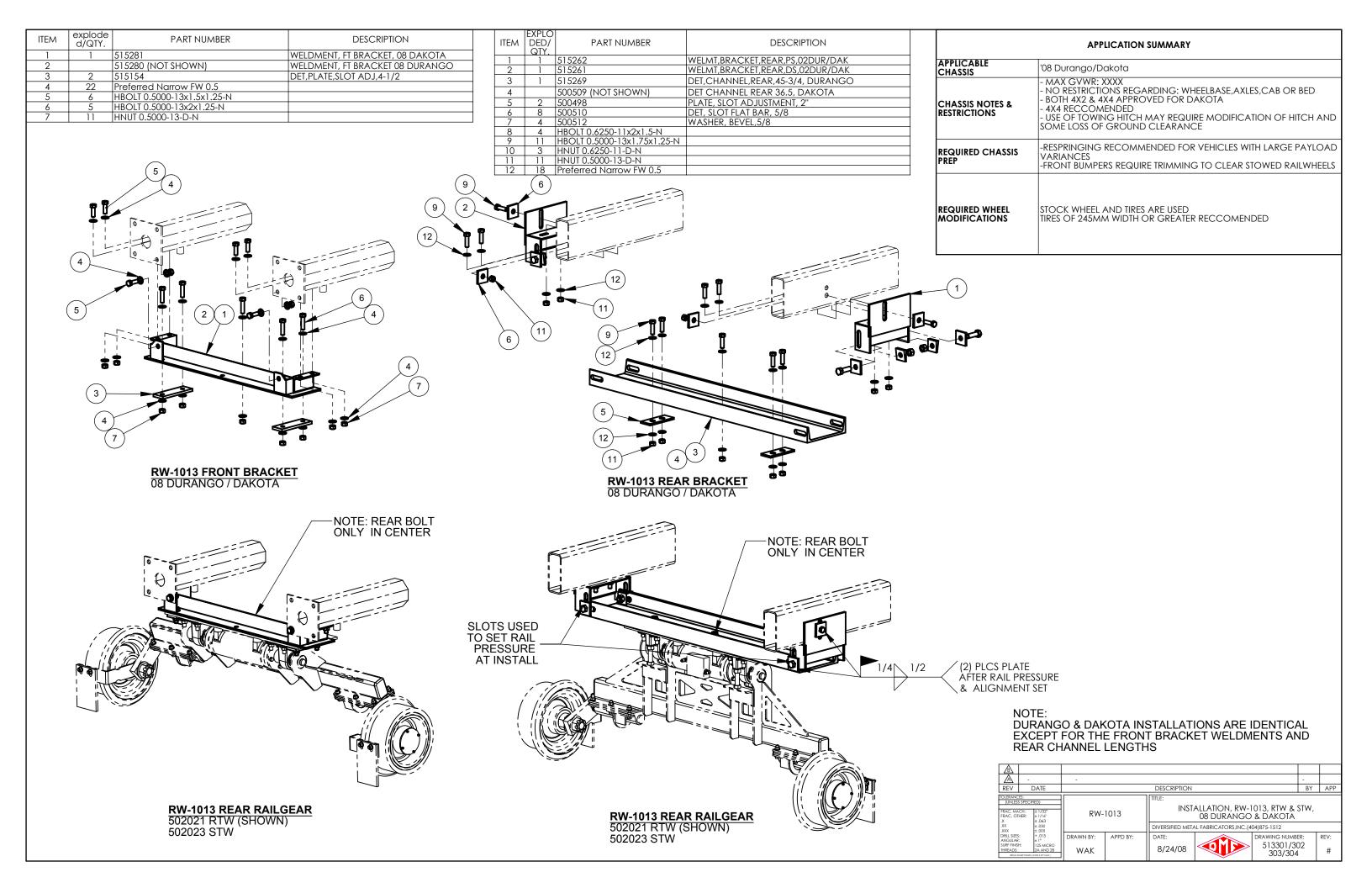
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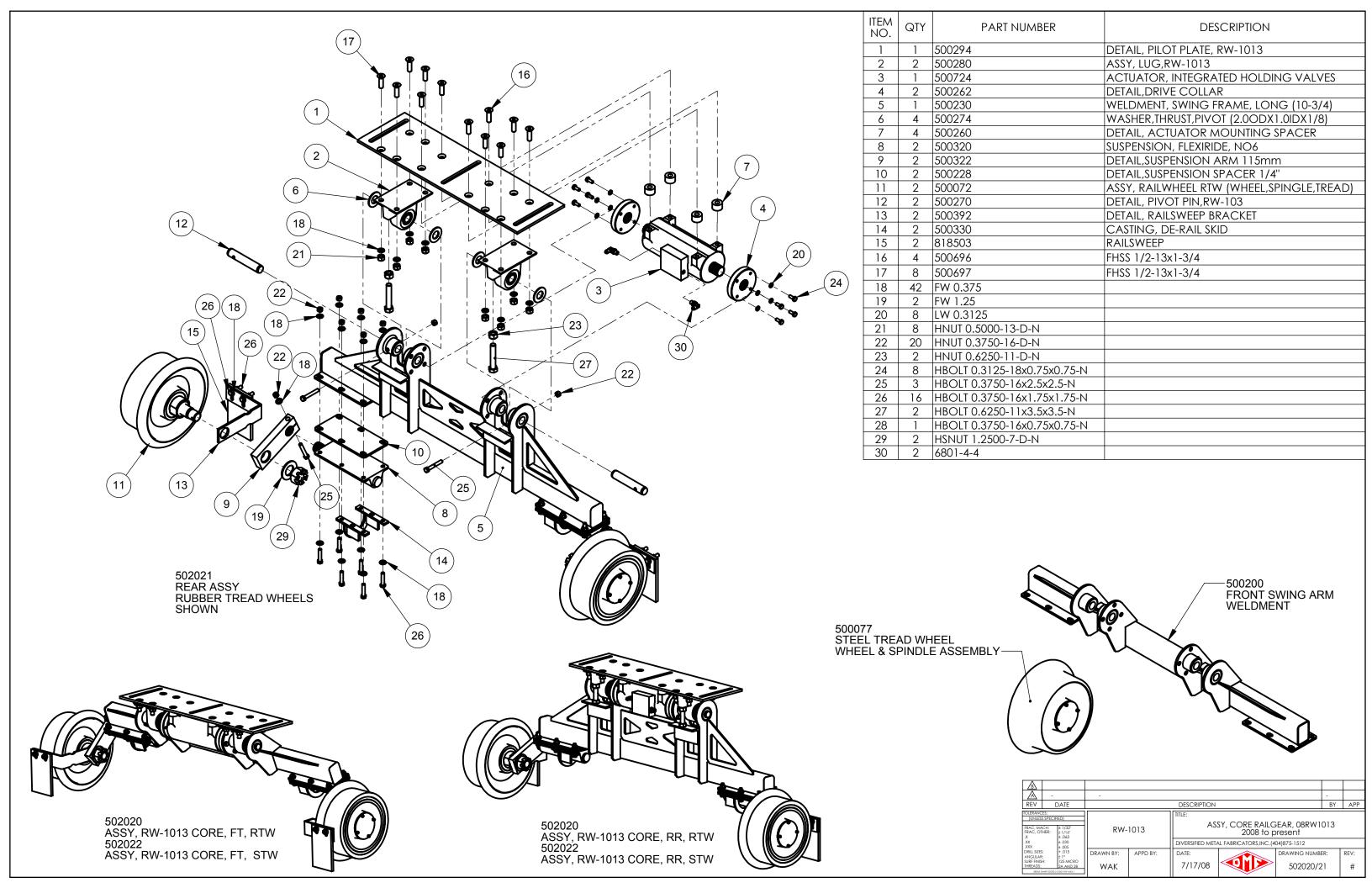
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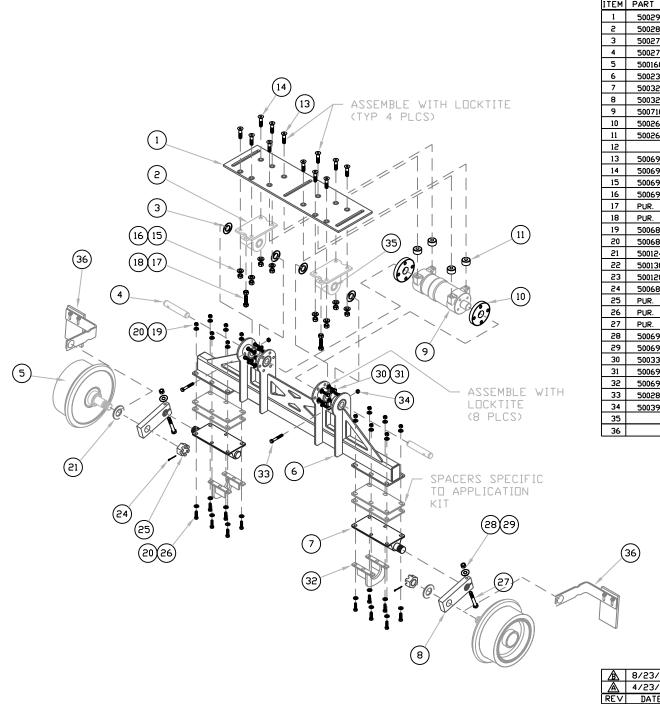
APPLICATION SUMMARY						
APPLICABLE CHASSIS	'08 F250/350 SRW					
CHASSIS NOTES & RESTRICTIONS	- MAX GVWR: XXXX -NO RESTRICTIONS REGARDING: WHEELBASE,AXLES,CAB OR BED - BOTH 4X2 & 4X4 APPROVED (4X4 MAY REQUIRE ADDT'L SUSPENSION SPACERS) -USE OF TOWING HITCH MAY REQUIRE MODIFICATION OF HITCH AND SOME LOSS OF GROUND CLEARANCE					
REQUIRED CHASSIS PREP	-RESPRINGING RECOMMENDED FOR VEHICLES WITH LARGE PAYLOAD VARIANCES -FRONT BUMPERS REQUIRE TRIMMING TO CLEAR STOWED RAILWHEELS					
REQUIRED WHEEL MODIFICATIONS	-REQUIRES WHEEL & TIRE CHANGES TO MATCH STANDARD GAGE -TIRES TO BE CHANGED TO 225/70r19.5 (GY G124, GY647, MICH XDE M/S OR EQUAL WITH A TREAD WIDTH <=8.25" (NOT OVERALL WIDTH) -REQUIRES SPACERS (.135 THK) ON FRONT -REQUIRES STEERING STOPS TO PREVENT TIRE DAMAGE -BRAKE LINES AND ABS WIRES MUST BE RESTRAINED TO PREVENT DAMAGE -REFER TO WHEEL KIT MANUALS FOR DETAILS					







ITEM Deploy	PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION	RW-1013HD Retrofit Instructions	
ITEM Deploy ed/QT Y.			
2 2	500294         DETAIL, PILOT PLATE, RW-1013           500280         ASSY, LUG,RW-1013	PN 502031 Front Assy, RW-1013HD PN 502032 Rear Assy, RW-1013HD	$\mathbf{r} \bullet \mathbf{l}  \mathbf{r} \bullet $
3 1	502028 WELDMENT, SWING FRAME, LONG (10-3/4) HD		
4 4	500274 WASHER, THRUST, PIVOT (2.00DX1.0IDX1/8)	<u>Description</u> In an effort to adress concerns fro mthe customer and increase the	
	500326 SUSPENSION, FLEXIRIDE, NO6	capacity of the RW-1013 railgear RW-1013HD has been developed.	
6 2 7 2	500327         DETAIL,SUSPENSION ARM 115mm           500335         WELDMENT, DE-RAIL SKID, RW-1013 HD	By strengthening selected components, incresing the sized of the	
8 2	500072 ASSY, RAILWHEEL RTW (WHEEL,SPINGLE,TREAD)	capacity of the RW-1013 railgear RW-1013HD has been developed. By strengthening selected components, incresing the sized of the suspensions and changing the rear to use a 2" cylinder, the capacity of the railgear have been increased to better accommodate 3/4 & 1-ton trucks at or near max GVWR.	
	500270 DETAIL, PIVOT PIN,RW-103	1-ton trucks at or near max GVWR.	$\begin{vmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot &$
10 2	500392 DETAIL, RAILSWEEP BRACKET	Changes from RW-1013	
	818503 RAILSWEEP		$(16) \qquad \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad  $
12 8 13 1	500697 FHSS 1/2-13x1-3/4 501781 ASSY, CYLINDER, REAR, Ø2", RW-1013 HD	Front  Heavier Front mounting plate	
	501797 DET, PIN, CYL ROD, RW-1013 HD	<ul> <li>Heavier Front mounting plate</li> <li>Heavier crosstube 1/8"thk&gt; 1/4"thk</li> </ul>	
15 1	501795 DET, ROD BRACKET, REAR, RW-1013 HD	<ul> <li>One piece suspension mount</li> <li>Changed to A10 suspension fron A6 suspension</li> </ul>	(15)
16 1	501796 DET, ROD BRACKET, REAR, RW-1013 HD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
17 4 18 2	500696 FHSS 1/2-13x1-3/4 HSNUT 1.2500-7-D-N HEX NUT, SLOTTED, 1-1/4-7	Rear	$(14) \qquad (2)$
	FW 1.25 FLAT WASHER	<ul> <li>Changed to 2" cylinder from rotary acutator</li> <li>Heavier Rear Brackets</li> </ul>	
	HBOLT 0.6250-11x3.5x3.5-N	<ul> <li>Heavier crosstube 1/8"thk&gt; 1/4"thk</li> </ul>	
	HNUT 0.6250-11-D-N	<ul> <li>One piece suspension mount</li> <li>Changed to A10 suspension fron A6 suspension</li> </ul>	
22 4	HBOLT 0.5000-13x1.75x1.75-C	- Griangeu to A to suspension from Ao suspension	
	HNUT 0.5000-13-D-N	Updates made to PNR units to bring to current DMF standard	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	LW 0.5	Exterior switches changed to enclosed push button from toggle switche.	
26 4	HBOLT 0.3750-16x2.5x2.5-N	refer to 5008	
27 4	HBOLT 0.3750-16x1.75x1.75-N	Installation (retrofit) from PW 1012 to PW1012 LD	
	HBOLT 0.3750-16x1.5x1.5-N	Installation (retrofit) from RW-1013 to RW1013HD	
	FW 0.375	Front But 1010 in the first transfer of the state of the	
	HNUT 0.3750-16-D-N	Remove existing RW-1013 including front mounting plate Installation is indentical to standard RW-1013.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
31 1	500199 WELDMENT, SWING FRAME, SHORT (6") HD	Refer to RW-1013 Manual section 513201/202 and drawing 513081.	
	RW-1013HD	Refer to RW-1013 Manual section 513201/202 and drawing 513081. Reuse the channel cross beam and related hardware.  Electrical  Existing units may have toggle switches installed which will be replaced with enlosed push button switches. Refer to 501802.  Hydraulic  The only hydraulic change is the replacement of the rear actuator with a cylinder. Re-install hydraulic line as shown on 513081HYD. Refer to 501800 for standard arrangement.  Rail Pressure  Rail pressure is set using 3/4" shim in front and 1" shim inthe rear as with standard RW-1013. Refer to RW-1013 Manual section 3.4.  Weight testing  Railgear should be test at min equipped weight and at max GVWR. Refer to RW-1013 Manual sections 3, 4 & 5.	29 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
	FRONT ASSEMBLY 502031 (PARTS AS 502020/21 EXCEPT V	WHERE NOTED)	REV   DATE   DESCRIPTION   BY   APP



ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	500294	1	PILOT PLATE DETAIL
2	500280	2	LUG ASSEMBLY
3	500274	4	PIVOT THRUST WASHER (1.00°ID × 2.00°OD × 1/8°)
4	500270	2	PIVOT PIN DETAIL
5	500160	2	10" NON-INSUL WHEEL, SPINDLE, BEARINGS, SPACERS & NUT ASSY.
6	500230	1	REGULAR (10-3/4") FRAME WELDMENT
7	500320	5	NO6 BODY FLEXRIDE SUSPENSION
8	500321	2	NO6 FLEXRIDE SUSPENSION ARM 115mm
9	500710	1	ACTUATOR (HELAC - 27003) (10KS)
10	500262	2	DRIVE COLLAR DETAIL (HELAC - 24826)
11	500260	4	HELAC MOUNTING SPACER DETAIL
12			
13	500696	4	SET SCREW (FHSS - 1/2"-13UNC x 1-3/4" LOCKING)
14	500697	8	SET SCREW (FHSS - 1/2"-13UNC x 1-3/4")
15	500699	8	PREVAILING TORQUE NUT (1/2"-13UNC)
16	500698	8	CASE HARDENED FLAT WASHER (FW - 1/2 °)
17	PUR.	2	MOUNTING BOLT (5/8"-11UNC x 1-3/4" Gr.8)
18	PUR.	2	HEX NUT (5/8'-11UNC Gr.8)
19	500685	12	NYLON LOCK NUT (3/8'-16UNC)
20	500686	24	FLAT WASHER (FW-3/8")
21	500124B0	2	SPINDLE SPACER (1/8" THICK) (QTY. 8 IF NO RAILSWEEP)
55	500130	2	COTTER PIN (1/4"x 2-1/2")
23	500128	2	SLOTTED NUT (1-1/4°-12UNF)
24	500687	12	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS - 3/8"-16UNC x 1-1/4")
25	PUR.	2	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS - 1/2"-20UNC x 3/-1/2" Gr.5)
26	PUR.	2	HEX NUT (HN 1/2"-20UNC)
27	PUR.	2	FLAT WAHER (FW 1/2°)
28	500694	8	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS 3/8'-16 x 1' Gr.8)
29	500695	8	LOCK WASHER (LW 3/8" Gr.8)
30	500330	2	DERAIL SKID WELDMENT
31	500692	2	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS 3/8'-16UNC x 2-1/2' Gr.5)
32	500693	2	NYLOCK NUT (3/8'-16UNC)
33	500288	2	BRONZE BUSHING (McMASTER 6364K36)
34	500399	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY, AXLE SET (OPTIONAL)
35			
36			

PRE 2008

Æ	8/23/05	REMOVED HELAC ACTUATOR PAD 500266	WAK	
$\triangle$	4/23/03	REVISED SPINDLE 500118, FROM 6 TO 4 COLLAR BOLTS	WAK	
RE∨	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	APP
TOLERAN	ICES:	TITLE:		

12/12/00

COMPAN SENSE PREVAILS
FRAC, MACH. # 17/62
FRAC, OINTER: # 17/62

XXXX DR XXXXX 8. 005
DRILL SIZES: \* 0.015
ANGLAR: # 17
SURF FINISH: # 125
HEREADS: RA AND 2B
BROSE SERVICES 1 0.01 0.7 wh. |

RW-1013 BASIC CORE UNIT, REAR 2007 AND PRIOR

DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404)875-1512

DATE: DRAWING NUMBER: REV:

502002 B

Repacking & Adjusting Rail Wheel Bearings (RW-1013HD 2008+ only)
ALL RAIL WHEELS SHOULD BE INSPECTED BEFORE RAIL USE.

Any excessive noise, roughness, looseness, or binding should be

If any of the above conditions are noticed, the hubcap should be removed and the condition of the bearings, bearing grease and spindle hardware inspected. Any worn hardware should be replaced. The spindle nut and setscrew should be inspected prior to reuse. The bearings should be repacked and re-adjusted. Replacement spindle nuts can be obtained by contacting DMF as given below.

The bearing adjustment procedure is as follows:

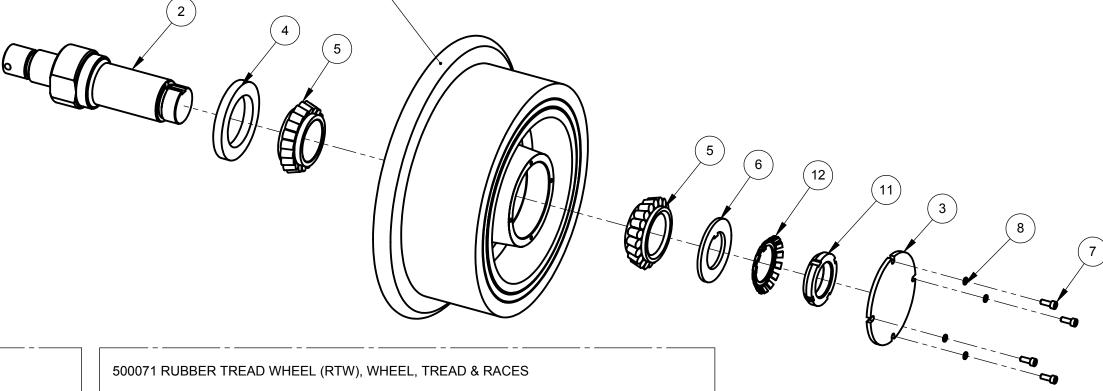
- 1. Clean guide wheel bore and races.
- 2. Pack bearings and bore cavity with Quaker State Lithium EP#2.
- 3. Assemble components as shown.
- 4. Tighten spindle nut to approximately 25-50 ft-lbs.5. Rotate wheel one full turn in each direction.
- 6. Loosen spindle nut.

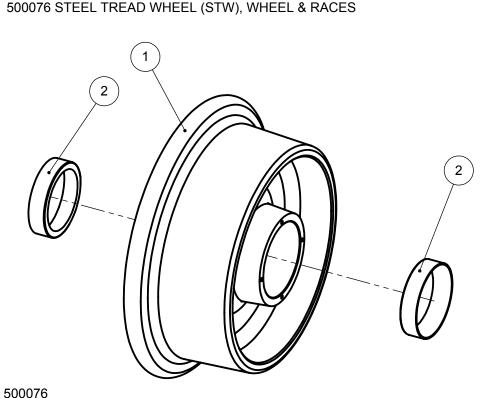
investigated.

- 7. Tighten spindle nut by hand while turning wheel until snug. 8. Back off spindle nut 1/8 turn (1/8 turn should give the
- recommended 0.005" to 0.010" of endplay)

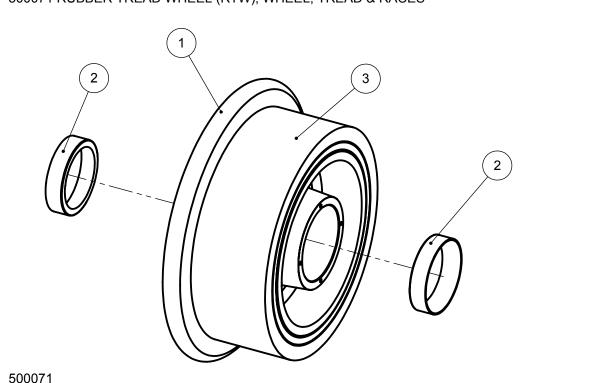
This procedure will reliably produce endplay in the desired range if it is frequently checked against an indicator measurement. DMF recommends that endplay be checked with a dial indicator.

		ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
		1	1	500071 OR 500076	ASSY, RAILWHEEL, 1013HD, WHL, TRD & RACES (RTW OR STW)
		2	1	500120	DETAIL,SPINDLE,HD,RW-1013HD
		3	1	500078BO	BO,HUBCAP,RW-1013HD
		4	1	500108	SEAL, RW-1013, N412920/CR22532
		5	2	500102	BEARING CONE (TIMKEN 25590)
	_	6	1	10596	WASHER,TONGUE (TIMKEN K-91508)
	1	7	4	HX-SHCS 0.19-24x0.5x0.5-N	
	$\overline{}$	8	4	Hi Collar LW 0.19	
2					





ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500075	DETAIL, RAILWHEEL, RW-1013HD, STW
2	2	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)



ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION			
1	1	500070	DET,RAILWHEEL,RTW,1013HD			
2	2	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)			
3	1	500144	TREAD, RUBBER,RW-1013			

**Replacing Treads** 

1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

2. Prepare the out board face of the rubber tread for drilling by grinding a flat on both rubber and metal band. Grind to a depth that will remove the chamfer on the band (approximately 3/16"). The width of the flat should be 3/8" minimum. Take care to prevent damage to wheel. If no chamfer is present, skip to step 3.

3. Center punch the prepared flat at the center of the metal band. Drill the band full depth using 9/32" drill.

4. Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin.

5. Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

Alternate Procedure using Mill: (added 5/29/03)

1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

2. Using an end mill, side cut through the rubber and steel band.

3. Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin if necessary.

4. Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

B								
$\triangle$	-	-					-	
REV	DATE			DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			APP
FRAC, MA FRAC, OT .X .XX .XX	S SPECIFIED)  CH: ± 1/32*	RW-	1013		RAILWHEEL,RW- 2008 to p al fabricators,inc.(4	present	' & ST	W
DRILL SIZES: + .015 ANGULAR: ± 1° SURF FINISH: 125 MICRO THREADS: 2A AND 2B BEEAS SHAPP EDGES (0.000 X 40° MAX.)		DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE: 7/23/08		DRAWING NUMBI 500072/500		REV: #

#### **New Hardware:**

In 2004 DMF began using a locking spindle nut (NSH-04) in place of the (N-04) used previously. Units equipped with the N-04 nut can be upgraded to the locking nut. The tab-washer is no longer used.

Repacking and Adjusting Rail Wheel Bearings (RW-1013 only) ALL RAIL WHEELS SHOULD BE INSPECTED BEFORE RAIL USE. Any excessive noise, roughness, looseness, or binding should be investigated.

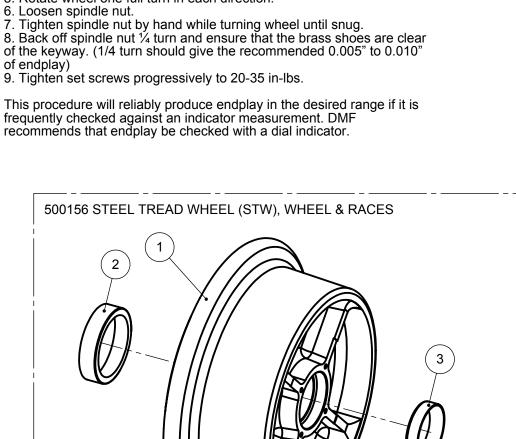
If any of the above conditions are noticed, the hubcap should be removed and the condition of the bearings, bearing grease and spindle hardware inspected. Any worn hardware should be replaced. The spindle nut and setscrew should be inspected prior to reuse. The bearings should be repacked and re-adjusted. Replacement spindle nuts can be obtained by contacting DMF as given below.

The bearing adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Clean guide wheel bore and races.
- 2. Pack bearings and bore cavity with Quaker State Lithium EP#2.
- 3. Assemble components as shown.
- 4. Tighten spindle nut to approximately 25-50 ft-lbs.5. Rotate wheel one full turn in each direction.

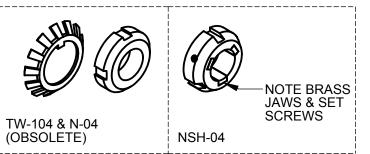
- of the keyway. (1/4 turn should give the recommended 0.005" to 0.010" of endplay)

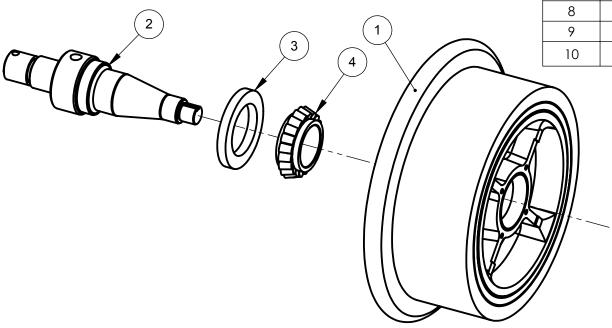
This procedure will reliably produce endplay in the desired range if it is frequently checked against an indicator measurement. DMF recommends that endplay be checked with a dial indicator.

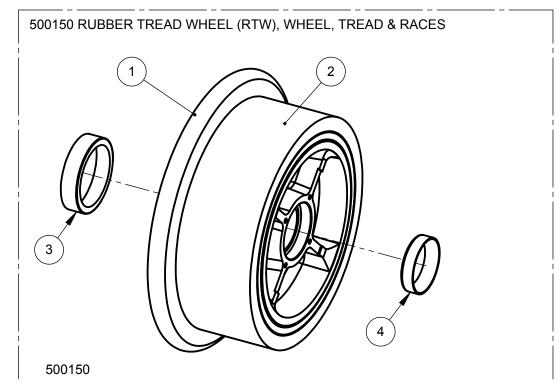


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ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500062	DETAIL,RAILWHEEL,STW,RW-1013
2	1	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)
3	1	500104	BEARING RACE OUTER, RW-1013 (TIMKEN 15243)

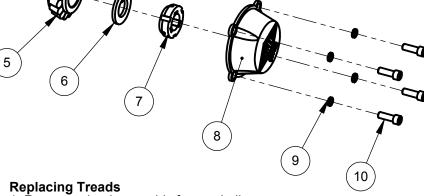






ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500050	DETAIL,RAILWHEEL,RTW,1013
2	1	500144	TREAD, RUBBER,RW-1013
3	1	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)
4	1	500104	BEARING RACE OUTER,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 15243)

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500050	DETAIL,RAILWHEEL,RTW,1013
2	1	500118	DETAIL,SPINDLE,RW-1013
3	1	500108	SEAL, RW-1013, N412920/CR22532
4	1	500102	BEARING CONE (TIMKEN 25590)
5	1	500106	BEARING CONE, RW-1013 OUTER (TIMKEN 15106)
6	1	500110	WASHER,TONGUE,K-19504, HARDENED
7	1	500119	nut,spindle,locking, nsh-04
8	1	500132	HUBCAP,CAST,RW-1013
9	4	LW 0.25	
10	4	SHCS 0.25-20x0.75	



1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

2. Prepare the out board face of the rubber tread for drilling by grinding a flat on both rubber and metal band. Grind to a depth that will remove the chamfer on the band (approximately 3/16"). The width of the flat should be 3/8" minimum. Take care to prevent damage to wheel. If no chamfer is present, skip to step 3.

Center punch the prepared flat at the center of the metal band. Drill the band full depth using 9/32" drill.
 Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin.
 Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel

surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

Alternate Procedure using Mill: (added 5/29/03)

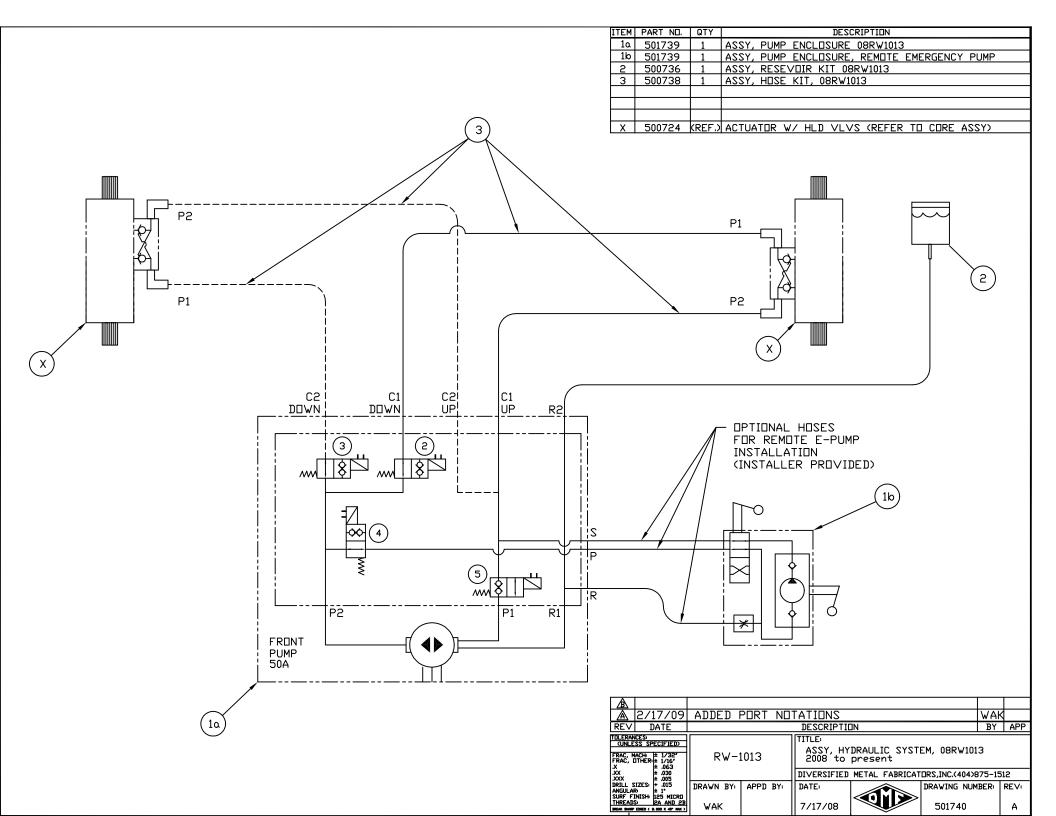
1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

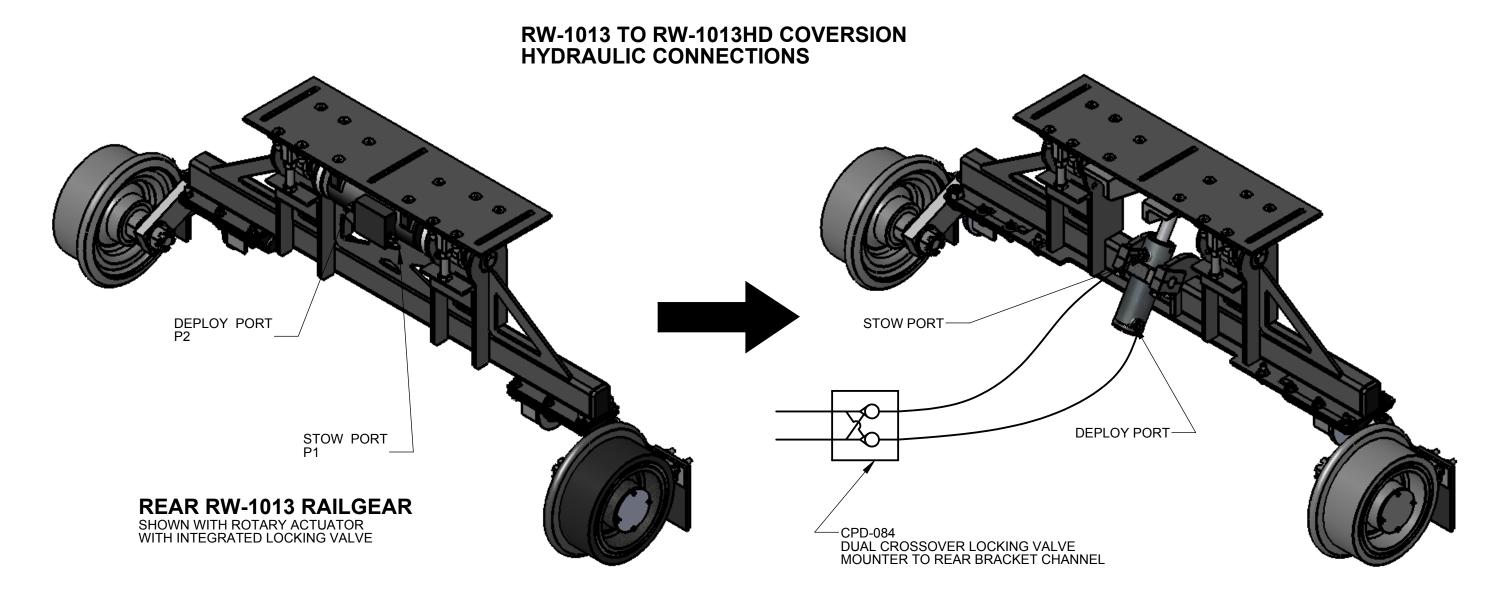
2. Using an end mill, side cut through the rubber and steel band.

3. Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin if

4. Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

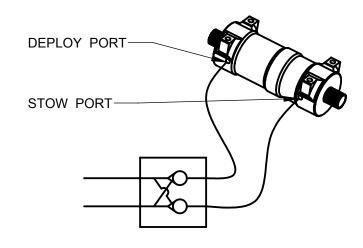
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REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION			BY	APF	
TOLERANCES:   (UNLESS SPECIFIED)		1013		/,RAILWHEEL,RW 2000 THR al fabricators,inc.(4	U 2007	& STW		
DRILL SIZES ANGULAR SURF FINIS THREADS:	± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	7/23/08		500160/500		REV: #





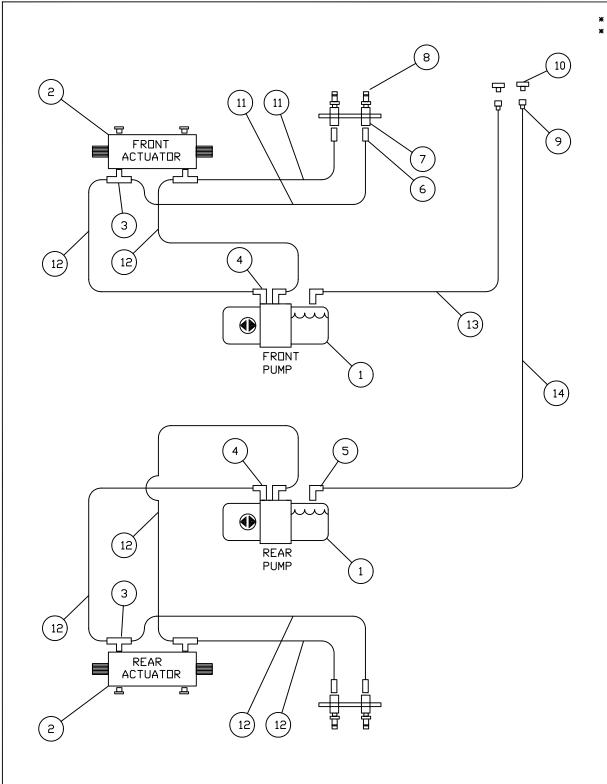
# **REAR RW-1013HD RAILGEAR**

Ø2" CYLINDER AMD EXTERNAL LOCKING VALVE



ROTARY ACTUATOR
W/ EXTERNAL LOCKING VALVES

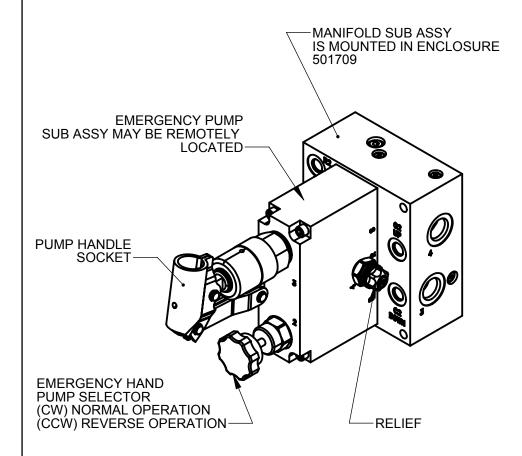
RW-1013 TO RW-1013HD COVERSION HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS RW-1013HD CONVERSION 513081HYD



ITEM	PART ND.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1		_	PUMP, 108AM32-BL-1HT REFER TO PUMP ASSY
2			ACTUATOR, HK10KSFT180DA REFER TO CORE ASSY
3	-	(REF.)	FITTING, 6803-4-4-4, REFER CORE ASSY
4	-	(REF.)	FITTING, 6801-NWO-4-4, REFER TO PUMP ASSY
5	_	(REF.)	FITTING, 2504-4-4, REFER TO PUMP ASSY
6	500616	4	FITTING, 2404-4-4
7	500616	4	FITTING, W21204
8	500616	4	FITTING, PDP-242 NIPPLE
9	500616	2	FITTING, 5405-4-6
10	500616	2	BREATHER, MONARCH 03171
11	500742	2	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 2'-4"
12	500743	6	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 3'-2"
13	500741	1	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 7'-10"
14	500740	1	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 18'-0"
15	500745	1	PUMP, EMERG ASSY, HP61-DA50 (NDT SHDWN)

NOTE: FOR ELECTRICAL DETAILS REFER TO SCHEMATICS 500754A/B OR 500755A/B

<u> </u>							
<u>A</u>  -	_					-	
REV DATE			DESCRIPTION	JN .		BY	APP
TOLERANCES:  (UNLESS SPECIFIED)  FRAC, MACH ± 1/32' FRAC, DIHER! ± 1/16' .X ± .063 .XX ± .030 .XXX ± .030	RW-1	1013	2002-200	C SCHEMATIC, 8 METAL FABRICAT		375-15	12
DRILL SIZES: + .015 ANGULAR: ± 1*	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE	4	DRAWING NUM	IBER:	REV□
SURF FINISH 125 MICRU THREADS 2A AND 2B	WAK		02/03/02		500701		#



501737 RW-1013 MANIFOLD & EMERGENCY PUMP ASSY

#### **EMERGENCY HAND PUMP OPERATION**

#### TO RAISE GEAR

- 1. TURN OFF RAILGEAR SYSTEM AT CAB POWER SWITCH
- LOCATE HAND PUMP

#### MAY BE MOUNTED:

- IN CROSS BODY TOOL BOX
- IN SERVICE BODY CABINETS
- REMOTELY MOUNTED ON OR BEHIND BUMPER
- 3. DO NOT INSERT HANDLE INTO SOCKET UNTIL STEP 7
  HANDLE MAY MOVE DURING STEP 6
- 4. TURN SELECTOR FULLY CLOCKWISE (CW)
- 5. OPEN RELIEF (CCW) TO EQUALIZE CIRCUÍT
- 6. CLOSE RELIEF (CW)
- INSERT HANDLÈ
- B. PUMP HANDLE (PUMPS ON UP AND DOWN STROKE)

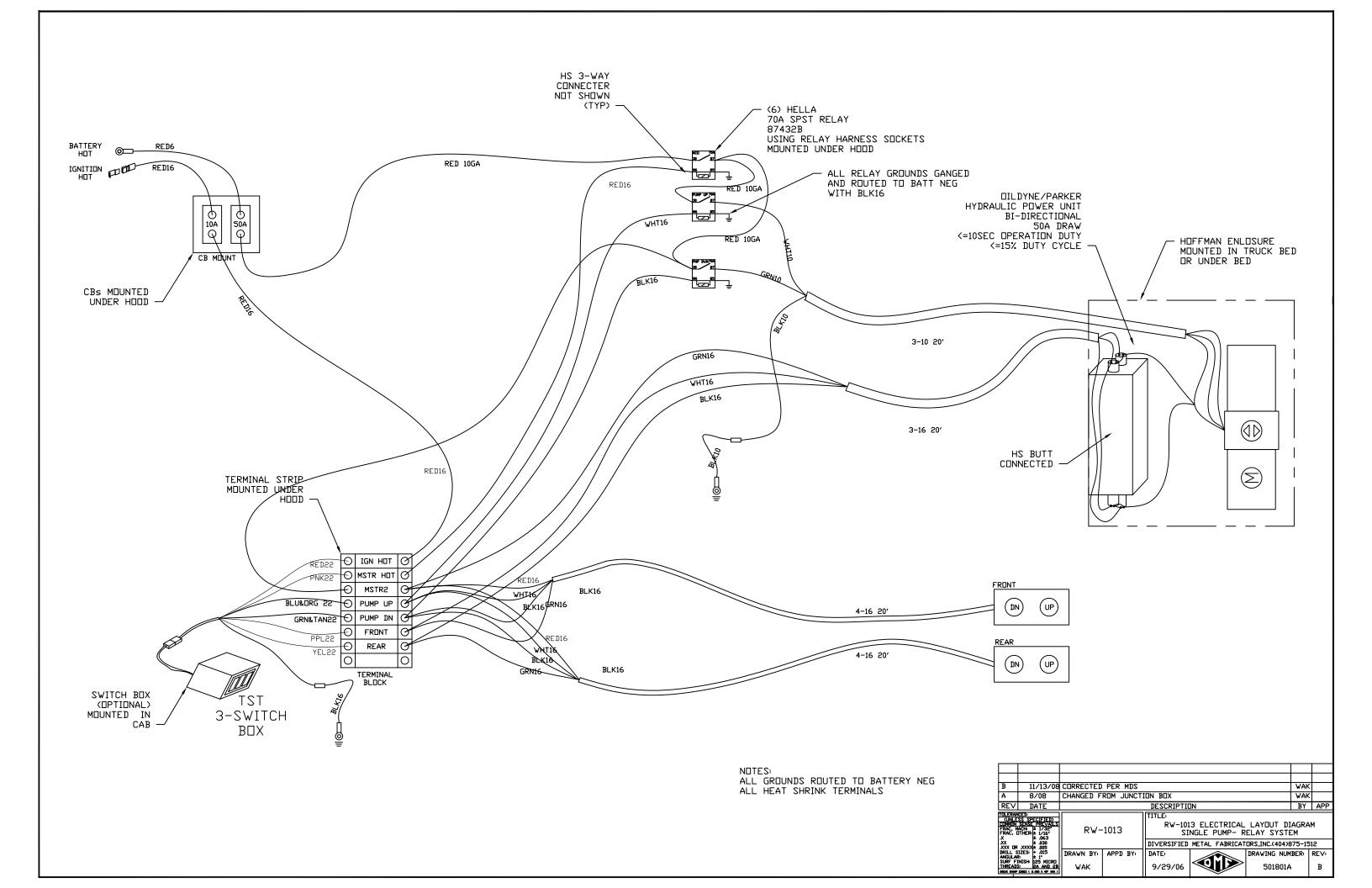
# FRONT AND REAR RAILGEAR MAY NOT MOVE TOGETHER, PUMP UNTIL BOTH UNITS ARE STOWED

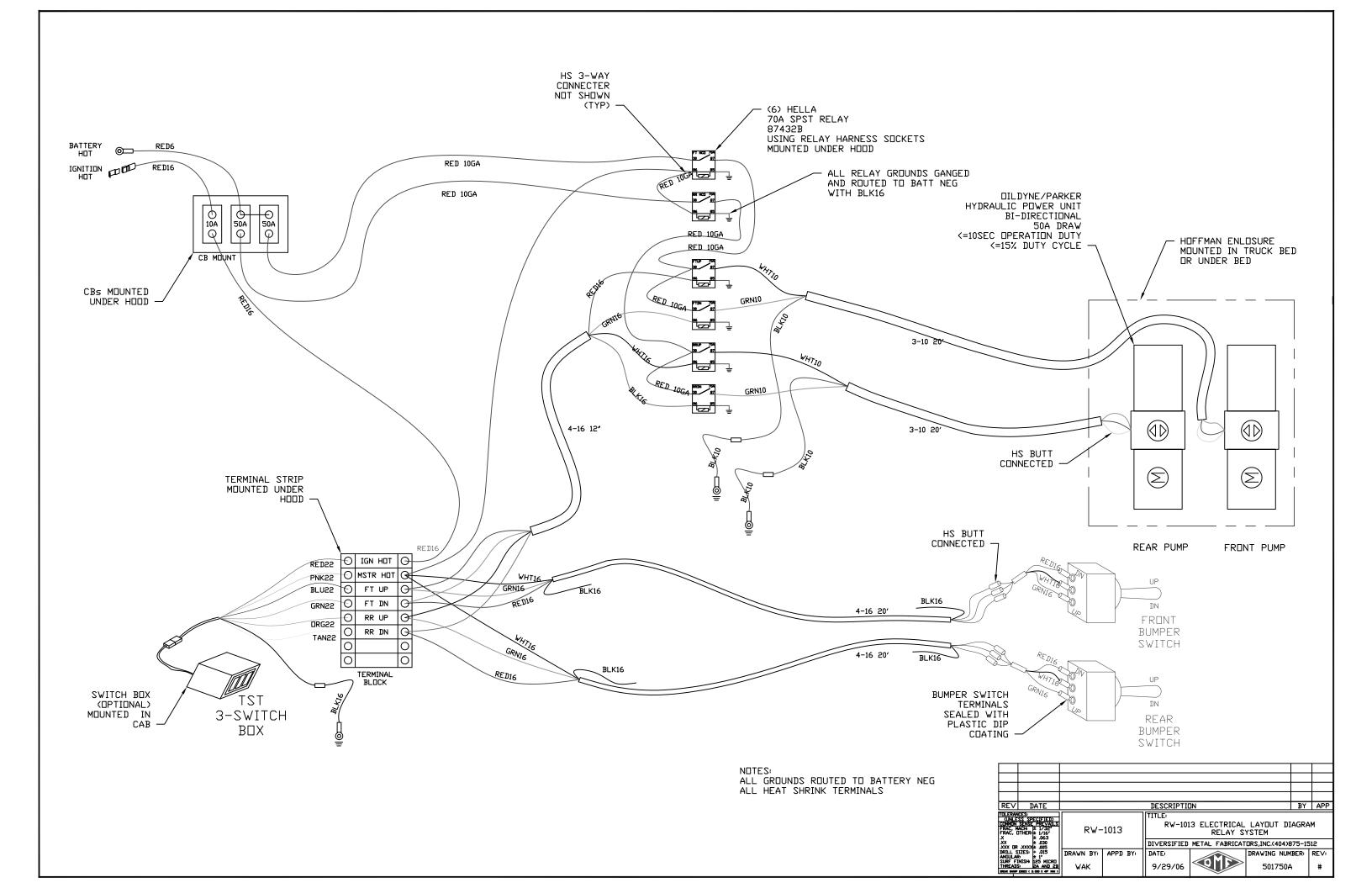
- 9. WHEN RAIL GEAR IS RAISED COMPLETELY RESTRAIN WITH CHAINS OR CARGO STRAPS TO MOVE ON HIGHWAY
- TAKE VEHICLE IN FOR SERVICE

#### NOTE:

HAND PUMP IS INTENDED ONLY TO ALLOW A MALFUNCTIONING VEHICLE TO BE REMOVED FROM THE RAIL. PLEASE TAKE VEHICLE IN FOR SERVICE IF HAND PUMP OPERATION IS REQUIRED.

B								
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REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION			BY	APP	
TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED)  FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32" FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16" .X ± 0.63 .XX ± 0.30		RW-	1013	TITLE:  EMERGENCY HAND PUMP INSTRUCTIONS 2008 to present  DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404) 875-1512			IS	
.XXX DRILL SIZES: ANGULAR: SURF FINISH: THREADS:	± .005 + .015 ± 1° 125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE: 9/04/08		DRAWING NUMBI 501737	ER:	REV:





# DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC.

# 509009 00-10 GM C/K25HD 00-11 GM 2500 Suburban WHEEL ADAPTER KIT



# April 2011

SERIAL NUMBER (FRONT)	
CEDIAL NUMBER (DEAD)	
SERIAL NUMBER (REAR)	

# NOTE:

Please refer to the serial numbers when ordering parts or inquiring about warranty items.

# GM Wheel Adapter Kit

#### Description

Diversified Metal Fabricator's 509009 Wheel Adapter Kit allows for the use of factory Accuride rims on '00-'10 GM 25HD, 3500 SRW, and 2500 Suburban/Yukon vehicles for use on rail.

#### **Kit Contents**

#### Spacer Kit w/ wheel (509009)

(5)	28680	Accuride Rim 19.5x6-3/4
(4)	10822	Wheel Adapter
(2)	551002	3/16 Spacer (REAR ONLY)
(32)	10826	M20 Split Flange Lug Nut

### Spacer Kit w/o wheels (509014)

(4)	10822	Wheel Adapter
(2)	551002	3/16 Spacer (REAR ONLY)
(32)	10826	M20 Split Flange Lug Nut

# Optional TPMS Kit (10836), per wheel

(1)	10837	TPMS Sensor 20158 (includes nut & cap)
(1)	10838	Washer
(1)	10839	Gromet

<sup>\*</sup> To order a TPMS kit for a complete truck (all 4 wheels), order DMF part number 10833.

#### **Tires**

DMF has tested and recommends the following tires for this application:

#### Mud/Snow/All position

Goodyear G124 245/70R19.5 Michelin XDE M/S 245/70R19.5

#### Steer/Highway

Goodyear G647 245/70R19.5

Other tires may be suitable but the customer must verify that the tread width is sufficient to ensure rail coverage.

#### **Lug-Nut Torque**

Vehicle Hub to Adapter (14mm) 140 ft-lbs Adapter to Accuride Rim (20mm) 250+ ft-lbs

#### **Tire Pressure**

Tires should be set according to the tire manufacturer's load charts based on axle loads. Typically this runs from 75-100 PSI. Ride and tire wear may be improved by avoiding excessive pressures but low pressures are not safe.

DMF Recommends the following tire pressures:

Suburbans/Yukons: 75-90 PSI Pickups/Chassis Caps: 85-100 PSI

# Installation

See Figure 1: Wheel Mod Kit Installation drawing 509009 on following page.

# Wheel Modification Kit - Inspection & Maintenance

- · Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.)
- · After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- · Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months.

#### Warnings!

- · Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- · Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications.
  - Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- · Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- · Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatique and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

#### **Dry Lug Torqueš**

Adapter to Wheel 250+ FT-LBS

Adapter to Hub 140 FT

Unless otherwise specified both these wheels kits use factory studs & nuts.

#### **Balance & Rotation**

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer.

Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions.

Rims provided by DMF may be "low point marked" which can be useful for customers

who can get run-out marked tires. (National Accounts/OEM)

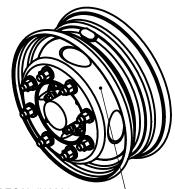
#### **Tires**

Required Tire Size: 245/70R19.5

Recommend Tires: Goodyear G124 (mud&snow), Michelin XDE M/S (mud&snow), Goodyear G647 (highway)

Tire inflation: per tire manufacturer's load charts or recommendations.

#### TIRE NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY

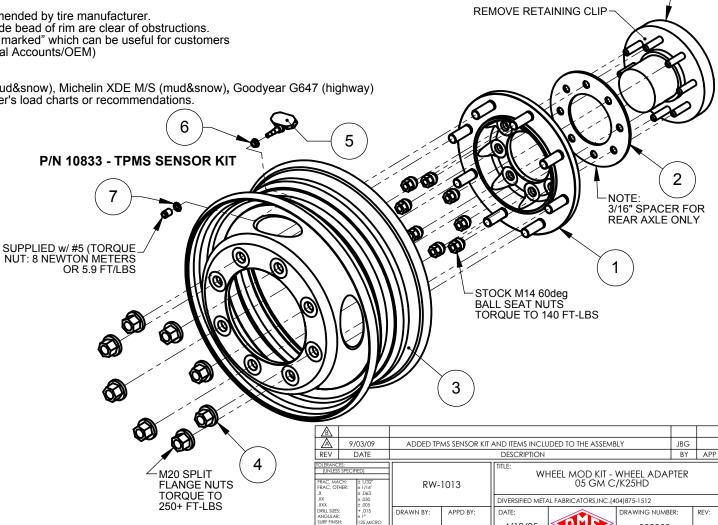


APPLY DECAL #10831

IMPORTANT WHEEL INFORMATION! WHEEL ADAPTER INFO FOR: '00-'05 GM 3/4 & 1 TON TRUCKS & SUBURBANS USING ACCURIDE 28680 RIMS HAND TORQUE TO: ADAPTER/VEHICLE HUB: 140 FT-LBS (Ø14mm) ACCURIDE RIM/ADAPTER: 300 FT-LBS (Ø20mm)

USE STOCK M14x1.5 60° CONE NUTS FOR USE PROVIDED M20x1.5 SPLIT FLANGE NUT FOR

WHEEL/ADAPTER ATTACHMENT



THREADS:

PART NO.

4

2

4

32

5

5

5

10824

10827

10826

10837

10839

10838

2 551002

3

4

5

DESCRIPTION

WHEEL SPACER, FOR ADAPTER, 05 GM C/K25HD (REAR ONLY)

**GM HUB** 

(REAR SHOWN)-

WHEEL ADAPTER, 05 GM C/K25HD

ACCURIDE RIM, 28680, 19.5x6.75

M20x1.5 SPLIT-FLANGE LUG NUT

TPMS ADAPTER GROMET - GM

TPMS ADAPTER WASHER - GM

4/18/05

WAK

509009

Α

TPMS SENSOR, GM '07 - '08

#### Install TPMS Sensors (if equipped)

- 1. See Figure 1 (Drawing 509009, on previous page) for instructions.
- 2. Relocate vehicle TPMS reciever

#### **Install and Inflate Tires**

1. See Tire Pressure information on page 2 of this document.

#### Remove Stock Wheels & Tires

- 2. The tires must be mounted and balanced on the Accuride rims.
- 3. The vehicle should be lifted and properly supported.
- 4. The stock wheels and tires are removed and the stock lug nuts are retained

# **Install Steering Stops**

- 5. Remove "Lower Kingpin Nut" from each side
- 6. Install Steering Stop as shown on each side using provided HNM16 Type C nut.
- 7. Move Steering from Lock to Lock and verify that Steering Stop is contacting stop surfaces.

#### Install Adapters, Wheels & Tires

- 8. (2) Retaining clips per hub (shown in fig 2) are removed and discarded
- 9. (4) Wheel Adapters are mounted using stock lug nuts. 3/16" spacers are used on rear axle only. Torque as specified above.
- 10. (4) Accuride Rims with tires are mounted to the Wheel Adapter using the provided M20 Split Flange Nuts. Torque as specified above.

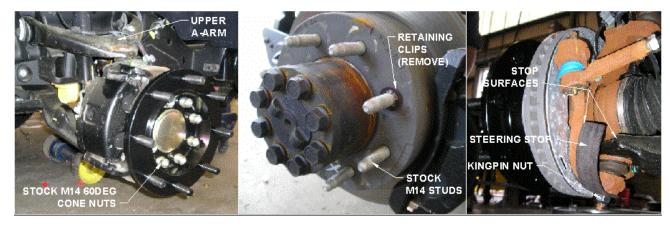


Figure 1: Wheel Adapter Details

#### **Test and Verify Steering Stops**

- 11. Verify that the rims do not contact the Upper A-Arms in any steering position, in normal suspension position and full suspension droop.
- 12. If clearance is excessive (+1/2"), the Steering Stops can be carefully ground to provide maximum steering angle.
- 13. Verify that all brake, ABS sensor and other wires or hoses are clear in all steering and suspension positions. Restrain if necessary.

#### **Relocate TPMS Receiver Module**

In order to improve reception of TPMS sensors the TPMS receiver module is relocated.

- 14. Remove rear seat.
- 15. Remove trim panel on driver's side B-Pillar (C-pillar on crew cab models).
- 16. Remove #25 10A Fuse from under hood fuse box on drivers side.
- 17. Unplug wire from the TPMS Receiver Module.
- 18. Remove TPMS Module from B-Pillar.



Figure 2: TPMS Receiver on B-Pillar (looking from drivers side doorway)

- 19. Note the order and orientation of the wires on the green connector.
- 20. Remove the wires from the connector using a paper clip or similar tool. Insert the tool into the plug holes on the end to free the wires.

21.



Figure 3: Floorboard Hole Location w/ Strain Relief (drivers's side to right)

- 22. Drill a ¾" hole in the floor board 2-1/2" inboard of the driver's side out board seat mounting stud.
- 23. Install ¾" Strain Relief to floorboards.
- 24. Drill a 34" hole in the 4x4x2 Electrical Enclosure note location of mounting feet.
- 25. Install 3/4" Strain Relief to Enclosure.



Figure 4: Mounted Enclosure w/ Module & Wiring (looking forward)

- 26. Mount the Enclosure to the driver's side rear corner of the cab as shown above using ¼-20 machine screws, nuts, flat washers and lock washers.
- 27. Measure and trim Flexible Conduit.
- 28. Install Flexible Conduit to Strain Reliefs.
- 29. Route module wiring through the Flexible Conduit and into Enclosure.
- 30. Re-insert wiring into the connector in the noted order. Ensure that wire "click" into place
- 31. Install TPMS Receiver Module in the Enclosure and pack with foam to protect the unit from vibration.
- 32. Tuck wiring behind insulation and re-install pillar trim.

#### **Re-Learn Sensor Positions**

33. Using the Tech2 Tool or manual method, re-set the sensor positions. Refer to your GM dealer for correct procedures.

#### Install TPMS Sensors (if equipped)

3. See Figure 1 (Drawing 509009, on previous page) for instructions.

#### **Install and Inflate Tires**

34. See Tire Pressure information on page 2 of this document.

#### Remove Stock Wheels & Tires

- 35. The tires must be mounted and balanced on the Accuride rims.
- 36. The vehicle should be lifted and properly supported.
- 37. The stock wheels and tires are removed and the stock lug nuts are retained

### **Install Steering Stops**

- 38. Remove "Lower Kingpin Nut" from each side
- 39. Install Steering Stop as shown on each side using provided HNM16 Type C nut.
- 40. Move Steering from Lock to Lock and verify that Steering Stop is contacting stop surfaces.

#### Install Adapters, Wheels & Tires

- 41. (2) Retaining clips per hub (shown in fig 2) are removed and discarded
- 42. (4) Wheel Adapters are mounted using stock lug nuts. 3/16" spacers are used on rear axle only. Torque as specified above.
- 43. (4) Accuride Rims with tires are mounted to the Wheel Adapter using the provided M20 Split Flange Nuts. Torque as specified above.

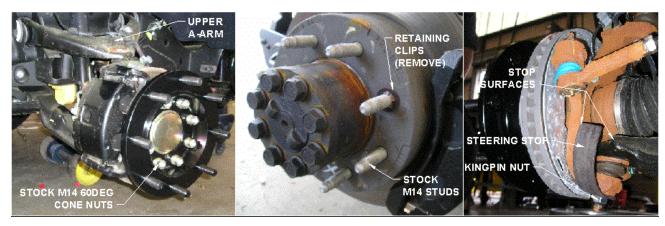


Figure 5: Wheel Adapter Details

# **Test and Verify Steering Stops**

- 44. Verify that the rims do not contact the Upper A-Arms in any steering position, in normal suspension position and full suspension droop.
- 45. If clearance is excessive (+1/2"), the Steering Stops can be carefully ground to provide maximum steering angle.
- 46. Verify that all brake, ABS sensor and other wires or hoses are clear in all steering and suspension positions. Restrain if necessary.

#### Re-calibrating Speedometer (typically done by dealership or tire shop)

47. There are no Speedometer settings for 19.5 tires. The best setting available is for 20" rims. This has been shown to read 3-4mph high at highway speeds.

#### **Program Tire Pressure Monitoring System**

- 48. Using the Tech2 tool follow this menu path:
  - Remote Control Door Lock Receiver
  - Module setup
  - Tire Type Pressure Selection
  - Set front and rear tires to Load Range E
  - Set Tire Pressure to 80 PSI

This will allow tire pressures from 68 to 92 psi.

#### **Re-Learn Sensor Positions**

49. Using the Tech2 Tool or manual method, re-set the sensor positions. Refer to your GM dealer for correct procedures.

# Inspection & Maintenance

- Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.)
- After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months. See Lug-Nut Torque on page 2.

#### Warnings!

- Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications. Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatigue and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

#### **Balance & Rotation**

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer. Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions.

# DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC.

# 509010 MY06-11 Ford F2/350 WHEEL ADAPTER KIT



Revised: Feburary 2011

SERIAL NUMBER (FRONT)	
SERIAL NUMBER (REAR)	

# NOTE:

Please refer to the serial numbers when ordering parts or inquiring about warranty items.

# 05 FORD Wheel Adapter Kit

#### Description

Diversified Metal Fabricator's 509010 Wheel Adapter Kit allows for the use of factory Accuride rims on MY06- Ford F250 and F350 SRW vehicles for use on rail.

#### **Kit Contents**

#### Spacer Kit w/ wheel (509010)

(5)	28680	Accuride Rim 19.5x6-3/4
(4)	10821	Wheel Adapter
(32)	10826	M20 Split Flange Lug Nut
(5)	10832	Decal, Wheel Adapter, 05F2/350
(1)	10848	Decal. TPMS, 10F2/350

#### Spacer Kit w/o wheels (509014)

(4)	10821	Wheel Adapter
(32)	10826	M20 Split Flange Lug Nut
(5)	10832	Decal, Wheel Adapter, 05F2/350
(1)	10848	Decal, TPMS, 10-11 F2/350

#### Optional TPMS Kit (10844), per wheel (05-09 F2/250 only)

(1)	10841	TPMS Sensor (includes nut & cap)
(1)	10842	Cradle
(1)	10843	Mounting Band

# Optional TPMS Kit (10857), per wheel (2010+ F2/250 only)

(1)	10853	TPMS Sensor (includes nut & cap)
(1)	10852	Valve Stem, Dill VS-925A
(1)	10839	Gromet, Adapter Valve, 11 TO 16MM
(1)	10838	WASHER, TPMS ADAPTER

#### **Tires**

DMF has tested and recommends the following tires for this application:

### Mud/Snow/All position

Goodyear G124	225/70R19.5
Michelin XDE M/S	225/70R19.5

#### Steer/Highway

Goodyear G647 225/70R19.5

Other tires may be suitable but the customer must verify that the tread width is sufficient to ensure rail coverage.

#### **Lug-Nut Torque**

Vehicle Hub to Adapter (14mm) 165 ft-lbs Adapter to Accuride Rim (20mm) 250+ ft-lbs

#### **Tire Pressure**

Tires should be set according to the tire manufacturer's load charts based on axle loads. Typically this runs from 75-100 PSI. Ride and tire wear may be improved by avoiding excessive pressures but low pressures are not safe.

# Wheel Modification Kit - Inspection & Maintenance

- · Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.)
- · After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- · Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months.

#### Warnings!

- · Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- · Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications.
  - Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- · Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatigue and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

#### **Dry Lug Torques**

Adapter to Wheel 250+ FT-LBS

Adapter to Hub 165 FT

Unless otherwise specified both these wheels kits use factory studs & nuts.

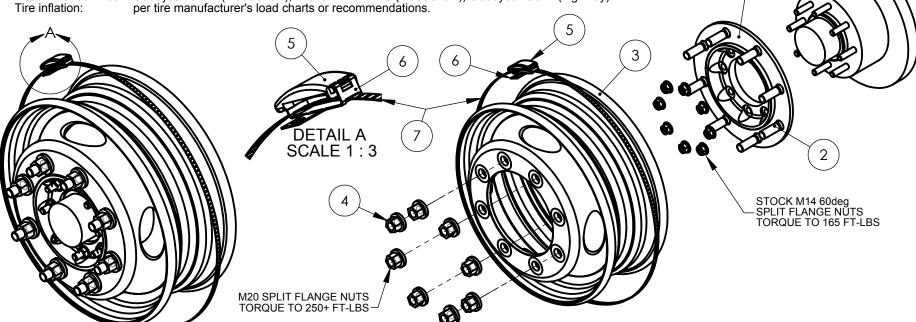
#### **Balance & Rotation**

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer. Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions. Rims provided by DMF may be "low point marked" which can be useful for customers who can get run-out marked tires. (National Accounts/OEM)

#### **Tires**

Required Tire Size: 225/70R19.5

Recommend Tires: Goodyear G124 (mud&snow), Michelin XDE M/S (mud&snow), Goodyear G647 (highway)



PART NO.

32

5

32

4

4

4

2

10821

28680

10825

10841

10842

10843

515021

2 10826

3

# KIT P/N #10844 - TPMS SENSOR KIT '08 FORD (1-TIRE)

Installation of TPMS Sensor:Item #6 (metal cradle) can either use the circular hole cut out to go over valve stem or use Item #7 (universal band) to secure sensor in position to rim. #6 metal bracket also has an adhesive backing for securing to the rim. Align #5 (TPMS sensor) to bent pivotal arms on #6 bracket then push down to snap into position. Use plastic inserts supplied to fasten/lock sensor to the bracket. If using #7 universal band, straddle thru bottom of bracket before fastening #5 TPMS sensor into place. Tighten universal band with a flat head screwdriver, in order to adjust to rim outer diameter.

B								
REV	DATE	- DECORIDATION				- BY	APP	
KL V	DAIL		DESCRIPTION				וט	AH
TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED)  FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32" FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16" .X ± 1/63		RW-1013		TITLE: 05 FORD WHEEL ADAPTER KIT				
XX ± .030 XXX ± .005				DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404) 875-1512				
DRILL SIZES ANGULAR:	: + .015	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMB	ER:	REV:
SURF FINISH THREADS:		WAK		11/05/04		509010		#

DESCRIPTION

05 FORD F2/350 WHEEL ADAPTER

TPMS METAL CRADLE '08 FORD

TPMS UNIVERSAL BAND '08 FORD

ACCURIDE 19.5x6.75 WHEEL (5.60 OFFSET)

STEERING STOP, '05 FORD 4X4 (NOT SHOWN)

FORD '05

F2/350 SRW HUB-

M22x1.5 STUDS

M22x1.5 2PC LUGNUTS

TPMS SENSOR '08 FORD

# Installation

#### Install TPMS Sensors (if equipped MY05-2010+)

1. See Figure 1 (Drawing 509010, on previous page) for instructions.

#### **Install and Inflate Tires**

1. See Tire Pressure information on page 2 of this document.

#### **Remove Stock Wheels & Tires**

- 2. The tires must be mounted and balanced on the Accuride rims.
- 3. The vehicle should be lifted and properly supported.
- 4. The stock wheels and tires are removed and the stock lug nuts are retained

#### **Install Steering Stops**

- 5. Remove "Lower Brake Housing Bolt" from each side
- 6. Install Steering Stop as shown on each side using "Lower Brake Housing Bolt"
- 7. Move Steering from Lock to Lock and verify that Steering Stop is contacting stop surfaces.

### Install Adapters, Wheels & Tires

- 8. (2) Retaining clips per hub (shown in fig 2) are removed and discarded
- 9. (4) Wheel Adapters are mounted using stock lug nuts. Torque as specified above.
- 10. (4) Accuride Rims with tires are mounted to the Wheel Adapter using the provided M20 Split Flange Nuts. Torque as specified above.



Figure 2: Wheel Adapter Details

#### **Test and Verify Steering Stops**

- 11. Verify that the rims do not contact the Upper A-Arms in any steering position, in normal suspension position and full suspension droop.
- 12. If clearance is excessive (+1/2"), the Steering Stops can be carefully ground to provide maximum steering angle.
- 13. Verify that all brake, ABS sensor and other wires or hoses are clear in all steering and suspension positions. Restrain if necessary.

#### Re-calibrating Speedometer (typically done by dealership or tire shop)

14. There are no Speedometer settings for 19.5 tires. The best setting available is for 20" rims. This has been shown to read 3-4mph high at highway speeds.

#### **TPMS**

#### Re-Learn Tire Pressure Monitoring System (MY2005 to MY2011+)

1. Dealers must program the tires

# **Inspection & Maintenance**

- Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.)
- After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months. See Lug-Nut Torque on page 2.

#### Warnings!

- Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications. Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatigue and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

#### **Balance & Rotation**

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer. Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions.

# **DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC.**

# 509033 2011- GM C/K25HD WHEEL ADAPTER KIT



# April 2011

SERIAL NUMBER (FRONT)	
SERIAL NUMBER (REAR)	

# NOTE:

Please refer to the serial numbers when ordering parts or inquiring about warranty items.

# GM Wheel Adapter Kit

#### Description

Diversified Metal Fabricator's 509033 Wheel Adapter Kit allows for the use of factory Accuride rims on 2011+ GM 25HD and 3500 SRW vehicles for use on rail. This kit is not compatible with 2011 Suburban/Yukon 2500s which continue to use 509009.

#### **Kit Contents**

#### Spacer Kit w/ wheel (509032)

(5)	28680/50180	Accuride Rim 19.5x6-3/4
(4)	10818	Wheel Adapter
(32)	10826	M20 Split Flange Lug Nut
(1)	500915	Steering Stop Kit
(5)	10831	Wheel Mod Decal

#### Spacer Kit w/o wheels (509033)

(4)	10818	Wheel Adapter
(32)	10826	M20 Split Flange Lug Nut
(1)	500915	Steering Stop Kit
(5)	10831	Wheel Mod Decal

#### Optional TPMS Kit (10836), per wheel

(1)	10837	TPMS Sensor 20158/SC8606 (includes nut & cap)
(1)	10838	Washer
(1)	10839	Gromet

<sup>\*</sup> To order a TPMS kit for a complete truck (all 4 wheels), order DMF part number 10833.

#### **Tires**

DMF has tested and recommends the following tires for this application:

## Mud/Snow/All position

Goodyear G124 245/70R19.5 Michelin XDE M/S 245/70R19.5

#### Steer/Highway

Goodyear G647 245/70R19.5

Other tires may be suitable but the customer must verify that the tread width is sufficient to ensure rail coverage.

# **Lug-Nut Torque**

Vehicle Hub to Adapter (14mm) 140 ft-lbs Adapter to Accuride Rim (20mm) 250+ ft-lbs

#### **Tire Pressure**

Tires should be set according to the tire manufacturer's load charts based on axle loads. Typically this runs from 75-100 PSI. Ride and tire wear may be improved by avoiding excessive pressures but low pressures are not safe.

DMF Recommends the following tire pressures:

Suburbans/Yukons: 75-90 PSI Pickups/Chassis Caps: 85-100 PSI

# Installation

See Figure 1: Wheel Mod Kit Installation drawing 509033 on following page.

# Wheel Modification Kit - Inspection & Maintenance

- · Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.)
- After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- · Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months.

#### Warnings!

- · Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- · Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications.
  - Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- · Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatique and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

#### Dry Lug Torques

Adapter to Wheel 250+ FT-LBS

Adapter to Hub 140 FT

Unless otherwise specified both these wheels kits use factory studs & nuts.

#### **Balance & Rotation**

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer.

Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions.

Rims provided by DMF may be "low point marked" which can be useful for customers

who can get run-out marked tires. (National Accounts/OEM)

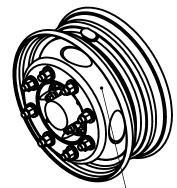
#### **Tires**

Required Tire Size: 245/70R19.5

Recommend Tires: Goodyear G124 (mud&snow), Michelin XDE M/S (mud&snow), Goodyear G647 (highway)

Tire inflation: per tire manufacturer's load charts or recommendations.

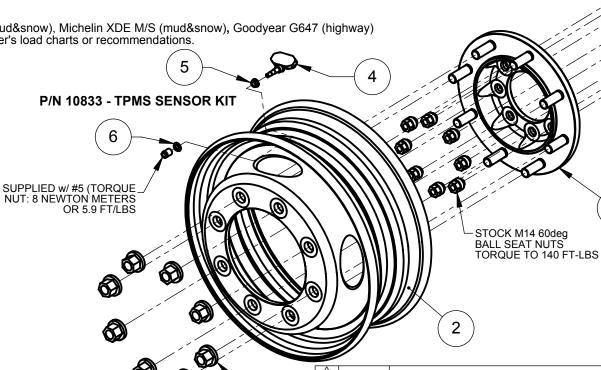
#### TIRE NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY



APPLY DECAL #10831

IMPORTANT WHEEL INFORMATION! WHEEL ADAPTER INFO FOR: '00-'05 GM 3/4 & 1 TON TRUCKS & SUBURBANS USING ACCURIDE 28680 RIMS HAND TORQUE TO: ADAPTER/VEHICLE HUB: 140 FT-LBS (Ø14mm)
ACCURIDE RIM/ADAPTER: 300 FT-LBS (Ø20mm) USE STOCK M14x1.5 60° CONE NUTS FOR

USE PROVIDED M20x1.5 SPLIT FLANGE NUT FOR WHEEL/ADAPTER ATTACHMENT



REV

FRAC, MACH: FRAC, OTHER:

DRILL SIZES: ANGULAR: SURF FINISH:

THREADS:

∠M20 SPLIT

FLANGE NUTS

**TORQUE TO** 

250+ FT-LBS

DATE

1/16" ± 1/16" ± .063

RW-1013/15

APPD BY:

DRAWN BY:

WAK

PART NO.

4

4

32

5

5

5

10818

10826

10837

10839

10838

2 10827

3

4

DESCRIPTION

REMOVE RETAINING CLIP-

DESCRIPTION

DATE:

3/15/11

**GM HUB** 

(REAR SHOWN)-

BY APP

REV:

#

WHEEL MOD KIT - WHEEL ADAPTER

11 GM C/K25HD

DRAWING NUMBER:

509033

DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS.INC.(404)875-1512

WHEEL ADAPTER, 11 GM C/K25HD

ACCURIDE RIM, 28680, 19.5x6.75

M20x1.5 SPLIT-FLANGE LUG NUT

TPMS ADAPTER GROMET - GM

TPMS ADAPTER WASHER - GM

TPMS SENSOR, GM '07 - '08

# Install TPMS Sensors (if equipped)

1. See Figure 1 (Drawing 509009, on previous page) for instructions.

#### **Install and Inflate Tires**

1. See Tire Pressure information on page 2 of this document.

#### **Remove Stock Wheels & Tires**

- 2. The tires must be mounted and balanced on the Accuride rims.
- 3. The vehicle should be lifted and properly supported.
- 4. The stock wheels and tires are removed and the stock lug nuts are retained

## **Install Steering Stops**

- 5. Remove "Lower Kingpin Nut" from each side
- 6. Install Steering Stop as shown on each side using provided HNM16 Type C nut.
- 7. Move Steering from Lock to Lock and verify that Steering Stop is contacting stop surfaces.

#### Install Adapters, Wheels & Tires

- 8. (2) Retaining clips per hub (shown in fig 2) are removed and discarded
- 9. (4) Wheel Adapters are mounted using stock lug nuts. 3/16" spacers are used on rear axle only. Torque as specified above.
- 10. (4) Accuride Rims with tires are mounted to the Wheel Adapter using the provided M20 Split Flange Nuts. Torque as specified above.

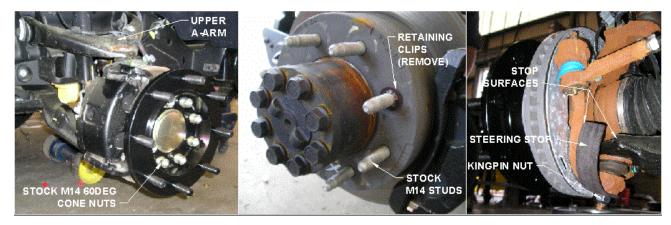


Figure 1: Wheel Adapter Details

#### **Test and Verify Steering Stops**

- 11. Verify that the rims do not contact the Upper A-Arms in any steering position, in normal suspension position and full suspension droop.
- 12. If clearance is excessive (+1/2"), the Steering Stops can be carefully ground to provide maximum steering angle.
- 13. Verify that all brake, ABS sensor and other wires or hoses are clear in all steering and suspension positions. Restrain if necessary.

#### Re-calibrating Speedometer (typically done by dealership or tire shop)

14. There are no Speedometer settings for 19.5 tires. The best setting available is for 20" rims. This has been shown to read 3-4mph high at highway speeds.

## **Program Tire Pressure Monitoring System**

- 15. Using the Tech2 tool follow this menu path:
  - Remote Control Door Lock Receiver
  - Module setup
  - Tire Type Pressure Selection
  - Set front and rear tires to Load Range E
  - Set Tire Pressure to 80 PSI

This will allow tire pressures from 68 to 92 psi.

#### **Re-Learn Sensor Positions**

16. Using the Tech2 Tool or manual method, re-set the sensor positions. Refer to your GM dealer for correct procedures.

# **Inspection & Maintenance**

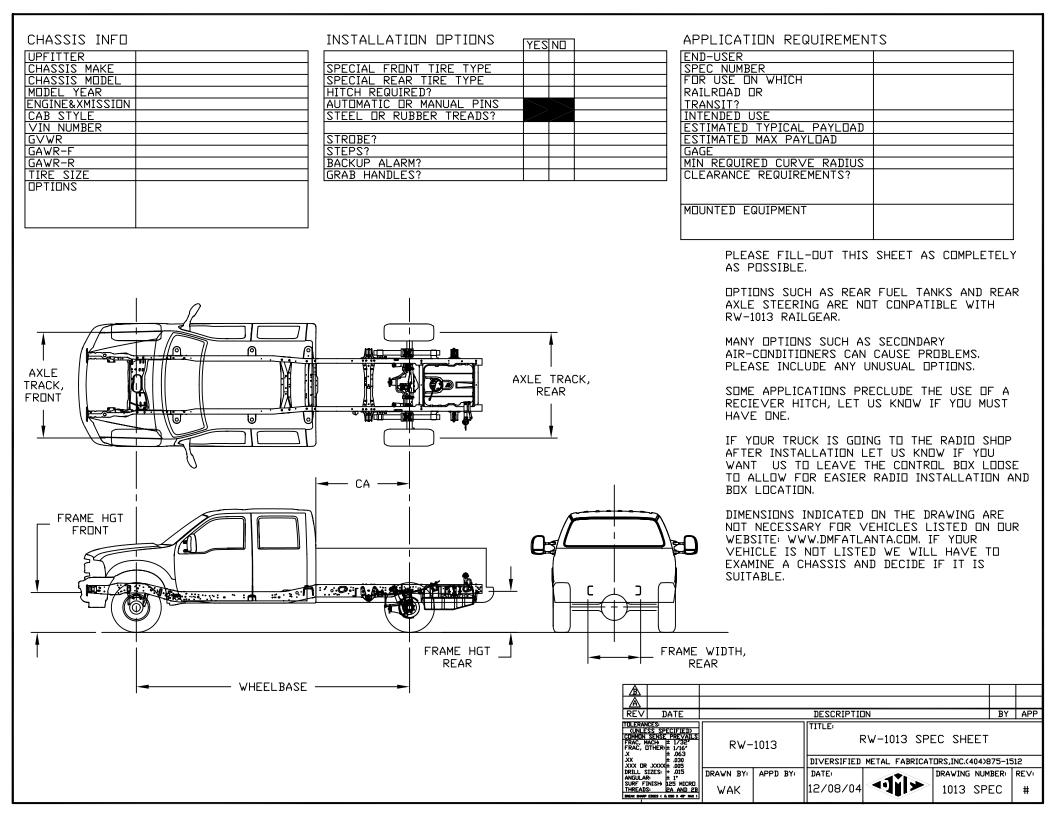
- Visually inspect wheels & tires weekly (look for damage, loose hardware etc.)
- After service ensure that wheels were not damaged.
- Check the torque 50 miles after wheel/tire change and every 2000 miles or 6 months. See Lug-Nut Torque on page 2.

#### Warnings!

- Never use anti-seize on studs or lug nuts!
- Never use pneumatic (air) wrenches on lug nuts! Hand torque to specifications. Do not trust tire installers to properly torque lug nuts, tell them that you are going to check with your own wrench!
- · Get or have access to a torque wrench!
- Always inspect the condition of the wheel before and after service!
- Loose lug nuts can lead to metal fatique and ultimately to wheel failure or broken studs.

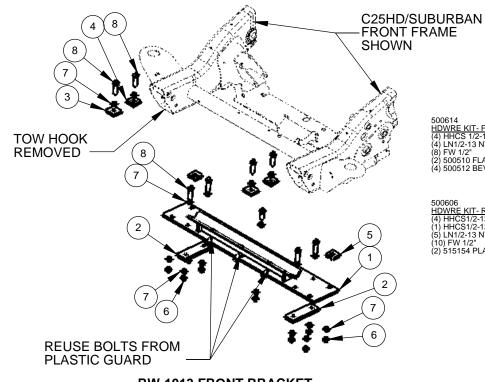
#### **Balance & Rotation**

Balance and Rotate as necessary/recommended by tire manufacturer. Verify that balance weights placed on inside bead of rim are clear of obstructions.



ITEM NO.	exploded /QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
1	1	500441	WELDMENT,FT BKT,08C25HD/SUB	
2	2	515154	DET,PLATE,SLOT ADJ,4-1/2	
3	2	500510	DET, SLOT FLAT BAR, 5/8	
4	2	500512	WASHER, BEVEL,5/8	
5	2	500513	WASHER, BEVEL,5/8	
6	9	LN 1/2-13 NYLOCK		
7	21	FW 1/2	FLAT WASHER	
8	8	HHCS1/2-13x2 GR8		
9	1	HHCS1/2-13x1 5 GR8		

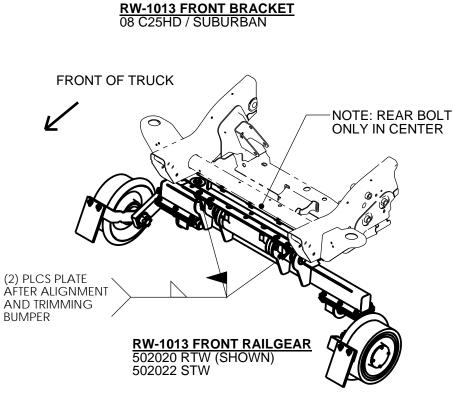
ITEM NO.	explod ed/QT Y.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	500520	BRACKET,SIDE, FORMED,GM25HD
2	1	500508	DET,REAR CHANNEL 34-3/4
3	4	500498	PLATE, SLOT ADJUSTMENT, 2"
4	10	500510	DET, SLOT FLAT BAR, 5/8
5	4	500512	WASHER, BEVEL,5/8
6	4	HHCS1/2-13x2" GR8	
7	4	LN5/8-11 NYLOCK	
8	14	LN1/2-13 NYLOCK	
10	14	HHCS1/2X2 GR8	
11	20	FW 1/2"	

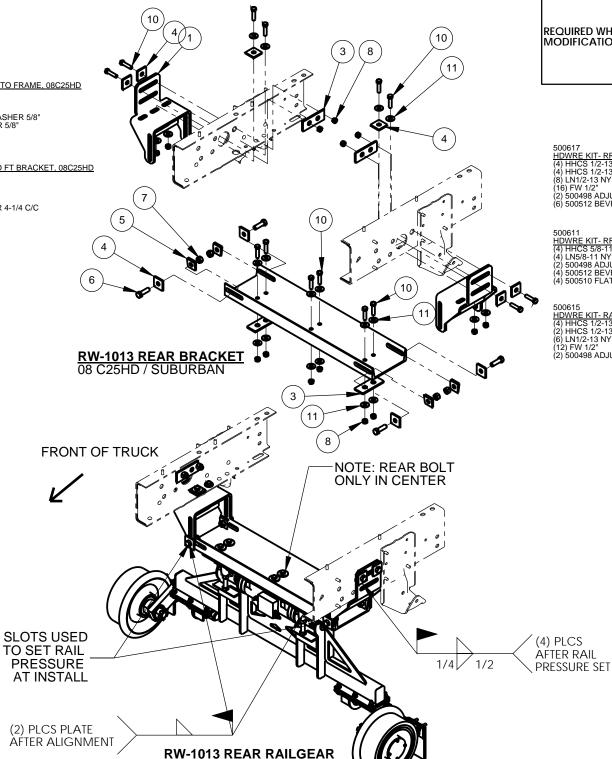


# оио614 HDWRE KIT- FT BRACKET TO FRAME, 08C25HD (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2" GR8 (4) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (8) FW 1/2"

(8) FW 1/2" (2) 500510 FLAT PLATE WASHER 5/8" (4) 500512 BEVEL WASHER 5/8"

500606 HDWRE KIT- RAILGEAR TO FT BRACKET, 08C25HD (4) HHCS1/2-13x2" (1) HHCS1/2-13x1-1/2" (5) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (10) FW 1/2" (2) 515154 PLATE WASHER 4-1/4 C/C





502021 RTW (SHOWN)

502023 STW

APPLICATION SUMMARY APPLICABLE CHASSIS '08 GM C25HD / 2500 SUBURBAN MAX GVWR: XXXX -NO RESTRICTIONS REGARDING: WHEELBASE, AXLES, CAB OR BED - BOTH 4X2 & 4X4 APPROVED (4X4 MAY REQUIRE ADDT'L SUSPENSION CHASSIS NOTES & RESTRICTIONS -USE OF TOWING HITCH MAY REQUIRE MODIFICATION OF HITCH AND SOME LOSS OF GROUND CLEARANCE -RESPRINGING RECOMMENDED FOR VEHICLES WITH LARGE PAYLOAD VARIANCES -FRONT BUMPERS REQUIRE TRIMMING TO CLEAR STOWED RAILWHEELS REQUIRED CHASSIS -REQUIRES WHEEL & TIRE CHANGES TO MATCH STANDARD GAGE -TIRES TO BE CHANGED TO 245/70r19.5 (GY G124, GY647, MICH XDE M/S OR EQUAL WITH A TREAD WIDTH <=8.5" (NOT OVERALL WIDTH) -REQUIRES SPACERS (3/16" THK) ON REAR
-REQUIRES STEERING STOPS TO PREVENT TIRE DAMAGE
-BRAKE LINES AND ABS WIRES MUST BE RESTRAINED TO PREVENT REQUIRED WHEEL MODIFICATIONS DAMAGE -REFER TO WHEEL KIT MANUALS FOR DETAILS

HDWRE KIT- RR BRACKET TO FRAME, 08C25HD (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2-1/2' GR8 (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2-1/2' GR8 (8) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (16) FW 1/2' (2) 500498 ADJUST SLOT FLAT BAR DET (6) 500512 BEVEL WASHER 5/8"

500611 HDWRE KIT- RR BRACKET TO CHANNEL, 08C25HD (4) HHCS 5/8-11x2-1/4" GR8 (4) LN5/8-11 NYLOCK (2) 500498 ADJUST SLOT FLAT BAR DET (4) 500512 BEVEL WASHER 5/8" (4) 500510 FLAT PLATE WASHER 5/8

500615 <u>HDWRE KIT- RAILGEAR TO CHANNEL, 08C25HD</u> (4) HHCS 1/2-13x2" GR8 (2) HHCS 1/2-13x1-1/2" GR8 (6) LN1/2-13 NYLOCK (12) FW 1/2" (2) 500498 ADJUST SLOT FLAT BAR DET

<u>A</u> 11/19/08 HARDWARE GROUPS UPDATED WAK REV DATE DESCRIPTION INSTALLATION, RW-1013, 08C25HD / SUBURBAN RTW & STW RW-1013 DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS.INC.(404)875-1512

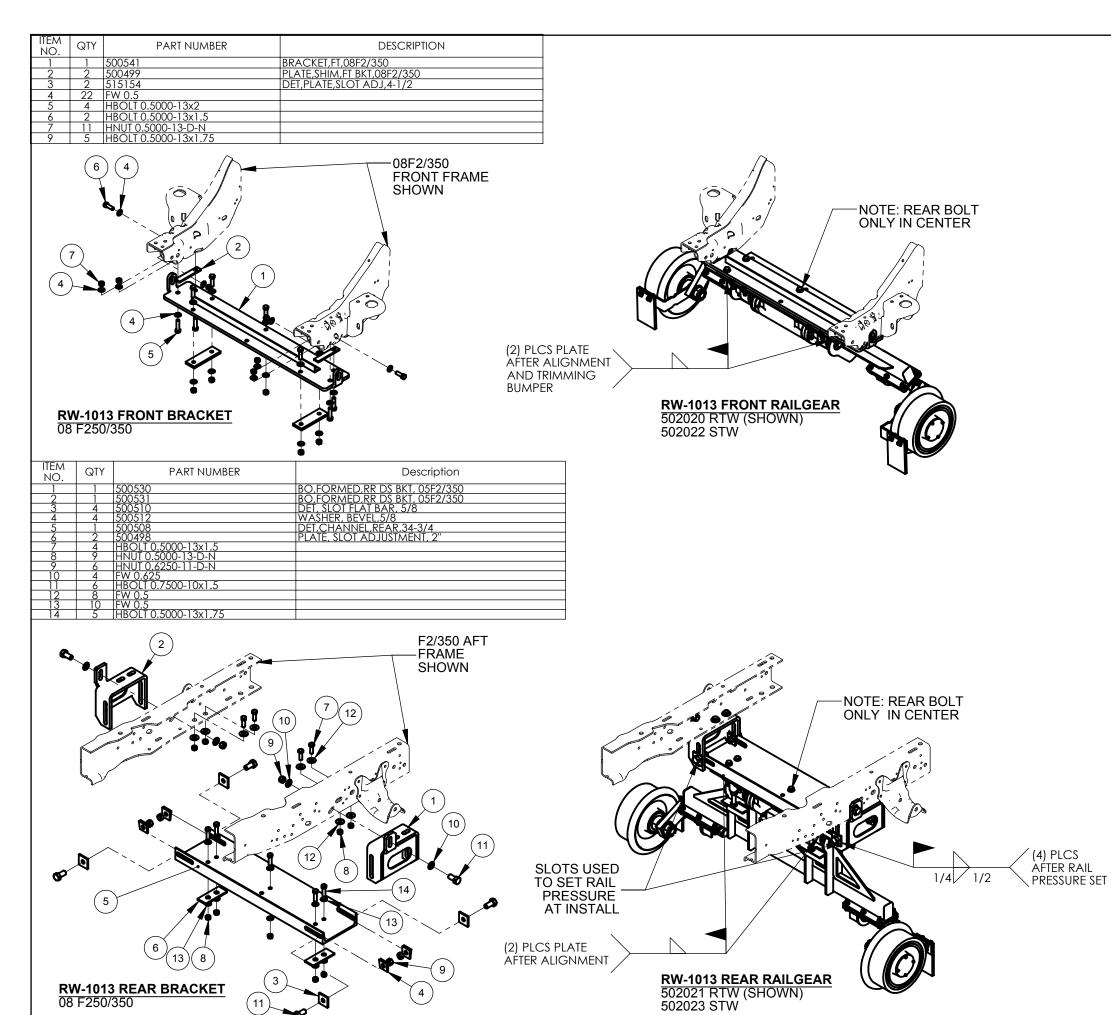
8/21/08

DRAWING NUMBER:

513101/102

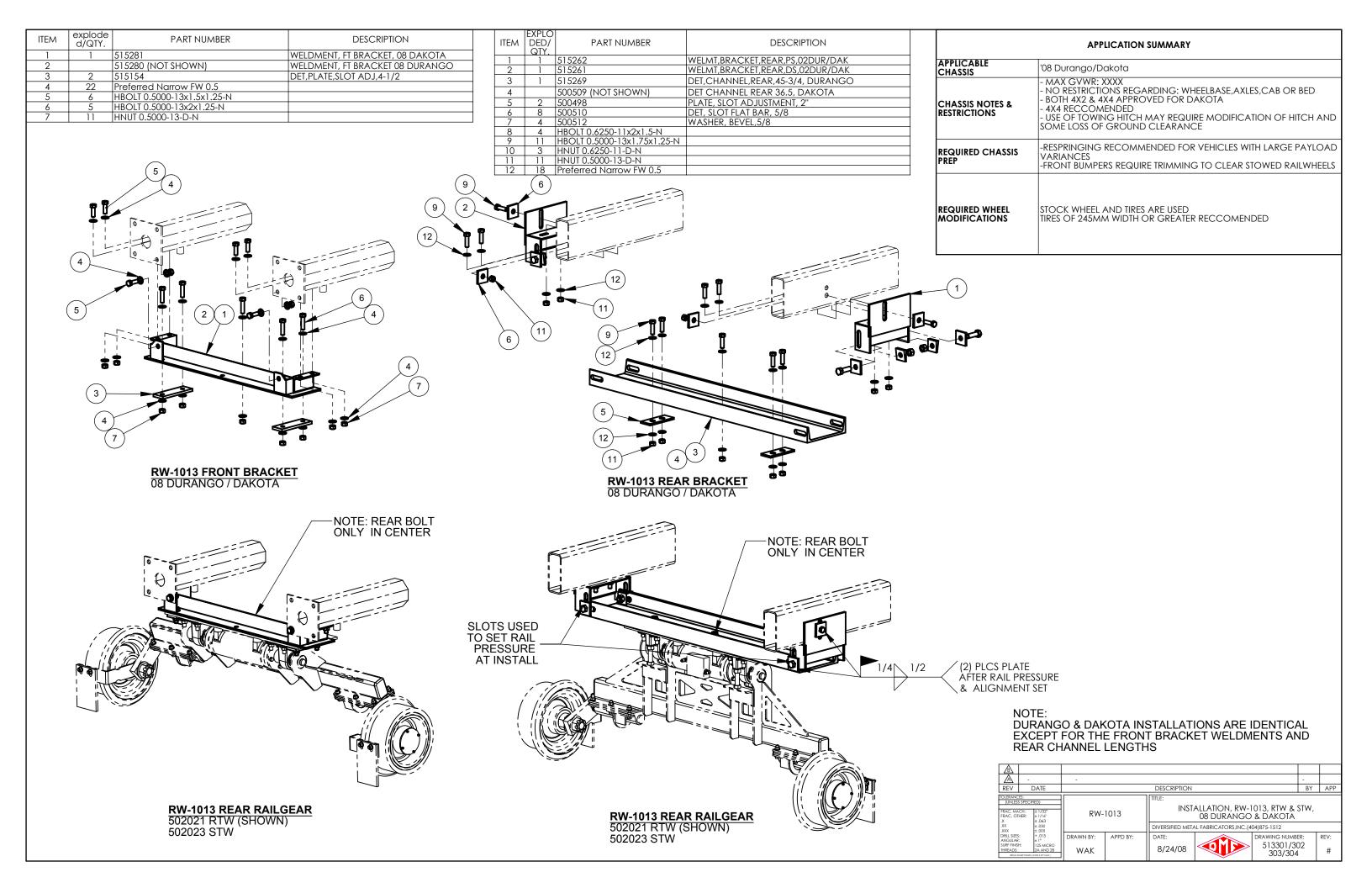
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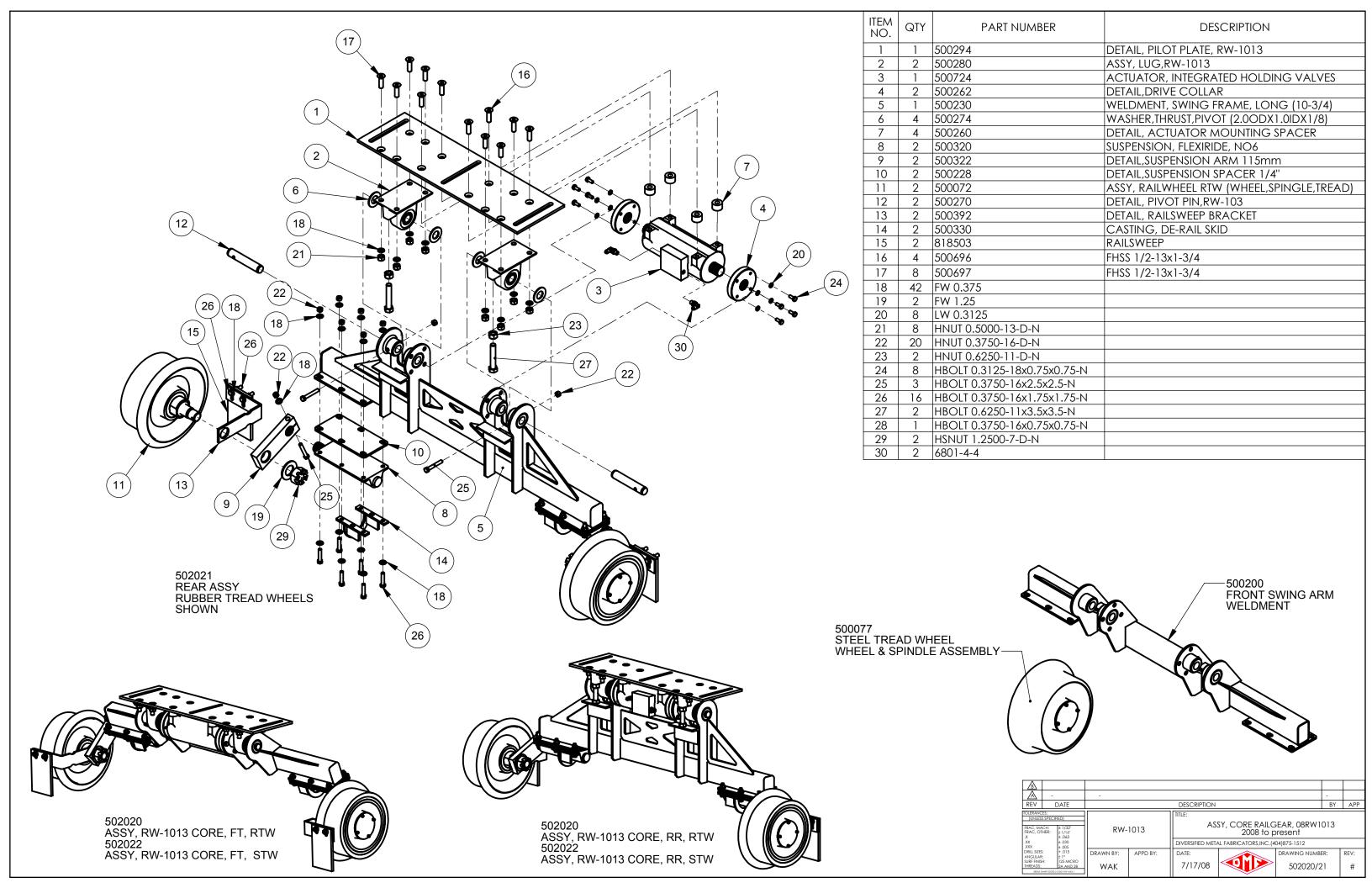
WAK



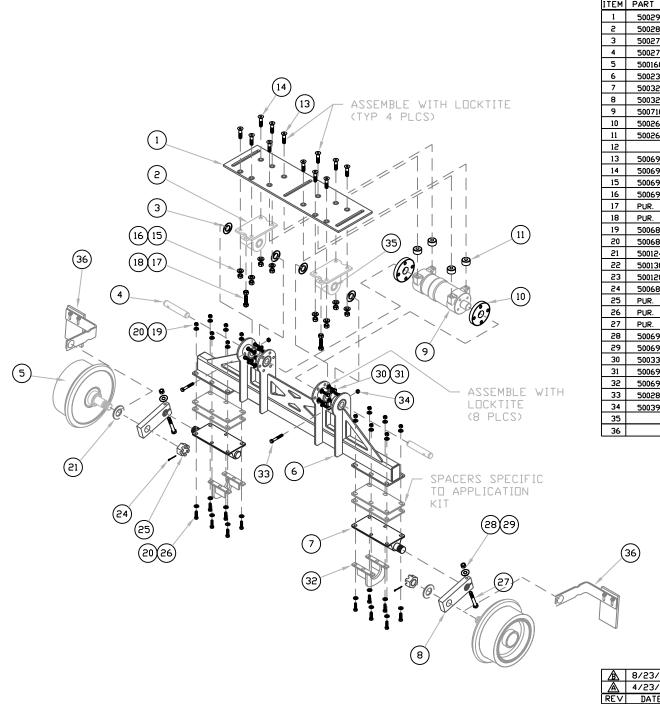
APPLICATION SUMMARY						
APPLICABLE CHASSIS	'08 F250/350 SRW					
CHASSIS NOTES & RESTRICTIONS	- MAX GVWR: XXXX -NO RESTRICTIONS REGARDING: WHEELBASE,AXLES,CAB OR BED - BOTH 4X2 & 4X4 APPROVED (4X4 MAY REQUIRE ADDT'L SUSPENSION SPACERS) -USE OF TOWING HITCH MAY REQUIRE MODIFICATION OF HITCH AND SOME LOSS OF GROUND CLEARANCE					
REQUIRED CHASSIS PREP	-RESPRINGING RECOMMENDED FOR VEHICLES WITH LARGE PAYLOAD VARIANCES -FRONT BUMPERS REQUIRE TRIMMING TO CLEAR STOWED RAILWHEELS					
REQUIRED WHEEL MODIFICATIONS	-REQUIRES WHEEL & TIRE CHANGES TO MATCH STANDARD GAGE -TIRES TO BE CHANGED TO 225/70r19.5 (GY G124, GY647, MICH XDE M/S OR EQUIAL WITH A TREAD WIDTH <=8.25" (NOT OVERALL WIDTH) -REQUIRES SPACERS (.135 THK) ON FRONT -REQUIRES STEERING STOPS TO PREVENT TIRE DAMAGE -BRAKE LINES AND ABS WIRES MUST BE RESTRAINED TO PREVENT DAMAGE -REFER TO WHEEL KIT MANUALS FOR DETAILS					







ITEM Deploy	PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION	RW-1013HD Retrofit Instructions	
ITEM Deploy ed/QT Y.			
2 2	500294         DETAIL, PILOT PLATE, RW-1013           500280         ASSY, LUG,RW-1013	PN 502031 Front Assy, RW-1013HD PN 502032 Rear Assy, RW-1013HD	$\mathbf{r} \bullet \mathbf{l}  \mathbf{r} \bullet $
3 1	502028 WELDMENT, SWING FRAME, LONG (10-3/4) HD		
4 4	500274 WASHER, THRUST, PIVOT (2.00DX1.0IDX1/8)	<u>Description</u> In an effort to adress concerns fro mthe customer and increase the	
	500326 SUSPENSION, FLEXIRIDE, NO6	capacity of the RW-1013 railgear RW-1013HD has been developed.	
6 2 7 2	500327         DETAIL, SUSPENSION ARM 115mm           500335         WELDMENT, DE-RAIL SKID, RW-1013 HD	By strengthening selected components, incresing the sized of the	
8 2	500072 ASSY, RAILWHEEL RTW (WHEEL,SPINGLE,TREAD)	capacity of the RW-1013 railgear RW-1013HD has been developed. By strengthening selected components, incresing the sized of the suspensions and changing the rear to use a 2" cylinder, the capacity of the railgear have been increased to better accommodate 3/4 & 1-ton trucks at or near max GVWR.	
	500270 DETAIL, PIVOT PIN,RW-103	1-ton trucks at or near max GVWR.	$\begin{vmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot &$
10 2	500392 DETAIL, RAILSWEEP BRACKET	Changes from RW-1013	
	818503 RAILSWEEP		$(16) \qquad \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad   \qquad  $
12 8 13 1	500697 FHSS 1/2-13x1-3/4 501781 ASSY, CYLINDER, REAR, Ø2", RW-1013 HD	Front  Heavier Front mounting plate	
	501797 DET, PIN, CYL ROD, RW-1013 HD	<ul> <li>Heavier Front mounting plate</li> <li>Heavier crosstube 1/8"thk&gt; 1/4"thk</li> </ul>	
15 1	501795 DET, ROD BRACKET, REAR, RW-1013 HD	<ul> <li>One piece suspension mount</li> <li>Changed to A10 suspension fron A6 suspension</li> </ul>	(15)
16 1	501796 DET, ROD BRACKET, REAR, RW-1013 HD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
17 4 18 2	500696 FHSS 1/2-13x1-3/4 HSNUT 1.2500-7-D-N HEX NUT, SLOTTED, 1-1/4-7	Rear	$(14) \qquad (2)$
	FW 1.25 FLAT WASHER	<ul> <li>Changed to 2" cylinder from rotary acutator</li> <li>Heavier Rear Brackets</li> </ul>	
	HBOLT 0.6250-11x3.5x3.5-N	<ul> <li>Heavier crosstube 1/8"thk&gt; 1/4"thk</li> </ul>	
	HNUT 0.6250-11-D-N	<ul> <li>One piece suspension mount</li> <li>Changed to A10 suspension fron A6 suspension</li> </ul>	
22 4	HBOLT 0.5000-13x1.75x1.75-C	- Griangeu to A to suspension from Ao suspension	
	HNUT 0.5000-13-D-N	Updates made to PNR units to bring to current DMF standard	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	LW 0.5	Exterior switches changed to enclosed push button from toggle switche.	
26 4	HBOLT 0.3750-16x2.5x2.5-N	refer to 5008	
27 4	HBOLT 0.3750-16x1.75x1.75-N	Installation (retrofit) from PW 1012 to PW1012 LD	
	HBOLT 0.3750-16x1.5x1.5-N	Installation (retrofit) from RW-1013 to RW1013HD	
	FW 0.375	Front But 1010 in the first transfer of the state of the	
	HNUT 0.3750-16-D-N	Remove existing RW-1013 including front mounting plate Installation is indentical to standard RW-1013.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
31 1	500199 WELDMENT, SWING FRAME, SHORT (6") HD	Refer to RW-1013 Manual section 513201/202 and drawing 513081.	
	RW-1013HD	Refer to RW-1013 Manual section 513201/202 and drawing 513081. Reuse the channel cross beam and related hardware.  Electrical  Existing units may have toggle switches installed which will be replaced with enlosed push button switches. Refer to 501802.  Hydraulic  The only hydraulic change is the replacement of the rear actuator with a cylinder. Re-install hydraulic line as shown on 513081HYD. Refer to 501800 for standard arrangement.  Rail Pressure  Rail pressure is set using 3/4" shim in front and 1" shim inthe rear as with standard RW-1013. Refer to RW-1013 Manual section 3.4.  Weight testing  Railgear should be test at min equipped weight and at max GVWR. Refer to RW-1013 Manual sections 3, 4 & 5.	29 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
	FRONT ASSEMBLY 502031 (PARTS AS 502020/21 EXCEPT V	WHERE NOTED)	REV   DATE   DESCRIPTION   BY   APP



ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	500294	1	PILOT PLATE DETAIL
2	500280	2	LUG ASSEMBLY
3	500274	4	PIVOT THRUST WASHER (1.00°ID × 2.00°OD × 1/8°)
4	500270	2	PIVOT PIN DETAIL
5	500160	2	10" NON-INSUL WHEEL, SPINDLE, BEARINGS, SPACERS & NUT ASSY.
6	500230	1	REGULAR (10-3/4") FRAME WELDMENT
7	500320	5	NO6 BODY FLEXRIDE SUSPENSION
8	500321	2	NO6 FLEXRIDE SUSPENSION ARM 115mm
9	500710	1	ACTUATOR (HELAC - 27003) (10KS)
10	500262	2	DRIVE COLLAR DETAIL (HELAC - 24826)
11	500260	4	HELAC MOUNTING SPACER DETAIL
12			
13	500696	4	SET SCREW (FHSS - 1/2"-13UNC x 1-3/4" LOCKING)
14	500697	8	SET SCREW (FHSS - 1/2"-13UNC x 1-3/4")
15	500699	8	PREVAILING TORQUE NUT (1/2"-13UNC)
16	500698	8	CASE HARDENED FLAT WASHER (FW - 1/2 °)
17	PUR.	2	MOUNTING BOLT (5/8"-11UNC x 1-3/4" Gr.8)
18	PUR.	2	HEX NUT (5/8'-11UNC Gr.8)
19	500685	12	NYLON LOCK NUT (3/8'-16UNC)
20	500686	24	FLAT WASHER (FW-3/8")
21	500124B0	2	SPINDLE SPACER (1/8" THICK) (QTY. 8 IF NO RAILSWEEP)
55	500130	2	COTTER PIN (1/4"x 2-1/2")
23	500128	2	SLOTTED NUT (1-1/4°-12UNF)
24	500687	12	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS - 3/8"-16UNC x 1-1/4")
25	PUR.	2	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS - 1/2"-20UNC x 3/-1/2" Gr.5)
26	PUR.	2	HEX NUT (HN 1/2"-20UNC)
27	PUR.	2	FLAT WAHER (FW 1/2°)
28	500694	8	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS 3/8'-16 x 1' Gr.8)
29	500695	8	LOCK WASHER (LW 3/8° Gr.8)
30	500330	2	DERAIL SKID WELDMENT
31	500692	2	MOUNTING BOLT (HHCS 3/8'-16UNC x 2-1/2' Gr.5)
32	500693	2	NYLOCK NUT (3/8'-16UNC)
33	500288	2	BRONZE BUSHING (McMASTER 6364K36)
34	500399	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY, AXLE SET (OPTIONAL)
35			
36			

PRE 2008

Æ	8/23/05	REMOVED HELAC ACTUATOR PAD 500266	WAK	
$\triangle$	4/23/03	REVISED SPINDLE 500118, FROM 6 TO 4 COLLAR BOLTS	WAK	
RE∨	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	APP
TOLERAN	ICES:	TITLE:		

12/12/00

COMPAN SENSE PREVAILS
FRAC, MACH. # 17/62
FRAC, OINTER: # 17/62

XXXX DR XXXXX 8. 005
DRILL SIZES: \* 0.015
ANGLAR: # 17
SURF FINISH: # 125
HEREADS: RA AND 2B
BROS BARE SERVE SERVE

RW-1013 BASIC CORE UNIT, REAR 2007 AND PRIOR

DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404)875-1512

DATE: DRAWING NUMBER: REV:

502002 B

Repacking & Adjusting Rail Wheel Bearings (RW-1013HD 2008+ only)
ALL RAIL WHEELS SHOULD BE INSPECTED BEFORE RAIL USE.

Any excessive noise, roughness, looseness, or binding should be

If any of the above conditions are noticed, the hubcap should be removed and the condition of the bearings, bearing grease and spindle hardware inspected. Any worn hardware should be replaced. The spindle nut and setscrew should be inspected prior to reuse. The bearings should be repacked and re-adjusted. Replacement spindle nuts can be obtained by contacting DMF as given below.

The bearing adjustment procedure is as follows:

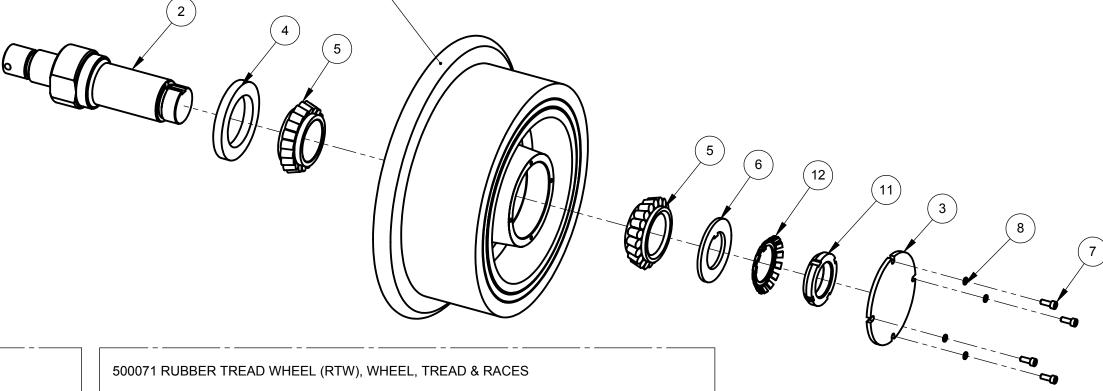
- 1. Clean guide wheel bore and races.
- 2. Pack bearings and bore cavity with Quaker State Lithium EP#2.
- 3. Assemble components as shown.
- 4. Tighten spindle nut to approximately 25-50 ft-lbs.5. Rotate wheel one full turn in each direction.
- 6. Loosen spindle nut.

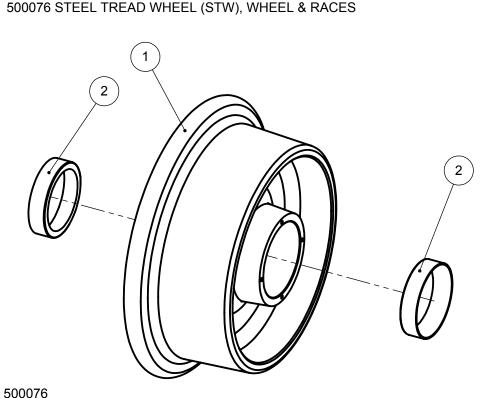
investigated.

- 7. Tighten spindle nut by hand while turning wheel until snug. 8. Back off spindle nut 1/8 turn (1/8 turn should give the
- recommended 0.005" to 0.010" of endplay)

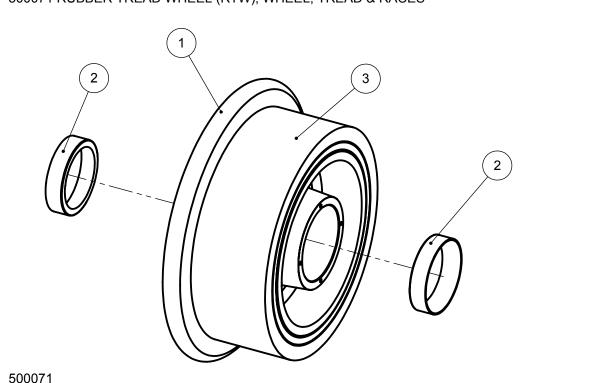
This procedure will reliably produce endplay in the desired range if it is frequently checked against an indicator measurement. DMF recommends that endplay be checked with a dial indicator.

		ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
		1	1	500071 OR 500076	ASSY, RAILWHEEL, 1013HD, WHL, TRD & RACES (RTW OR STW)
		2	1	500120	DETAIL,SPINDLE,HD,RW-1013HD
		3	1	500078BO	BO,HUBCAP,RW-1013HD
		4	1	500108	SEAL, RW-1013, N412920/CR22532
		5	2	500102	BEARING CONE (TIMKEN 25590)
	_	6	1	10596	WASHER,TONGUE (TIMKEN K-91508)
	1	7	4	HX-SHCS 0.19-24x0.5x0.5-N	
	$\overline{}$	8	4	Hi Collar LW 0.19	
2					





ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500075	DETAIL, RAILWHEEL, RW-1013HD, STW
2	2	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)



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ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500070	DET,RAILWHEEL,RTW,1013HD
2	2	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)
3	1	500144	TREAD, RUBBER,RW-1013

**Replacing Treads** 

1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

2. Prepare the out board face of the rubber tread for drilling by grinding a flat on both rubber and metal band. Grind to a depth that will remove the chamfer on the band (approximately 3/16"). The width of the flat should be 3/8" minimum. Take care to prevent damage to wheel. If no chamfer is present, skip to step 3.

3. Center punch the prepared flat at the center of the metal band. Drill the band full depth using 9/32" drill.

4. Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin.

5. Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

Alternate Procedure using Mill: (added 5/29/03)

1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

2. Using an end mill, side cut through the rubber and steel band.

3. Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin if necessary.

4. Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

B								
$\square$	-	-					-	
REV	DATE			DESCRIPTION			BY	APP
FRAC, MA FRAC, OT .X .XX	S SPECIFIED)  CH: ± 1/32"	RW-	1013		RAILWHEEL,RW- 2008 to p al fabricators,inc.(4	present	' & ST	W
DRILL SIZES ANGULAR SURF FINISI THREADS:	+ .015 ± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE: 7/23/08		DRAWING NUMBI 500072/500		REV: #

#### **New Hardware:**

In 2004 DMF began using a locking spindle nut (NSH-04) in place of the (N-04) used previously. Units equipped with the N-04 nut can be upgraded to the locking nut. The tab-washer is no longer used.

Repacking and Adjusting Rail Wheel Bearings (RW-1013 only) ALL RAIL WHEELS SHOULD BE INSPECTED BEFORE RAIL USE. Any excessive noise, roughness, looseness, or binding should be investigated.

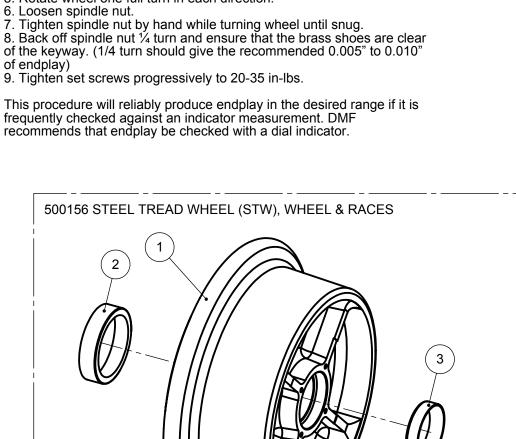
If any of the above conditions are noticed, the hubcap should be removed and the condition of the bearings, bearing grease and spindle hardware inspected. Any worn hardware should be replaced. The spindle nut and setscrew should be inspected prior to reuse. The bearings should be repacked and re-adjusted. Replacement spindle nuts can be obtained by contacting DMF as given below.

The bearing adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Clean guide wheel bore and races.
- 2. Pack bearings and bore cavity with Quaker State Lithium EP#2.
- 3. Assemble components as shown.
- 4. Tighten spindle nut to approximately 25-50 ft-lbs.5. Rotate wheel one full turn in each direction.

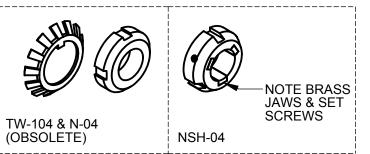
- of the keyway. (1/4 turn should give the recommended 0.005" to 0.010" of endplay)

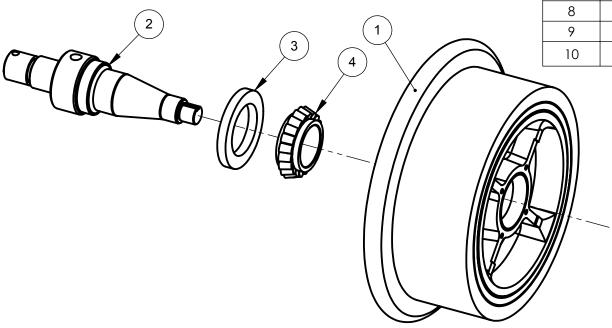
This procedure will reliably produce endplay in the desired range if it is frequently checked against an indicator measurement. DMF recommends that endplay be checked with a dial indicator.

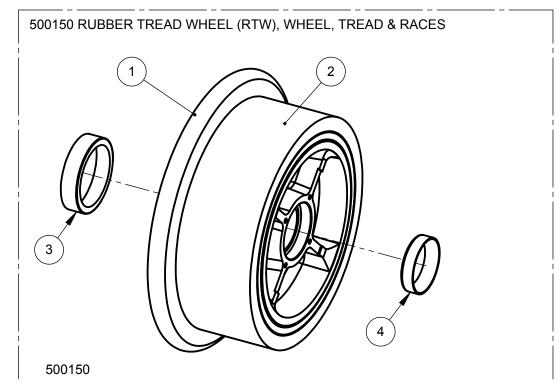


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<u> </u>				
ITE <i>N</i>	Λ.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1		1	500062	DETAIL,RAILWHEEL,STW,RW-1013
2		1	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)
3		1	500104	BEARING RACE OUTER, RW-1013 (TIMKEN 15243)

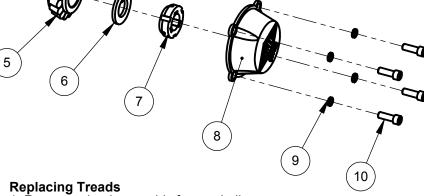






ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500050	DETAIL,RAILWHEEL,RTW,1013
2	1	500144	TREAD, RUBBER,RW-1013
3	1	500100	BEARING RACE,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 25520)
4	1	500104	BEARING RACE OUTER,RW-1013 (TIMKEN 15243)

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	500050	DETAIL,RAILWHEEL,RTW,1013
2	1	500118	DETAIL,SPINDLE,RW-1013
3	1	500108	SEAL, RW-1013, N412920/CR22532
4	1	500102	BEARING CONE (TIMKEN 25590)
5	1	500106	BEARING CONE, RW-1013 OUTER (TIMKEN 15106)
6	1	500110	WASHER,TONGUE,K-19504, HARDENED
7	1	500119	nut,spindle,locking, nsh-04
8	1	500132	HUBCAP,CAST,RW-1013
9	4	LW 0.25	
10	4	SHCS 0.25-20x0.75	



1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

2. Prepare the out board face of the rubber tread for drilling by grinding a flat on both rubber and metal band. Grind to a depth that will remove the chamfer on the band (approximately 3/16"). The width of the flat should be 3/8" minimum. Take care to prevent damage to wheel. If no chamfer is present, skip to step 3.

Center punch the prepared flat at the center of the metal band. Drill the band full depth using 9/32" drill.
 Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin.
 Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel

surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

Alternate Procedure using Mill: (added 5/29/03)

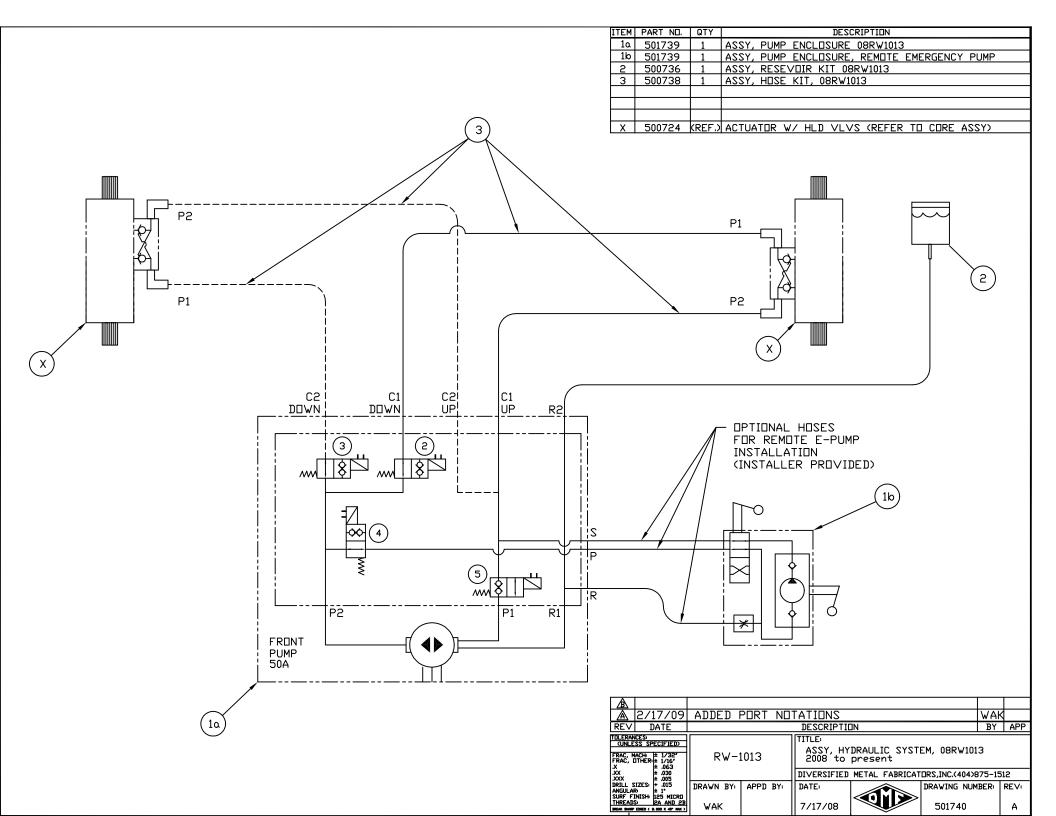
1. Remove wheel assembly from spindle.

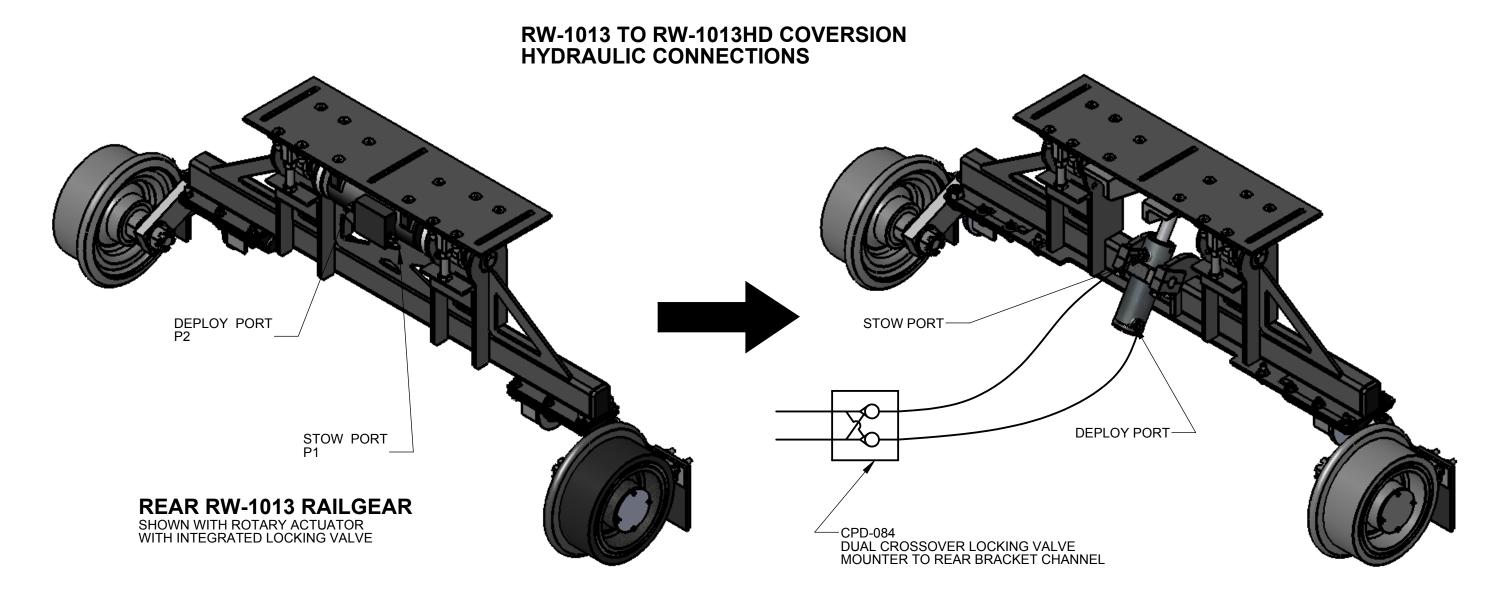
2. Using an end mill, side cut through the rubber and steel band.

3. Remove the tread assembly by splitting the band with a drift pin if

4. Replacing the new tread will require a press. Clean tread & wheel surface. Support wheel on inside surface of flange. Do not support by hub. All press surfaces must be parallel. Press the tread flush to flange.

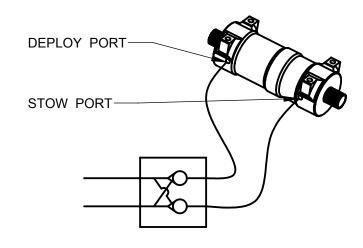
B								
$\triangle$	-	-					-	
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION					
TOLERANCES:  (UNLESS SPECIFIED)  FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32"  FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16"  X ± 0.63  XX ± 0.03  XXX ± 0.005		RW-	1013	ASSY,RAILWHEEL,RW-1013,RTW & 2000 THRU 2007  DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS,INC. (404)875-1512		& STW		
DRILL SIZES ANGULAR SURF FINIS THREADS:	± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	7/23/08		500160/500		REV: #





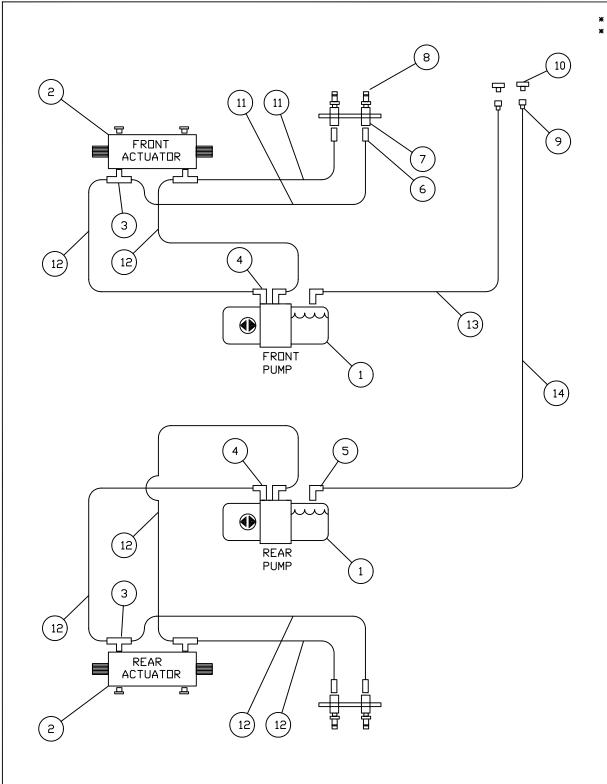
# **REAR RW-1013HD RAILGEAR**

Ø2" CYLINDER AMD EXTERNAL LOCKING VALVE



ROTARY ACTUATOR
W/ EXTERNAL LOCKING VALVES

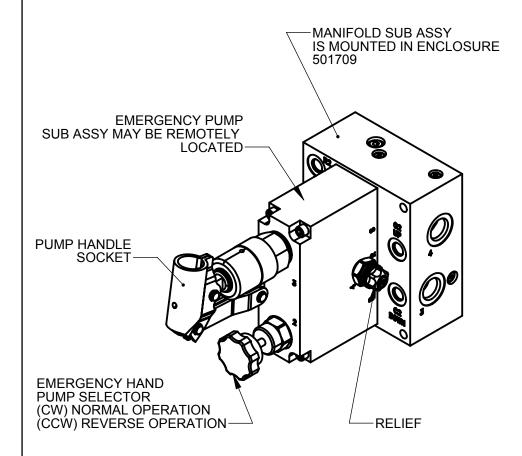
RW-1013 TO RW-1013HD COVERSION HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS RW-1013HD CONVERSION 513081HYD



ITEM	PART ND.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1		_	PUMP, 108AM32-BL-1HT REFER TO PUMP ASSY
2			ACTUATOR, HK10KSFT180DA REFER TO CORE ASSY
3	-	(REF.)	FITTING, 6803-4-4-4, REFER CORE ASSY
4	-	(REF.)	FITTING, 6801-NWO-4-4, REFER TO PUMP ASSY
5	_	(REF.)	FITTING, 2504-4-4, REFER TO PUMP ASSY
6	500616	4	FITTING, 2404-4-4
7	500616	4	FITTING, W21204
8	500616	4	FITTING, PDP-242 NIPPLE
9	500616	2	FITTING, 5405-4-6
10	500616	2	BREATHER, MONARCH 03171
11	500742	2	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 2'-4"
12	500743	6	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 3'-2"
13	500741	1	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 7'-10"
14	500740	1	HDSE ASSY, #4 FEM JIC X 1/4" X 18'-0"
15	500745	1	PUMP, EMERG ASSY, HP61-DA50 (NDT SHDWN)

NOTE: FOR ELECTRICAL DETAILS REFER TO SCHEMATICS 500754A/B OR 500755A/B

<u> </u>							
<u>A</u>  -	_					-	
REV DATE		DESCRIPTION					APP
TOLERANCES:  (UNLESS SPECIFIED)  FRAC, MACH ± 1/32' FRAC, DIHER! ± 1/16' .X ± .063 .XX ± .030 .XXX ± .030	RW-1	1013	TITLE: HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC, 2-PUMP 2002-2008  DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS,INC.(404)8			375-15	12
DRILL SIZES: + .015 ANGULAR: ± 1*	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE	4	DRAWING NUM	IBER:	REV□
SURF FINISH 125 MICRU THREADS 2A AND 2B	WAK		02/03/02		500701		#



501737 RW-1013 MANIFOLD & EMERGENCY PUMP ASSY

#### **EMERGENCY HAND PUMP OPERATION**

#### TO RAISE GEAR

- 1. TURN OFF RAILGEAR SYSTEM AT CAB POWER SWITCH
- LOCATE HAND PUMP

#### MAY BE MOUNTED:

- IN CROSS BODY TOOL BOX
- IN SERVICE BODY CABINETS
- REMOTELY MOUNTED ON OR BEHIND BUMPER
- 3. DO NOT INSERT HANDLE INTO SOCKET UNTIL STEP 7
  HANDLE MAY MOVE DURING STEP 6
- 4. TURN SELECTOR FULLY CLOCKWISE (CW)
- 5. OPEN RELIEF (CCW) TO EQUALIZE CIRCUÍT
- 6. CLOSE RELIEF (CW)
- INSERT HANDLÈ
- B. PUMP HANDLE (PUMPS ON UP AND DOWN STROKE)

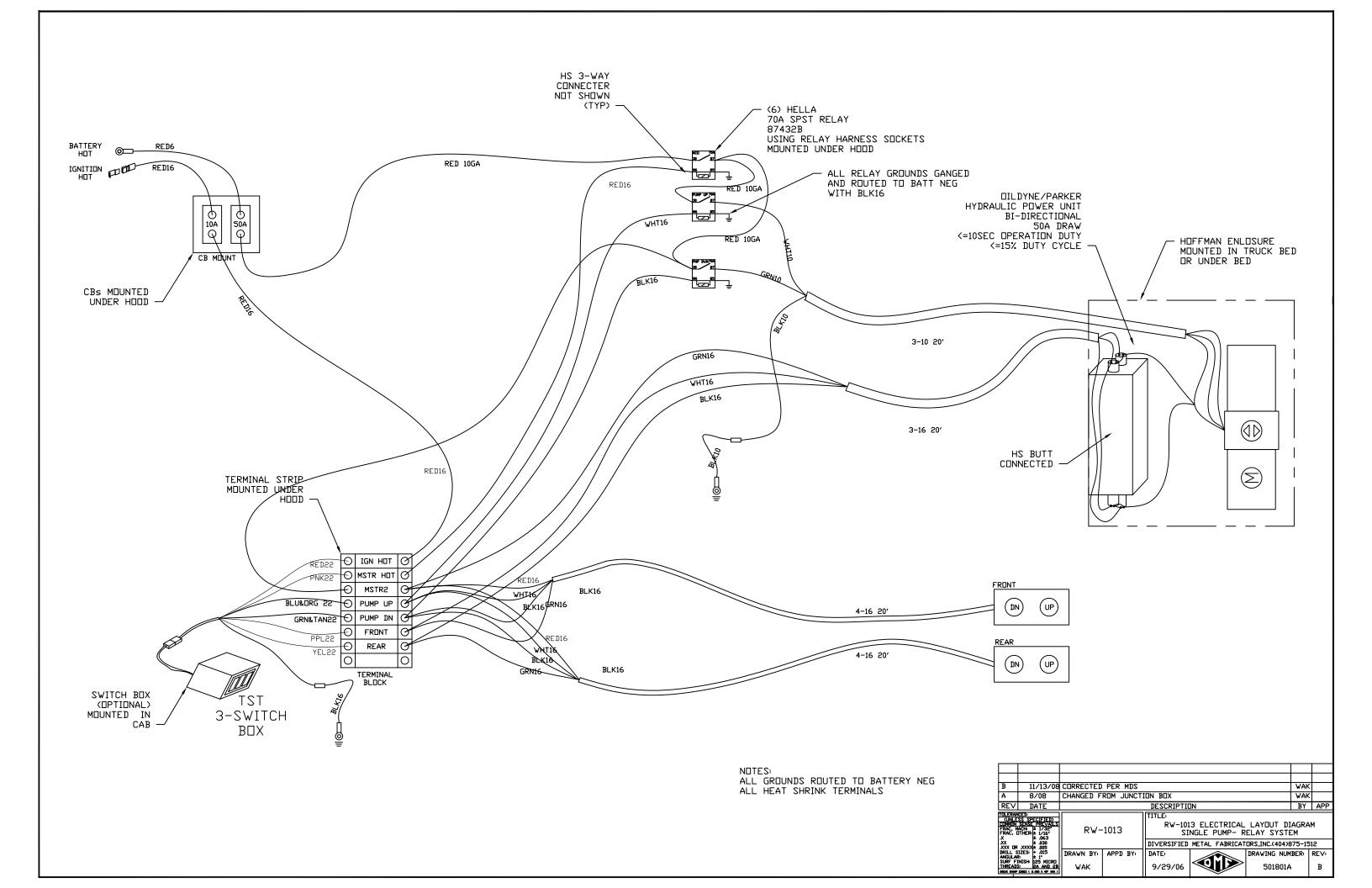
# FRONT AND REAR RAILGEAR MAY NOT MOVE TOGETHER, PUMP UNTIL BOTH UNITS ARE STOWED

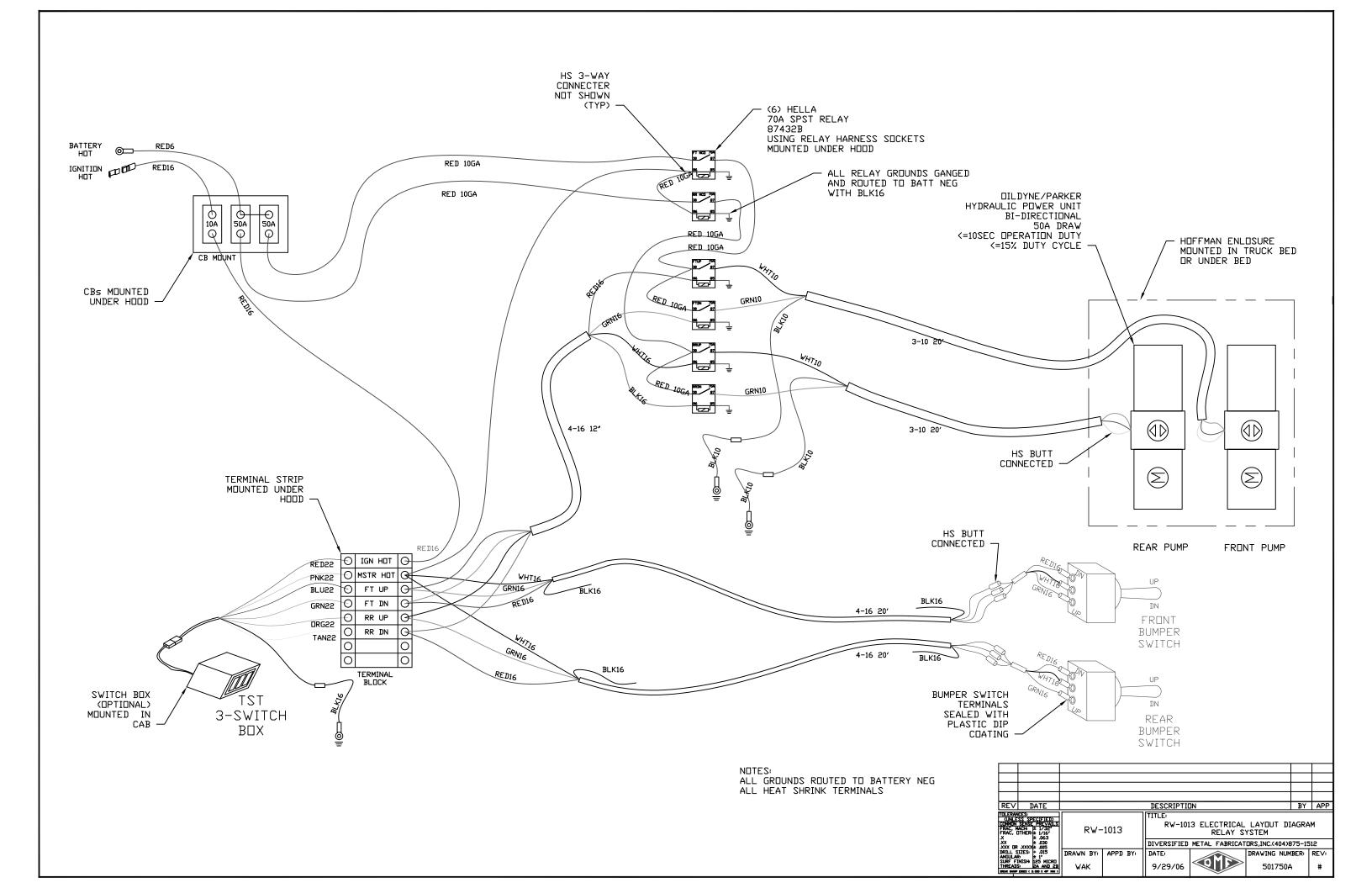
- 9. WHEN RAIL GEAR IS RAISED COMPLETELY RESTRAIN WITH CHAINS OR CARGO STRAPS TO MOVE ON HIGHWAY
- TAKE VEHICLE IN FOR SERVICE

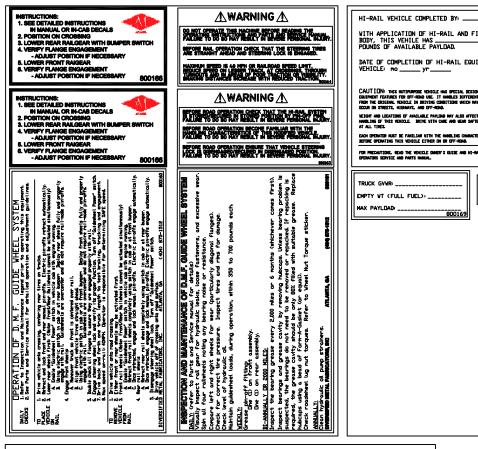
#### NOTE:

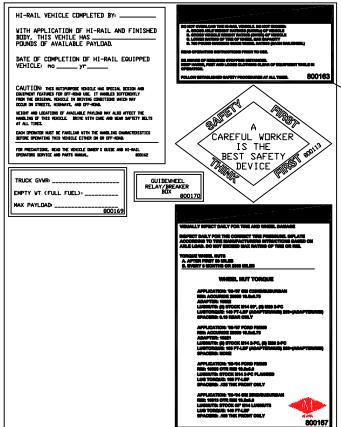
HAND PUMP IS INTENDED ONLY TO ALLOW A MALFUNCTIONING VEHICLE TO BE REMOVED FROM THE RAIL. PLEASE TAKE VEHICLE IN FOR SERVICE IF HAND PUMP OPERATION IS REQUIRED.

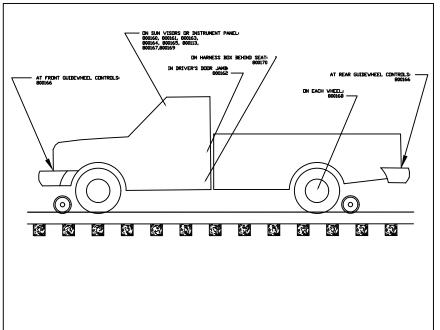
B								
$\triangle$	-	-					-	
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION					APP
FRAC, MACH FRAC, OTHER .X .XX	± 1/32* ± 1/16" ± .063 ± .030	RW-1013		EMERGENCY HAND PUMP INSTRUCTIO 2008 to present  DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404)875-1512			CTION	IS
.XXX DRILL SIZES: ANGULAR: SURF FINISH: THREADS:	± .005 + .015 ± 1° 125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE: 9/04/08		DRAWING NUMBI 501737	ER:	REV:











800192

RW-1013 DECALS

# **DMF Limited Warranty Policy**

#### RW-1013 Railgear

**Diversified Metal Fabricators (DMF)** products are designed to provide the utmost service and reliability. Competent workmen, guided by stringent quality standards, manufacture the products from high-grade material. **DMF** warrants products of its manufacturer to be free of defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for a period of **TWO CALENDAR YEARS**. **DMF's obligation** under this warranty is limited to repairing or replacing at its factory, or other location designated by us, any part or parts there-of which shall, within 30 DAYS of the date of failure or notice of defect, be returned, and which upon examination shall appear to **DMF's** satisfaction to have been defective. Such repair or replacement does not include the cost of installing the new part or any other expenses incident thereto; however, the outbound direct ground freight on the part will be prepaid to locations within the continental United States and Canada. **DMF** shall not be liable for other loss, damage, or expense directly or indirectly arising from the use of its products.

Ordinary wear and tear, abuse, misuse, neglect, or alteration is not covered by this warranty. **DMF** assumes no liability for expenses or repairs made outside its factory except by written consent. Warranty is null and void if instructions and operating procedures specifically referring to warranty coverage are not followed.

Equipment or parts not manufactured by this company, but which are furnished in connection with **DMF** products are covered directly and solely by the warranty of the manufacturer supplying them.

This warranty is in lieu of other warranties, expressed or implied, including any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose and any liability for special or consequential damages.



Diversified Metal Fabricators, Inc. 665 Pylant St. Atlanta, Georgia 30306 (404) 875-1512 (404) 875-4835 fax info@dmfatlanta.com www.dmfatlanta.com